THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AN INTERNATIONAL DAILY NEWSPAPER

COPYRIGHT 1931 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Sixteen Pages

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1931—VOL. XXIII, NO. 183

ATLANTIC EDITION

FIVE CENTS A COPY

DRY SUPPORT FAVORED BY EDUCATORS

National Group's Committee Prepares Clause Despite Opposition

PARLEY IS EXPECTED TO BACK RESOLUTION

Educational Program, Including Financial Issue, Ready for Consideration

By MARJORIE SHULER

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LOS ANGELES, July 1—A resolution reaffirming the stand of the National Education Association in favor of the Eighteenth Amendment and of the laws enacted thereunder has been prepared by the resolutions committee and will be introduced at the sixty-ninth annual convention of the association here Friday.

For several days rumors have been current in the convention that opponents of prohibition would succeed in preventing a resolution on this topic but the committee stood firm for including it among its recommendations, which is regarded as tantamount to adoption by the convention.

The resolution urges for the laws enacted under the Eighteenth Amendment, "vigorous and impartial enforcement, and pledges its support to an active educational campaign in the schools on behalf of habits of living for which the amendment stands."

The general resolutions are in the form of a comprehensive program on education, including a plea for adequate financial support for the schools, and opposition to "ill-considered budget cuts, reductions in teachers' salaries or other short-sighted policies, advocated because of the present economic depression."

Curricula should take into account the aptitudes, attitudes and abilities of individuals with opportunities for training and growth in cultural and vocational subjects, it is stated. Health education, character education, law observance, special education, rural, adult and vocational education, and education by radio are recommended, together with legislation "which will safeguard for the uses of education and government a reasonable share of the radio broadcasting channels of the United States."

Higher Standards Urged

With respect to the teachers themselves, the resolutions recommend higher standards for beginning teachers, adequate teacher-training opportunities, retirement systems, adequate salaries, and tenure of service.

Under federal relations the association is asked to indorse a federal department of education and qualifications for citizenship based on ability to read and write English understandingly, and a general knowledge of the history and theories of the United States Government.

International relations are recognized in declarations favoring the teaching of the Pact of Paris in the schools, United States adherence to the World Court under the terms of the protocols now awaiting action by the United States Senate. The work of the World Federation of Education Associations, the exchange of students and professors, the formation of an international education association, and the holding of international education conferences.

"The most serious danger confronting the school is the type of commercialized amusement to which children are exposed out of school hours," declared Edwin C. Broome of Philadelphia, speaking today.

Mr. Broome is president of the department of superintendency, a section of the association which in size

(Continued on Page 12, Column 3)

Court Rules County Programs Off Air

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., July 1—Appropriations by counties or cities to a radio station for the purpose of advertising their advantages have been declared illegal in an opinion announced last week by the Alabama Supreme Court.

The ruling was issued in connection with a Mobile radio station which has been receiving $500 a month from the county in return for the sponsoring of a program each week. It also affects a Montgomery station which is partly supported by the city.

It also became known during the week that negotiations are under way to lease the college and state owned radio station WAPI in Birmingham to private interests. The station is owned jointly by the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, the University of Alabama and the Alabama College at Montevallo. The state contributes to its support and a market news to farmers is broadcast over it by the Department of Commerce.

However, the station has been found to be a financial burden on both the colleges and the state since their incomes have been cut down by a drop in tax returns.

THE MONITOR INDEX

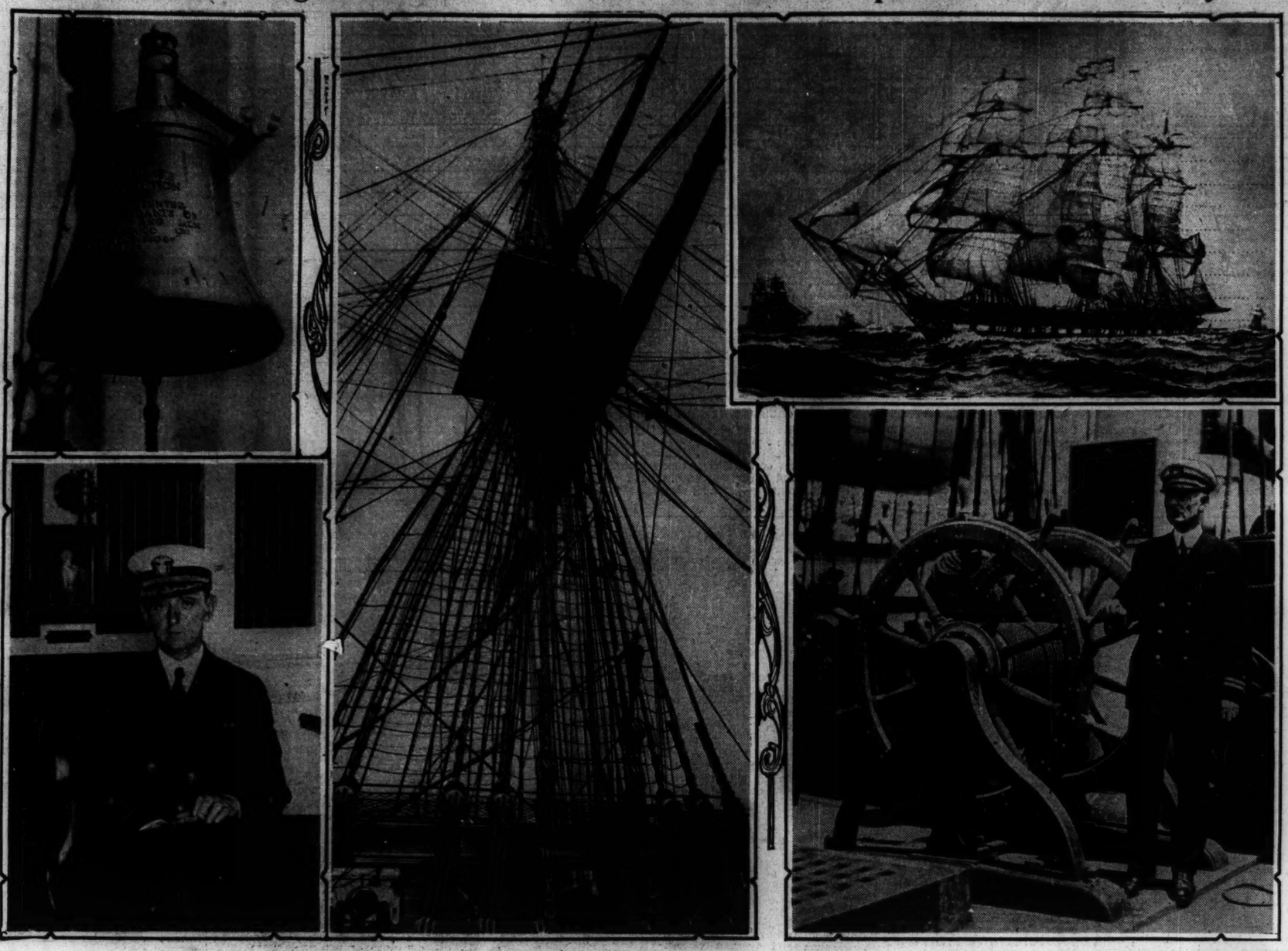
WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1931

General News—Pages 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 12
News of Sports—Page 6
Financial News—Pages 10 and 11

FEATURES

Fashions and Dressmaking 8
The Home Forum 9
God's Great Household [With Swedish Translation] 12
Radio Programs 12
News of Freemasonry 12
Daily Features 12
Editorials 14

'Old Ironsides' Again Turns Prow to Seas Where She Stamped Her Name in History



THE U. S. FRIGATE CONSTITUTION ONCE MORE IN COMMISSION

Upper Left—The Bell That Marks the Watch. Lower Left—Commander Louis J. Gulliver, Captain of the Constitution, in the Commodore's Cabin of the Old Frigate. Center—"Let Go Main Starboard t'Gallant Clewlin'!" The Mainmast Looking Aloft. Upper Right—The Constitution in a Leading Breeze (Lithograph by J. C. Wales, Courtesy of Goodspeed's Bookshop). Lower Right—Lieut. John Abel Lord, U. S. N., Rebuilder of the Ship, at the Wheel of the Constitution.

Russian Alphabet May Lose Four Letters

By The Associated Press

Moscow, July 1

FURTHER simplification of the Russian alphabet is recommended by the congress of academicians, who suggest abolishing four letters, adding one new one and dropping the apostrophe symbol.

Before the revolution the Russian alphabet consisted of 36 letters, of which five have been dropped. The new letter would be another "j" pronounced like the English "y."

British Stocks Begin to Find Real Strength

The following account of financial conditions in London shows that the British financial structure, beginning to realize that it has withstood two years of shocks with extraordinary success, is regaining its courage and looking ahead with renewed optimism. This article forms part of the Financial Capitals feature which The Christian Science Monitor is printing every Wednesday.

By HARTLEY WITHERS

Former Director of Financial Inquiries in the British Treasury

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON—If stock market movements can be taken as a trustworthy barometer, opinion in London, in spite of many adverse influences, is beginning to have more confidence in the business outlook.

To a certain extent, the recovery in security prices that has happened since the beginning of June is due to the technical condition of markets, which were evidently oversold, as shown by the nominal rates that were charged when the open account had to be arranged before the settlement. In some cases the bears even had to pay "backwardations" for the privilege of continuing their commitments. But this explanation does not take us very far, for operators on the short side would not have been hustled into closing their commitments, unless their confidence in the continuation of the decline had been shaken by other influences.

Shrewd observers, in close touch with city opinion, tell me that the financial world is beginning to recover its nerve, recognising that the shocks of the last two years have been stood with extraordinary success, without any suspicion of weakened credit being attached to any important institution here; and that if experience abroad has been less fortunate, such weakness as has been shown has

(Continued on Page 11, Column 7)

CONSTITUTION COMMISSIONED BY U. S. NAVY

Famous Old Frigate Restored to Proud Place With Ceremonies

By HARLAN TROTT

Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

"Stand by to cast off fore and aft!" The Constitution is ready to shove off once more.

With all the pomp and circumstance befitting so grand a relic of the nation's claim to freedom on the seas, the rebuilt frigate was officially placed in commission today.

Flags fluttered from lofty mastheads. Beneath them flew the broad pennants of men in high command. Great guns crashed out salvos of salutes to the gallant man-o'-war, and the ranking officers of Navy and State assembled at the Boston Navy Yard for the commissioning ceremonies.

On board the Constitution a century seemed to have fallen from the calendar. The old-style, full-dress uniform frock coats of the officers stood out in neat rows along the spar deck of the frigate. Gilt trimmings shimmered and gleamed on cocked hats and epaulets. Occasionally a sword rattled in its scabbard somewhere along the files as Rear Admiral Louis M. Nulton, commandant of the First Naval District, read the official orders

(Continued on Page 12, Column 1)

Missionaries Find Stone Age Culture Existing Today on Equatorial Island

Special from The Christian Science Monitor Bureau

MELBOURNE, Vic.—A survival of the Stone Age in the midst of the twentieth century was reported by Capt. G. McLaren on his return from a missionary voyage to the tiny island of Nusi, near the equator and far from the usual shipping lanes.

It has been at least a generation since any white man has landed on the island and the inhabitants have apparently been untouched by contact with any other native or white culture in their part of the ocean, Captain McLaren reported.

The civilization on the island appeared to be centuries out of date. The inhabitants, he said, seemed to be a survival of the Stone Age—primitive, simple and childlike. Although they appeared to be Polynesian, their language could not be understood by the Solomon Islanders, Fijians, or New Guinea natives who were among the crew of the "Vellomani."

When the ship approached the island beach, the Nusi natives made a warlike demonstration, setting out in big canoes and brandishing spears. Parley was impossible, because of the language difficulty.

The visitors, however, were permitted to land safely, and Captain McLaren ordered his "boys" to sit down on the sand and sing—an action generally accepted among island natives as an indication of friendship. To his relief, music once again proved that it could soothe savage breasts, and the hostile spears were laid aside.

Guided by the islanders, the visitors made their way to the chief village—a collection of huts constructed of wood with the aid of stone axes. Iron or steel implements or weapons are unknown in this little remnant of the World That Was.

After an exchange of gifts, the missionary party made a peaceful departure. Captain McLaren intends to make an early return visit.

New York Eager to See Fliers Ending Round-World Flight

Mrs. Wiley Post Not Sure She Would Care to Have Husband Repeat Performance—Backer of Project Elated—City Prepares Reception

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

ROOSEVELT FIELD, N. Y., July 1—Elaborate preparations are being carried out to welcome Wiley Post and Harold Gatty on their scheduled arrival here tonight on the completion of their 15,000-mile globe-circling flight.

When the fliers, who will have girdled the world in a shorter time than ever has been done, bring their white monoplane, the Winnie Mae, to earth here, microphones will be ready to transmit their greetings to every part of the nation. Sixteen extra telegraph wires have been installed in the hangars to carry the last chapter of their thrilling story to newspapers in every state.

Nassau and Queens Counties will hold the stage for the first greetings to the world fliers, while the Mayor's committee on reception to distinguished guests will wait at the border line with motorcycle men who will conduct them to their hotel in the city.

New York City is arranging extensive plans for the welcome here tomorrow, which will include a trip down the river in the city tug Macom to Pier A at the Battery, where custom decrees that all official welcoming ceremonies must begin. Salutes by fireboats in the harbor, the traditional parade up Broadway and reception by the Mayor and his staff at City Hall will be included in the ceremonies.

Among those persons who will be most interested when Post and Gatty alight will be F. C. Hall, financial backer of the flight, and Mrs. Wiley Post, who arrived here yesterday to welcome her husband. In a short interview with the press, Mrs. Post declared she had always been confident the flight would be successful.

"Well, I wouldn't exactly want him to do it again," she said, "but if he

(Continued on Page 12, Column 4)

New Tariff Board Is Agreed To By Canadian House

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, July 1—The bill establishing a tariff board was passed yesterday, after the Prime Minister, R. B. Bennett, had made a detailed defense of its terms.

He promised that the Province of Quebec would be represented on the board and also the agrarian West, while the chairman would be a man selected for his ability in weighing and sifting evidence and in arriving at conclusions determined by the facts adduced. He stressed the point that the board would not determine what tariffs should apply but rather determine the relative costs of production in Canada and in competing countries so as "to give equality of opportunity to those engaged in production in this country."

Soviet Pulpwood Cargo Is Admitted

WASHINGTON, July 1 (AP)—A cargo of Russian pulpwood brought to New York by the steamship Minnequa and held up on charges that it was produced by convicts was ordered admitted to the United States today by Seymour Lowman, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, who held no evidence of convict labor had been shown.

Mr. Lowman said it had been clearly shown that the lumber was not from the "infected area" from which importations are barred under the tariff act.

The cargo was purchased by the International Paper Company. It was from the Ural district and had been temporarily denied entry on objections of the American Federation of Labor, the National Lumber Manufacturers and others.

MARKED RISE IN NEW ENGLAND BUSINESS FOUND

Two Federal Studies From Different Standpoints Show Improvement

Industrial and business conditions in New England show marked improvements, according to two federal studies which survey the situation from widely separate standpoints.

Results of a survey of 26 localities, including Massachusetts, gathered by the district offices of the Department of Commerce, were announced yesterday by the President's Emergency Committee for Employment. At the same time, the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston reported a higher level of industrial activity in May than in any other month of this year except April.

A report of the First National Bank of Boston, according to the Department of Commerce survey, states that there has been steady improvement in New England business since the first of this year, shown especially in the boot and shoe and woolen industries. This survey also reports from the retail board of the Boston Chamber of Commerce that although retail business was slightly off due to rainy weather last week, merchants are encouraged because the number of transactions is above that of last year.

The Monthly Review of the Federal Reserve Bank of Boston, in its survey, also notes improvement in the boot and shoe industry. These gains, however, it states, were counterbalanced by further declines in building and car loadings.

The textile activity, according to the Review, was of mixed character, cotton and silk consumption showing a decline while wool consumption had increased considerably.

New building contracts awarded in this district continued to remain at low levels during May, the small volume of building seeming to emphasize the relation of supply to demand, despite low money rates.

The bank's Review spoke of a reduction of 1.9 per cent in the number of wage earners employed as reported by the Massachusetts Department of Labor and Industries, and a decrease of 3.1 per cent in the aggregate weekly earnings for each person employed.

Sales in New England retail stores were considerably less, and at the end of May, the total outstanding accounts in Boston stores were 12.9 per cent smaller than a year ago. In this district, the number of commercial failures in May was 6.7 per cent less than in May, 1930, and total liabilities were 34.7 per cent less.

Austria and Hungary Sign Trade Treaty

By The Associated Press

Vienna, July 1

AUSTRIA and Hungary yesterday signed a one-year commercial treaty establishing a common tariff council to regulate the volume of goods exchanged according to the needs of both countries.

The council will credit duties collected by each country and periodically will divide the amount. The treaty is effective July 15, except that part which affects wheat and flour consignments. That is operative today.

Socialist Split Cuts Power Of Spanish Regime

By SISLEY HUDDLESTON

Staff Correspondent

By Cable to The Christian Science Monitor

MADRID, July 1—The Government, having emerged triumphantly from the elections, is now in danger of breaking up.

The most important instance of the hostility of its members to each other, and the shattering of the Republican-Socialist coalition, is the declaration of Indalecio Prieto, Socialist Finance Minister, that under no circumstances will he and his party support or even look with favor upon a Radical Republican Government, presided over by Alejandro Lerroux.

Since Señor Lerroux is unquestionably chief of the Radical Republicans, and personally obtained an extraordinary triumph in Madrid where 130,000 votes out of 157,000 were cast for them, the Socialist veto pronounced against the prospective Prime Minister exploded like a bombshell in political circles. Almost at the same moment the Provisional President, Niceto Alcala Zamora, was expressing his opinion that the Radical Republicans constituted the axis of the new Cortes.

It is difficult for Señor Lerroux to reply to such attacks without openly appearing as a candidate for the Premiership. Señor Prieto has already caused considerable commotion abroad by references to the possibility of Spain quitting Morocco. Now he has caused an equal commotion at home.

The reason for this opposition to Señor Lerroux is that he is accepted as an outstanding politician of the revolution and moreover is considered a moderate. All of those who are afraid lest the revolution run too far, have agreed upon Señor Lerroux as their ally, yet he is an old Republican with 40 years' service, and cannot be suspected of wishing to thwart reasonable developments of a Republican regime. He stands for social order and national duty.

VITAL ISSUES DELAY DEBT MORATORIUM

Critical Stage Reached in Adjustment of Franco-American Views

BELGIUM ACCEPTS HOOVER PROPOSAL

Italy Takes Full Action by Suspending Payments Due From Debtors

While Franco-American negotiations on the Hoover war-debt proposal are admittedly at a critical stage, developments in Europe are bringing pressure upon the Paris Government to modify its stand.

The Belgian reply to the American note welcomes the project in cordial terms, and Italy has already suspended payments due it under the Young plan.

The French Senate has backed the Cabinet's policy for essential changes in the proposal by a vote of 197 to 5. This indicates that the French will vigorously oppose new concessions to the United States or to Germany.

The Franco-American negotiations at Paris were adjourned without agreement today, but will be resumed tomorrow.

By ROBERT S. ALLEN

Staff Correspondent

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 1—Three difficult problems faced the United States and France as they resumed their effort today to evolve an acceptable compromise on the President's debt suspension plan, it was stated on high authority here.

These vital differences, which have so far withstood a week of earnest negotiation, do not present an insoluble situation by any means, it was emphasized. The status of the parleys is serious, but not discouraging, is the view taken in high administration quarters.

The way is open both on the part of the United States and France for concessions, it was declared. But such compromises as far as this Government is concerned, it was pointed out, can only be such as do not violate the full intent of the President's original project, suspension of war debt and reparations payments for one year.

Unless France is prepared to accept the full measure of this plan there can be no accommodations to its demands. So determinedly is this view held here, by the President and his advisers, that it was admitted that thought had been given to possible means of realizing the President's proposal without French participation.

Vital Factors Invoked

Such an endeavor would necessarily encounter many difficulties, political as well as economic. But it is entirely a possibility if an agreement with France cannot be effected, it was stated.

With all other important European countries accepting the President's proposition, it is believed here that if the necessity arises a way could be found to proceed without France, should an accord with Paris fail consummation.

Such a step would be a last measure move. But the Hoover Administration is determined to bring about the full intent of the President's project, it was made clear.

The elucidation of the points of conflict in the negotiations was made available here following the publication from French quarters of data that threw a friendly light on the French position. The Administration here held that this information did not represent the whole picture and gave its point of view.

Repayment of Annuities

The three issues involved as seen here are as follows:

The French demand that the German Government repay within five years the 500,000,000 Reichmarks, about $125,000,000, in unconditional annuities that France insists that Germany pay into the Bank for International Settlements and which the United States Government insists should in that event be immediately reloaned to Germany. The United States is opposed to the five-year period and made a counterproposal of 25 years.

The French demand that after payment into the International Bank of the 500,000,000 Reichmarks a portion of this fund be available to other central European nations. The President opposes this.

France demands that the so-called guarantee fund required of it under the Young plan, due to the fact that it gets most of the unconditional annuities, will not be required of it should Germany declare a moratorium at any time before Berlin pays off this year's unconditional annuities. To this demand the United States replies that this is a matter between the signatories of the Young plan and is outside of the province of this Government.

Ground for Compromise

As regards the first issue, the Government here makes it clear that it does not consider its 25-year stand as beyond compromise. President Hoover is willing to modify this figure, but he refuses to accept the French demand of five years as insufficient.

It is held here that this is unacceptable, for the reason that it would not help as much as the President's plan was intended to aid, and also because it is claimed that in order to satisfy the American people the United States Government would have to ask its debtors to make the same arrangements with their debt payments to it. Such a situation would

not be of much aid to France, Italy, Great Britain and other American debtors, it is asserted.

To these objections France replied with an offer to consider other five-year extensions, after the expiration of the first period, provided that at the end of the first five years the Young plan was in full force.

This suggestion was emphatically rejected by this Government, first because it presented difficult problems in putting into effect, and secondly because it opened the way for France to claim a revision of the Young plan, which might very easily occur. The whole proposal was considered by the President as distinctly out of the intent of his plan.

As for using for other central European countries the 500,000,000 Reichmarks of unconditional annuities that Germany would pay into the International Bank, the President holds this would be neither fair nor helpful to Germany. The United States Government maintains that no part of German payments should go to other nations.

Should the President's project work hardship on any of them, this country stands ready to coöperate with France, England and Italy to assist them. It has done so repeatedly in the past and would act the more readily so do under such circumstances.

Another French demand unacceptable to the United States is that if at any time during the Hoover debt holiday Germany should declare a moratorium, France should not be required to make good the guarantee sum of 500,000,000 Reichmarks, which, under the Young plan, must be paid by it into the International Bank in such an event. The purpose of this guarantee sum was to insure that France would distribute among the smaller nations allied to it the nonpostponable annuities to which they were entitled. It is held in Washington that this reservation takes in an arrangement to which the United States is not a party.

The United States gets nothing out of the unconditional annuities. That is a matter for France, Great Britain, Italy and the other participants to adjudicate.

This is a point, however, it is declared here, upon which the French are laying greatest emphasis. The United States Government maintains it cannot undertake to work up an agreement on a question that does not concern it but does affect other countries.

Time of Refunding

As regards the strictly Franco-American differences, the question of the length of time Germany should have to refund the suspended annuities is the major issue. The United States Government does not insist obdurately for its 25-year, but it does reject France's five-year proposal as wholly out of the intent of the President's plan.

As to the reason for France's insistence upon such a short period, the view here is that this is due to domestic French politics and the uncertain situation in the French Chamber of Deputies.

It was conceded here that the successful negotiation of the President's plan would most likely result in a reconsideration of the entire war debt and reparations question. It was emphasized that the United States Government was not proposing or indorsing such an eventuality, but it was prepared for it and considered its submission a strong likelihood.

While the French situation was presenting its grave complexities official word was received from Belgium expressing most cordial acceptance of the President's project, and Italy sent a communication announcing that it was responding to the President's proposal fully and suspending all payments due it today under the Young plan.

These heartening advices are greatly encouraging the Administration and it is renewing its efforts to bring about a general agreement.

Text of Belgian Note

The Belgian note follows:

The Belgian Government has received with pleasure the proposal of the President of the United States as an act of high significance. It regards it as inaugurating a great enterprise of international solidarity which tends toward the restoration of world economy and the bare prospect of which has already revived a feeling of hope and confidence on every hand. The present serious difficulties cannot indeed be overcome unless the peoples of the world recognize their common interests, put aside all causes of disquiet and discord, unite their efforts and tolerate a broad spirit of coöperation and mutual assistance.

The Belgian nation sincerely hopes for the success of the American initiative. It is unanimous, however, in recalling that Belgium has an imprescriptible right to reparation for the damage which it has unjustly suffered. This right has been sanctioned in solemn declarations of the governments as well as in the agreements which have been entered into by them. This right has never been contested, and as a result Belgium has, in the reparations war debt settlements, been granted special treatment which there is no reason to abrogate.

Under these circumstances it would manifestly be inadmissible that the proposed mutual assistance should impose on Belgium unduly onerous conditions and should expose it to serious financial difficulties. With these considerations in mind, the Belgian Government adheres very sincerely to the principle of the proposal, convinced that the President of the United States will recognize the necessity of settling the details in such a way as to adapt the proposed plan to the legitimate special situation and rights of Belgium.

Reply by Washington

William R. Castle Jr., the Acting Secretary of State, in his reply, said:

I hasten to acknowledge with deep appreciation your communication of today's date, in which you advise this Government that the Belgian Government has welcomed the President's proposal, and that the Belgian Government true to the spirit of coöperation which has always existed between the two countries, is ready to go forward with the President in this effort to promote harmony and reëstablish confidence, and to forward the return of the world to economic stability.

The American Government is much gratified to have this evidence of Belgium's acceptance of the President's proposal in the spirit in which it was made.

Vote of French Senate Indicates Firm Stand Against New Concessions

By REX MILLER

Staff Correspondent

By Cable from Monitor Bureau

PARIS, July 1—The conference held today between the American emissaries and French Ministers on the American proposal for a debt moratorium concluded without arriving at an agreement and will be resumed tomorrow morning.

According to an official communiqué, the American negotiators, Andrew W. Mellon, Secretary of the Treasury, and Walter E. Edge, Ambassador at Paris, communicated a document making clear the position of the American Government, and this will be studied by the French Ministers at tomorrow's meeting of the Cabinet.

It is felt here that if President Hoover does not wish to bring pressure on Germany to accept the alterations in his original proposal demanded by France, American bankers who have large sums invested in the Reich might find it to their interest to urge the German Government to adopt a more conciliatory attitude.

The result of the Senate vote approving the French Government's position is simply to confirm what was abundantly clear from the vote in the Chamber of Deputies last Saturday, namely that the country is behind the Laval Cabinet in the stand it has taken, but will not consider any further sacrifice of its rights and privileges under the Young plan.

106 Abstain From Voting

The Senate ballot was 197 to 5 in support of the Government. A total of 106 Senators, chiefly belonging to the Radical Party, abstained from voting. They did not wish, like their copartisans in the Chamber of Deputies, to vote against the Government for political reasons, but wished by abstaining to indicate they would not tolerate any further concessions. Socialist Senators, like Socialist Deputies, voted for the Hoover plan with French amendments.

The Prime Minister, Pierre Laval, intervening in the Senate debate, expressed himself in favor of "complete and frank conversations" between the French and German Governments, and declared that these conversations would soon take place and that he had confidence they would lead to successful conclusion.

More and more it is being felt in France that direct negotiations with Germany are essential to any real progress on the debt and reparations question. Germany is criticized for holding aloof in the hope that the United States will fight the Reich's battles, but there is hope that British influence and pressure from American financiers may oblige Germany to come to terms.

France's Isolation Shown

M. Laval's announcement to the Senate that the United States Government had informed him that all countries but France had adhered to the Hoover proposition, along with the announcement in the newspapers that Italy has actually put the moratorium into effect today, have indicated the extent to which France holds an isolated position.

The Prime Minister declared the "situation is delicate—more delicate than it has ever been since the World War." He assured the Senate that, although publication of the Hoover offer had been brusque, there had never been any intention of making France the victim of a sudden maneuver.

Severe criticism of Aristide Briand and the inefficiency of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs was the feature of a speech by Henry de Jouvenel, and M. Briand's extraordinary silence when great questions of foreign policy are being publicly discussed, is widely commented upon. Reports of important changes in the Foreign Office staff and in ambassadorial posts abroad are gaining increased circulation.

The general impression here was that, although the complexity of the questions under consideration might cause some delay, possibly until the arrival of the American Secretary of State, Henry L. Stimson, about the middle of the month, there was no reason to despair of final agreement being reached.

Italian Circles Pleased Over Visit of Germans To Discuss Problems

By Radio to The Christian Science Monitor

ROME, June 30—Official announcement of the visit of the German Chancellor and Foreign Minister to Italy caused an excellent impression, it being emphasized that the meeting between Italian and German statesmen will have equal importance to that which has already taken place in London and to the one which will take place shortly in Paris.

Although the suggestion for the Italo-German meeting came from Berlin, it was nevertheless readily welcomed by Benito Mussolini, the Premier, who hastened to issue a formal invitation to Dr. Heinrich Bruening and Dr. Julius Curtius. It is expected that the visit to Rome of the German statesmen will follow their meeting with the French Premier, Pierre Laval, and Aristide Briand, Foreign Minister, and will in all probability be made toward the end of July or early in August.

While President Hoover's proposal, with all its implications, will be fully examined at Rome by the Italian and German ministers, it is stated in authoritative Italian circles that other equally interesting problems will be reviewed.

The most important of these problems is certainly that connected with the General Disarmament Conference, and the attitude of the German and Italian Governments on methods that should be followed to bring about a general reduction of armaments. Other problems which will be examined at Rome include the German project for a customs union with Austria, and Anschluss.

Except, perhaps, this last problem, there are at present no serious divergencies between Rome and Berlin, and the Rome meeting, therefore, can be expected to improve still further the good relations already existing.

Meanwhile the Italian Government is making active preparations for the next Geneva disarmament conference. Signor Mussolini has already appointed a committee composed of the Ministers of Foreign Affairs, War, Navy, Air and Finance under the chairmanship of Dino Grandi for the technical preparation of Italy for the conference. This committee was assisted by experts from the various ministries, and several meetings have been held.

British Forecast Start Of Debt Holiday Even With Paris Abstaining

By Radio from Monitor Bureau

LONDON, July 1—Reliable information here indicates that every European nation with the possible exception of France is preparing to act upon the assumption that President Hoover's proposal for a war debt holiday will be made effective from today.

British opinion is crystallizing upon the side of Mr. Hoover in his negotiations with the French Prime Minister, Pierre Laval. It is regarded that there is very little margin for concession upon Mr. Hoover's part without depriving his plan of ability to be of help in the impassse which Europe has reached.

It is also held that, failing agreement in Paris, the only thing left will be to let the plan go forward, leaving France out. French annuities from Germany would not be saved by precipitating a German collapse, though something not altogether different from the proposed war debt holiday might arise while the Hague tribunal was considering the moratorium which Berlin could still declare under the Young plan.

That there is no hostility here to France was attested by the unusually friendly references made to its position by both Ramsay MacDonald and Stanley Baldwin in the House of Commons Monday. On the other hand, it is remarked that the sanctity of contract was not so much insisted upon by Paris when the war debt settlement was under discussion at Washington. It is also considered as unquestionable that German collapse would be at least as harmful to France as to any other country.

Meanwhile the month of June has seen £28,000,000 in gold added to America's already disproportionate stock of this metal. As Sir Norman Angell says in the Daily Herald today, it is largely the demand for "money, not goods," in connection with reparations and debts which is responsible for what has been a large factor in the world depression.

SUBSIDY PROPOSED FOR FRENCH LINE

PARIS, July 1 (AP)—The French Line, which has encountered financial difficulties, would be helped by the Government to the extent of 160,000,000 francs (about $6,400,000) by a bill filed in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday.

The measure provides state guarantee for a loan of that amount. The proposed help is similar to that accorded the South American Aeropostal Company.

DISTRIBUTION OF DEBTS AND CREDITS

Chart of Debits and Credits Involved in Hoover Proposal for Moratorium

DEBTOR COUNTRIES	CREDITOR COUNTRIES: U. S. A.	Belgium	Czechoslovakia	France	Great Britain*	Greece	Hungary	Italy	Japan	Jugoslavia	Poland	Rumania	Total (in $)
Belgium	5,050,000				749,000								5,799,000
Bulgaria						301,000				19,600		51,000	371,600
Czechoslovakia	3,000,000	99,400		754,100	329,000	418,000		748,000	13,400				5,356,800
Estonia	484,000			5,100	48,700								537,800
Finland	314,000				3,959,000								4,273,000
France	50,000,000				64,834,000		79,000						114,913,000
Germany	12,694,000	26,520,000		206,103,000	88,632,000	1,050,000		41,871,000	5,945,000	18,870,000	116,000	2,973,000	398,088,000
†Great Britain	161,100,000						39,300						161,139,300
Greece	610,000			86,000	1,704,000								2,400,000
Hungary	68,000		2,700			238,000				14,900		41,000	364,600
Italy	14,706,000				22,838,000		78,700						37,622,700
Japan													
Jugoslavia	250,000			619,000	1,461,000								2,330,000
Latvia	202,000			14,000	24,400								240,400
Lithuania	210,000			3,500									213,500
Poland	6,232,000		100,000	1,500,000	625,000			17,000					8,484,000
‡Portugal					1,704,000								1,704,000
Rumania	800,000			111,000	1,217,500			131,000					2,259,50
TOTAL (in $)	255,710,000	26,619,400	102,700	209,208,700	196,125,600	2,007,000	197,000	42,767,000	5,957,400	18,904,500	119,000	3,065,000	

*Sums due to Great Britain from the Dominions, India and Colonies not included although subject to moratorium. †Including reparations due to the Dominions and India. ‡Portugal receives $12,400 from Czechoslovakia.

COMPLEXITIES OF INTERGOVERNMENTAL OBLIGATIONS SIMPLIFIED BY STATISTICAL DRAFT

In the table given above, compiled from various official sources, will be found the intergovernmental debts presumably affected by President Hoover's plan for a year's moratorium from July 1, 1931.

The figures from left to right show the sums owed by each of the debtor countries. Those from top to bottom show the sums owing to creditor countries. When the name of a country appears in both columns, its net debit or credit is found by subtracting the smaller of the two totals from the larger.

Thus France is due to receive $209,208,700. It pays $114,913,000, leaving a net credit of $94,295,700. Czechoslovakia is $5,254,100 net to the bad, and Poland $8,345,000. Greece breaks nearly even. The United States receives in all about $256,000,000. Germany pays $390,088,000.

Mr. Hoover's proposal does not coincide in every case with the financial year and the payments are made at different times throughout the year—Germany's each month, Great Britain's twice a year, and so on. The totals have been calculated as exactly as possible in the circumstances to the nearest $1000. The table indicates the interdependence of the nations in the fields of finance and economics as a result of the World War.

'Reservations Must Not Be Ignored,' French Premier Says in Senate Talk

PARIS, July 1 (AP)—The text of the address by Pierre Laval, Premier, to the Senate yesterday follows:

"The situation is delicate—more delicate than it ever has been since the war, and I thank all those speakers who have declared that their only view is to strengthen the position of the French Government in the discussions which now are going on.

"The reparations must not be called into question, and the Young plan and the Hague accords must be maintained. They still represent a definite and complete settlement of the reparations problem.

"The present economic crisis is grave, notably for Germany, and the German Government turned toward the United States.

"Col. Henry L. Stimson, the American Secretary of State, informed our Ambassador, M. Claudel, that President Hoover was preparing to issue a message to the world. Two hours later that message was published.

France Left Out

"One cannot complain that the French Government was left out of the American President's decision.

"We have accepted Mr. Hoover's proposal. The Senate should know that all countries have adhered to that proposal. I had confirmation of this last night by letter from the American Ambassador, Walter E. Edge.

"If we had wished to score a facile success in our assemblies it would have sufficed to reply to President Hoover with a refusal. But what would have happened on the morrow?

"We have not refused, but we cannot accept without reservations.

"Henry de Jouvenel said just now that America is the creditor and France a victim. Certainly France is a victim, but America is not with us as a creditor.

"There may have been for a time some misunderstandings. Public opinion was deceived. If the publication of President Hoover's letter was a little abrupt, it was solely to avoid divulgations.

"We never have been the victims of any maneuver. The country ought to know that however that may be, we made reservations called for by our special situation and the importance of those reservations must not be ignored, for they are real and effective. In making them we are conscious of having done our duty.

Asks Confidence Vote

"In the negotiations which we will continue tomorrow we will be inspired by a legitimate care for the dignity of France. We will recall what we did in 1926 to overcome a crisis analogous to that from which Germany suffers. We recall our sufferings and the burdens which resulted for us since the war.

"In the circumstances through which we are passing our diplomatic agents should not be deprived of the country's confidence. The attitude of our diplomats cannot be criticized, and yet we have been surprised by events both in the case of the Austro-German customs accord and of President Hoover's letter.

"To avoid similar surprises, we consider it fitting that the German and French Governments enter into full and frank conversations. Those conversations will take place shortly and I am confident they will yield results.

"During these delicate negotiations I cannot make any other disclosures and you will understand my reserve. The Government more than anyone is mindful of the national interest. It needs strong authority and to strengthen that authority I expect a massive patriotic vote from the Senate."

GOVERNMENT TO CURB BUCKET SHOP FRAUDS

WASHINGTON, July 1 (AP)—The Federal Government plans a new campaign against "bucket shops" using the mail fraud statutes as a weapon, William D. Mitchell, Attorney-General, disclosed yesterday. The economic depression has brought to the surface numerous instances in which firms have "been pretty free with other peoples' money," he said.

"There is nothing worse than robbing poor folks of their life savings by tricking them into buying glittering securities that often are worthless.

"The proper way to operate against the sale of such securities would be to have more strict state supervision of the firms, thus stopping sales before they could do damage." Numerous states, however, have asked help from the Government in curbing these activities, Mr. Mitchell declared. The Justice Department's criminal division will be provided with a special new corps of assistants to carry on this work.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy
An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily except Sundays and holidays by The Christian Science Publishing Society, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass. Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries. One year, $9.00; six months, $4.50; three months, $2.25; one month, 75c. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)

Entered at second-class rates at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918

Bailey's Cleansers and Dyers

Finest Cleansing and Dyeing at prices that are reasonable

26 West Street HAN cock 8126
608 Beacon Street KEN more 3838
BOSTON
Winchester, 17 Church St. (Win. 0528) and in Ayer, 40B Main St. (Ayer 63)
Plant at Watertown MID dlesex 4561

Matrix Shoes

THE DELORES—*A charming Matrix Shoe in natural Tosca fabric. Narrow strap and covered Colonial Louis heel. The daintiest possible choice for wear with summery clothes.*

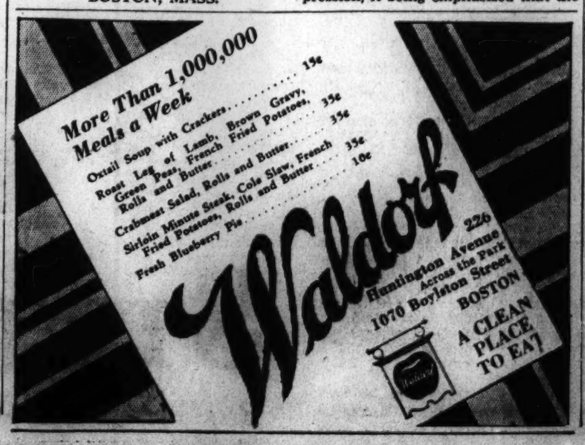
"YOUR FOOTPRINT IN LEATHER"

The smiling faces and easy poise of Matrix wearers bear daily witness to the marvelous new kind of comfort brought them by Matrix Shoes. You will find the very smartest of styles, materials, and colors in the Matrix Shoes offered in a store near you. And *all* of them will have the exclusive Matrix *sole,* moulded to fit every curve and arch of the foot so that it is actually "Your Footprint in Leather". Go in soon and discover for yourself the amazing ease and perfect fit of these Matrix "footprints" which never, *never* need "breaking-in". Write for new Fashion Announcement. E. P. Reed & Co., Rochester, N. Y. Matrix Style Studio: 47 W. 34th St., New York City.

THE AUDREY—*A Matrix tie of fashionable Tosca fabric with eyelets worked in silk. Covered heel.*

On Beautiful Long Island
QUOGUE HOUSE
"American Plan for American Families"
Mae Meserole Martin, Telephone Quogue 992
QUOGUE, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
Delightfully situated and with every vacation attraction, this country inn provides an ideal summer home. 80 miles from New York on Sunrise Trail or Motor Parkway and Long Island Railroad. Golf, tennis, bathing, boating.

"Say it with Flowers"
Flowers Telegraphed Promptly to All Parts of United States and Canada
Penn The Florist
124 Tremont Street LIBerty 4317
BOSTON, MASS.


More Than 1,000,000 Meals a Week
Oxtail Soup with Crackers 35c
Roast Leg of Lamb, Brown Gravy, Green Peas, French Fried Potatoes, Rolls and Butter 35c
Crabmeat Salad, Rolls and Butter 35c
Sirloin Minute Steak, Cole Slaw, French Fried Potatoes, Rolls and Butter 35c
Fresh Blueberry Pie 10c
Waldorf
226 Huntington Avenue Across the Park
1070 Boylston Street
BOSTON
A CLEAN PLACE TO EAT

PLIMPTON HOTEL
WATCH HILL, R. I.
All water sports. Golf. Tennis. Dancing. Delightful clientele. Excellent cuisine.
J. J. SWEENEY, Manager
Also several housekeeping cottages on season rental.

MOTHS
SENTRY ANTI-MOTH container hangs in closet. Furs, Woolens, all clothing protected. No cold storage. No airing. No clinging odor. Satisfaction or money back. Price 75 cents by mail.
SENTRY PRODUCTS COMPANY
70 Locust Street, Boston, Mass.

Restaurants

TEANECK, N. J.
Cedar Lane Tea House
714 CEDAR LANE, TEANECK, N. J.
Bridge Luncheons Luncheon
Special Parties Tel. Teaneck 6-1062 Tea
Closed Mondays Dinner
E. May Chandler—Carolyn N. Chandler

SAN FRANCISCO
States Hof Bräu
RESTAURANT
MARKET AT 4th—SAN FRANCISCO

Restaurants

BOSTON
Delicious Food
Cooked and Served by American Women
Noon Day Lunch 30¢ to 50¢
Steak Dinner every night 50¢ 65¢
Crisp, Cool Salads, Cold Plates and Sandwiches
Hot Muffins every morning
The Kitchen Cupboard
52A Gainsboro St. Boston
(1st block from Huntington Ave.)

CAFÉ MINERVA
at 216 Huntington Ave., Boston
(Opp. Christian Science church)
Reputed Cuisine Exceptional Service
Also CAFETERIA
"The best of its kind"
HOTEL MINERVA MGT.
H. C. DEMETER

KUM-UP-TU
LUNCHEON 11-2
DINNER 5-7
SPECIAL LUNCHEON 35c
DINNER 60c
248 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE BOSTON

Dutch Kitchen
193A MASSACHUSETTS AVE.
LUNCH and DINNER
11 A. M.-2 P. M. 5 P. M.-7 P. M.

CARRIE'S SPA
Delicious Home Cooked Food
257 HUNTINGTON AVENUE
Near Symphony Hall
CAROLINE P. EICHEL
formerly Supt. Cooking at Thompson's Spa

Momart Restaurant
1110 BOYLSTON STREET
Near Mass. Avenue
HOME COOKING
Special Luncheons 35c Dinners 50c and 75c

"THE LOBSTER CLAW"
Boston's New and Unique Sea Grill
280 HUNTINGTON AVENUE
Near Repertory Theatre
Special Luncheon: 40c-50c-60c
Special Dinners: 50c-75c-$1.50
Special Sunday Dinner 75c-$1.00-$1.50

SPECIAL LUNCHEON—DINNER
Ice Cream Sodas Schrafft's Candy
NEAPOLITAN SHOPPES
Cor. Mass. Avenue and Boylston Street Boston
831 Beacon Street Newton Centre

DINE AT THE ASTORIA CAFETERIA
252 MASS. AVENUE, BOSTON

Restaurants

FITCHBURG, MASS.
Rose Garden
Chicken Dinner, $1.00
July 4th and Sunday
Also Many Good Specials
Lake Whalom Fitchburg, Mass.

JACKSON'S
'Ye Olde Camp Stevens' Tea House
1½ miles west of Ayer—Route 2
LUNCHEON—TEA—DINNER
CABINS—OBSTACLE GOLF
Please mention the Monitor

WRENTHAM, MASS.
Weber Duck Inn
ON WEBER DUCK FARM
DINING DANCING
ROAST DUCK DINNERS
WE RAISE THE DUCKS WE SERVE

PONKAPOAG, MASS.
Ponkapoag Inn
at Ponkapoag, Mass. Route 138
Special Fried Chicken Dinners with waffles and ice cream. Home made.
Attractive arrangements gladly made for parties, luncheons, dinners. Tel. Canton 327-W.

NEW YORK CITY
Two Attractive Tea Rooms
During the past ten years Monitor readers from all over the world have enjoyed our hospitality.
Breakfast, Luncheon, Afternoon Tea
Vanity Fair 2 East 55th Street Near Fifth Avenue
Colonia 379 Fifth Avenue Near 36th Street
CLOSED SUNDAYS

VIRGINIA NEEDHAM
175 MacDOUGAL STREET
(Half block South of 8th Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues)
Good food in a lovely old New York house
Luncheon 12-2 65 75, 85 cents
Dinner 5:30-8—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50
CLOSED SUNDAYS

NEW YORK CITY
See These New Wonder Stockings
All Silk SERVICE Weight—Lisle Top 68¢
OR
All Silk PICOT EDGE CHIFFON Extra Fine Quality pair OR 3 PAIRS FOR $2.00
Many Satisfied Monitor Readers have compared our values. GENUINE FULL FASHIONED PURE SILK.
Mail orders filled.
LENOX HOSIERY CO.
2 East 45th St. Cor. Fifth Ave.
415 Lexington Ave. Cor. 43rd St.
366 Fifth Ave. Bet. 34th and 35th Sts.

This type of pew was selected for the magnificent Second Church of Christ, Scientist, Hartford.
SEND TO DEPARTMENT C FOR INFORMATION
The J. F. DETTENBORN Woodworking Company
HARTFORD - CONNECTICUT

See our other advertisement in this issue.
ENNA JETTICK
SHOES FOR WOMEN
YOU NEED NO LONGER BE TOLD THAT YOU HAVE AN EXPENSIVE FOOT
$5 $6
AAAAA to EEE, Sizes 1 to 12
Beautiful Hosiery $1.00
EXCLUSIVELY ENNA JETTICK

NEW YORK	39 W. 47 St.
NEW YORK	14 E. 27 St.
NEW YORK	56 Nassau St.
BROOKLYN	316 Livingston St.
JAMAICA, L. I.	89-66 164th St.
FLUSHING, L. I.	37-28 Main St.
FREEPORT, L. I.	32 Main St.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN.	1319 Main St.
STAMFORD, CONN.	97 Atlantic St.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.	172 Mathewson St.
LYNN, MASS.	322 Union St.
CAMBRIDGE, MASS.	548 Massachusetts Ave.
NEWARK, N. J.	109 Broad St.
TRENTON, N. J.	17 So. Broad St.
HACKENSACK, N. J.	195 Main St.
ASBURY PARK, N. J.	711 Cookman Ave.
PATERSON, N. J.	221 Main St.
MONTCLAIR, N. J.	508 Bloomfield Ave.
MT. VERNON, N. Y.	32 So. 4th Ave.
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.	514 Main St.
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.	21 Main St.
UTICA, N. Y.	211 Genesee St.
WASHINGTON, D. C.	1331 F St. N. W.

DRY LAW STRONG IN MOST STATES, MRS. BOOLE SAYS

Points to Record of 43 Legislatures in Resisting Wet Pressure

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va., July 1—The refusal of 43 state legislatures this year to enact 92 antiprohibition measures under pressure of organized wet interests is evidence of the enduring political strength of prohibition, Mrs. Ella A. Boole, president of the World W. C. T. U., declared last night at the Institute of Public Affairs here.

Mrs. Boole participated in a program with Mrs. Carroll Miller, spokesman for the Women's Organization for National Prohibition Reform. A discussion of prohibition was also a feature of this morning's law enforcement round-table with James W. Wadsworth Jr. (R.), former Senator from New York, a wet, and Oliver W. Stewart, of the new allied dry forces, participating.

Members of the 43 state legislatures, fresh from contact with the voters, passed only 10 out of 102 antiprohibition laws proposed to them, Mrs. Boole pointed out. These 10 measures, she added, came from four states, and none of them seriously affected state enforcement. Of 32 repeal measures introduced in 21 legislatures in 1931, all were unsuccessful, she added. "Political and serial opposition to prohibition," she declared, "comes from a narrow section."

Mrs. Boole's address was entitled "Give Prohibition a Chance."

"The unescapable moral to be drawn from the story of prohibition," she said, "is that the benefits of prohibition are in direct proportion to its observance."

Both women speakers touched on prohibition's relation to prosperity.

Mrs. Miller said that assertion of the drys had vanished overnight in October, 1929, and today the so-called economic benefits of prohibition are as difficult to find as are jobs for our unemployed.

Savings Deposits Up

Mrs. Boole, on the other hand, pointed out that saving banks accounts have swelled, even in the era of depression, a contrast to the saloon era, when drinking men rarely had enough to pay their household bills.

"It is generally accepted," she said, "that in other countries without prohibition, business depression is worse than in the United States."

Both speakers also discussed the extent of drinking among young people.

Mrs. Miller contended that it is greater today than in preprohibition days, with an enlarged number of convicts, insane, delinquents and deficients.

Mrs. Boole asserted that, in answer to queries, only 18 out 147 college presidents stated that conditions are worse than, or about the same as, before prohibition. The rest said that there is either no drinks or less drinking on their campuses.

Prohibition is not a source of corruption, Mr. Stewart said in his speech this morning. "It has turned a searchlight on the dark nooks and crannies of our cities. It has shown the American people that the government of our great centers by our present political machinery is a mockery and a sham."

As the newly organized allied forces for prohibition, under the leadership of the Rev. Dr. Daniel A. Poling, take the field, law enforcement sentiment will take new life, Mr. Stewart forecast. "It is a hard fight; it will not be over in a year, maybe not in a decade," he declared. "If it takes a century, the final victory will be worth the time and effort. Meanwhile recruits are coming."

A mighty dry army, he continued, "will sweep into the next presidential campaign. It will battle the forces of liquor down in every congressional district and every state. The liquor traffic has had its day. It was tried and found wanting. This great democracy will not strike a bargain with the forces of crime, disorder and lawlessness. It will yet prove to all doubters that a government of the people can attempt a righteous government and succeed at it."

Friends Must Organize

Prohibition, Mr. Stewart declared, can be retained only by so organizing the friends of the amendment down to the last precinct as to make it possible to hold legislative bodies true to the Constitution as it stands.

"Such procedure by prohibitionists will give the policy that fair trial which the report of the President's commission indicated it has not had," he pointed out.

State liquor control was urged by Mr. Wadsworth, who said that the Federal Government should exercise its power under the interstate commerce clause in protecting states against violation of their respective laws through channels of interstate commerce. Mr. Wadsworth argued that the prohibition amendment does not properly belong in the Constitution, that prohibition hinders national politics and elections and is a "stride toward imperialism."

Latin-American nations are not uniform in their culture and an approach to inter-American problems based on the theory that they are, is apt to be fatal to an understanding of the various countries, Reudiger Bilden, New York research worker, told the Latin-American round table this morning.

"The ready attribution of a common Latin individuality to the Latin-American countries," he declared, "must be dismissed as smacking rather strongly of white man's presumption."

Philip Ainsworth Means, sociologist from Wiscasset, Maine, discussed Peruvian problems, pointing out that a bright spot in a gloomy picture was the increasing number of enlightened land owners, lawyers, and politicians who are beginning to understand that the well-being of Peru depends directly on the well-being of the Indian peasantry.

"The most important product of our farms is not cotton, corn, or wheat, but the boy and girl," H. G. Hastings, president of the American Seed Trade Association, told the agricultural round table. "It must not only be large enough and good enough for farm replacement, but a surplus to replace the deteriorating of the leadership element incident to city life."

He declared that, with rare exceptions, leaders in all of the great centers of population are either farm-raised boys, or are in the first generation removed from the farm.

Japan's Sacred Mountain Is Home to Some, Wilderness to Others

SCENES ALONG MT. FUJIYAMA'S TRAILS
Left—Primitive Household Perched on Lower Slopes. Right—Slow Progress Over the Lava Beds on the Wind-Swept Upper Slopes of the "Holy Mount."

Thousands Scale Japan's Highest Peak As Pilgrimage to 'Holy Mount' Begins

Midnight Climb Up 12,400-Foot Height Brings Pilgrims to Summit at Dawn—Exercises at Shrines, Lighted With Paper Lanterns, Make Impressive Scene

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

GOTEMBA, Shizuoka Province, Japan—Thousands of pilgrims will swarm into this town at the base of Mt. Fujiyama this month to prepare for ascent of the famous "Holy Mountain," Japan's highest peak.

Snow has largely melted from the flanks of the great mountain and workmen have been repairing trails for several weeks to prepare for the formal opening of the peak to climbers about July 10.

A favorite ascent is from Gotemba, the "Town of the Noble Rose Mansion," by way of Subashiri, the "Village of Sliding Sands." Pilgrims usually arrive here in the morning and sleep until sunset, when they start along the motor road to Subashiri for the summit of the mountain. At Subashiri they stop, usually a little before midnight, for religious exercises.

There is an inn in Subashiri, the Ogomeya, or Hotel of the Big Rice Valley, where travelers may rest and refresh themselves before proceeding to the shrine, which is at the end of the main road of the village in a great grove of cryptomeria, at the beginning of a trail which leads to Umagaeshi, or the "Horse Returning Place."

Scenes of worship are impressive, particularly if witnessed at night. Pilgrims, clad in loose garments of coarse white cotton, approach the place of worship in noisy groups, lighting their way with paper lanterns.

(The pilgrims often proceed on horses to Umagaeshi, where in olden days, horses had to be sent back because of the steepness of the trail. It is now possible to ride clear to the top of the mountain, but this rarely is done.

Sturdy walkers usually abandon their horses at Umagaeshi, while the less strong ride as far as the eighth station, which is within an hour's climb of the top. Emperor Hirohito himself, when he climbed the mountain some years ago, left his horse at the eighth station and walked to the summit.

The ascent usually is arranged so that the climber reaches the summit, about 12,400 feet above sea level, shortly before daybreak to see the sun rise over a vast panorama of lakes, plains and mountains.

The summit itself, while appearing flat when viewed from the plains below, is rough and usually wind swept. The mountain is an extinct volcano with a crater several hundred feet deep. The crater often is filled with fog which swirls about in curious shapes.

Springs, strangely, are found on the top of the great mountain. The summit also boasts an inn, the Yamaguchi ya, or Crater Hotel, a cabinlike structure built of volcanic rocks, which offers pilgrims a sleeping mat and refreshments.

Ascent of the mountain proper, from the "Horse Returning Place," usually requires five or six hours for an ordinary climber. Japanese runners climb it much faster, some of them reaching the top in less than three hours. Guides usually are taken to carry raincoats, lunch boxes and other condiments. Their service, too, may be necessary in case of storms, which are not infrequent. The ascent is divided into 10 stages, with a rest hut at each station. Mountain police patrol the area during the height of the season and warn travelers by telephone from the weather station on the summit if storms are approaching, so that the pilgrims may seek refuge in the nearest rest house.

A favorite descent toward Gotemba is by way of the famous gravel slides. The flanks of the mountain for long stretches along this route are composed of small pebbles. The incline is about 45 degrees and walkers advance at great speed with long skating strides. Along some sections of the route mountaineers offer tobogans made of sheet iron which coast rapidly over the smooth gravel. These gravel slopes are known as the suba shiri, or sliding sands.

It is estimated that more than 200,000 pilgrims and a number of foreign tourists will climb the mountain this summer. The climbing season lasts until late August, when the mountain is "closed" because of the likelihood of snow storms on its upper flanks. Huge snow banks remain in the ravines near the summit throughout the summer.

FARM BOARD'S WHEAT SALES TO BE LIMITED

Modified Policy Restricts Monthly Maximum to 5,000,000 Bushels

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 1—The Federal Farm Board today announced that it will limit sales on its 1930 wheat holdings from July 1, 1931, to July 1, 1932, to a maximum of 5,000,000 bushels per month. This amount was fixed as necessary to meet normal domestic demands. It includes both domestic and foreign sales. This modified the policy it enunciated early this spring of disposing of its wheat as rapidly as it could without disturbing the market.

Two important reservations, however, go with this compromise policy. The limitation does not apply to sales to foreign governments or their agencies now under consideration, and should an emergency situation arise in the world market permitting an advantageous disposal of the grain in the interest of the grower the board reserves the right to do so, after serving ample notice of its intentions.

It is understood that the foreign government sales reservation was inserted because of negotiations with British grain growers, who have proposed certain large purchases if long-term credits could be arranged.

The compromise policy meets with President Hoover's approval, it was stated for the farm board. The announcement was issued late last night after many hours of exchanges between its chairman, James C. Stone, and the White House. It was first stated that the board's declaration would be issued early in the afternoon.

In fixing the 5,000,000-bushel-a-month maximum, the board emphasized that it did not contemplate sales, even to that extent, for the present, owing to the depressed state of the market. It is the board's purpose, Mr. Stone explained, to sell only such stocks as are required to meet millers' needs. The board is not trying to sell wheat under present conditions, Mr. Stone said.

In making public the board's decision Mr. Stone held that its new course was a "clarification of policy rather than a new departure." He also reiterated the view that the board was an independent agency, free from interference from executive or legislative influence.

This question is a moot issue in the agricultural region. It is widely charged that the board is dominated by the White House and is not an independent agency, as provided by law.

That the board was vigorously resisting powerful outside pressure that it reverse its spring policy was clearly manifest in the events of the past few days. This was confirmed in the board's decision which went only halfway in meeting the demand that it stop selling its 1930 holdings.

Mr. Stone and other members of the board are known to have argued the soundness of adhering to the selling policy and apparently were sufficiently persuasive as to overrule demands from such Republican leaders as Julius H. Barnes, director of the United States Chamber of Commerce; Vice-President Curtis; James E. Watson (R.), Senator from Indiana; Arthur Capper (R.), Senator from Kansas, and Arthur M. Hyde, Secretary of Agriculture, to the contrary.

I.C.C. to Hear Rates Plea July 15, Aug. 31

WASHINGTON, June 30 (AP)—The Interstate Commerce Commission today moved to a speedy settlement of the railroad freight rate situation. It set for hearing July 15 and Aug. 31 at Washington the proposed 15 per cent increase asked by rail and water lines.

At the same time it ordered into effect not later than Dec. 3 revised class rates in eastern and western trunk line territories. These rates, while providing reductions in many instances, are estimated officially to provide a net increase in revenue of from $50,000,000 to $60,000,000 annually.

The commission also announced in connection with the 15 per cent increase case that hearings would be held in other sections of the country, at dates to be set later. The first Washington hearing will be confined to testimony for the railroads. That of Aug. 31 will be for cross-examination and opposition evidence.

Canada Approves Westminster Act

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

OTTAWA, July 1—Approval of the statute of Westminster was given unanimously by the House of Commons last night.

According to this statute, agreed to by the imperial conference in London in 1929, to make the countries of the British Empire "autonomous communities within the empire, equal in status, though united by a common allegiance to the crown," no law passed by Great Britain shall extend to any of the dominions without its consent, nor shall any law passed by a dominion be void on the ground that it is repugnant to the law of England.

Further it provides a dominion has full power to make laws having extra-territorial operation. Last April a dominion-provincial conference was held in Ottawa which approved the draft copy of the proposed statute, after it had set forth that nothing in the act "shall be deemed to apply to the repeal, amendment or alteration of the British North America Acts 1867 to 1930."

OPEN HUGE MILAN STATION

MILAN, Italy, July 1 (AP)—A new railroad station, the second largest in Europe, was inaugurated here today by Costanzo Ciano, Minister of Communications.

JOB INSURANCE PLAN URGED TO ARREST SLUMP

Couzens to Sponsor Bill Backed by Detroit Bankers

Special from Monitor Bureau

WASHINGTON, July 1—A drastic unemployment prevention plan has been sent to the Senate Legislative Drafting Bureau where a bill will be prepared and sponsored by James Couzens (R.), Senator from Michigan, at the next session of Congress. The proposal is to arrest industrial depressions at their beginning by maintaining the purchasing power of unemployed industrial workers at fairly close to normal. A feature of the bill is that it has been indorsed by prominent Detroit bankers.

The plan carries a system of state employment insurance or relief, with the inclusion of a considerable contribution from the employers who drop the workers, and from the workers themselves. The general plan is said to be the product of Eugene Lewis, a Detroit banker.

"One of the interesting things about the proposal," Mr. Couzens said following the meeting at which it was presented to these business leaders, "is the fact that not one of the men present was opposed to the use of state and federal money for unemployment relief, despite President Hoover's recent Indianapolis speech in which he opposed government funds for such a purpose."

In that speech Mr. Hoover argued against government doles and pointed out that the present leadership of the American Federation of Labor opposes government unemployment payments.

The 13 bankers and business men who discussed the plan with Mr. Couzens, on the other hand, are all said to have approved the idea.

The plan includes payment of 70 per cent of an industrial worker's normal monthly wage, such payments to begin independently in each state whenever the number of industrial employees drops 15 per cent below the previous two-year average. Such payments would continue until six months after the state's employment returned to 90 per cent of the previous three-year normal.

Funds for such payments would be built up from four sources as follows: 30 per cent from the Government; 30 per cent from the state; 25 per cent from employers, and 15 per cent from workers. Annual collections would total 1¾ per cent of the total industrial pay roll of each state and the assumption is that a considerable reserve would be built up before an emergency drain occurred.

SHAWNEE COUNTRY CLUB

Golf Gossip

Distance... plus enchantment

Superb fairway and flawless green make you forget the difficulties of the long seventh. One great British pro called this the best constructed long hole he ever saw. Shawnee, famous for fine golf as well as scenic beauty, is open to Buckwood Inn guests all summer. Special reduced rates.

A Famous Summer Sports Resort
RIDING · SWIMMING · TENNIS
A Play Paradise for Children

BUCKWOOD INN
Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
R. E. WORTHINGTON, Managing Dir.

Modernize Bathrooms With Our New Porstelain Steel Tile

Our wonderful new *Porstelain Tile* may be quickly and easily applied over your present walls—in bathrooms and kitchens—at moderate cost. It is virtually *everlasting—guaranteed not to craze or crack.*

In five popular colors—Green, Gray, Rose, Ivory and Orchid. Won't you see for yourself this inexpensive new tile—at our store—or phone for full details.

Liberty 1760, 1761, 1762

H. E. Holbrook COMPANY
89 Federal St., Boston
(Opp. Chamber of Commerce Building)

TORPEDOES
FIREWORKS
FIRECRACKERS
Masten & Wells Fireworks Mfg. Co.
22 Hawley St., Boston
Telephone LIBerty 9589
Factory 229 Needham St., Newton Highlds.

GOOD CANDY for all the Family

5 Pieces
5 Flavors
5 Cents

FRED W. AMEND CO. » « DANVILLE, ILLINOIS

QUARTERLY STAND AND PAPER WEIGHT COMBINED

All Metal. Felt on base. Size 2⅝ x 2¼ x 1¼. Chromium Plated. Attractive. Serviceable. Postpaid $1.00
AGENTS WANTED
MODERN EQUIPMENT CORP.
Tel. Kedzie 0083
4444 Roosevelt Rd., Chicago

LOOK BETTER, FEEL BETTER IN COOL UNDERWEAR!

Don't go through another hot, sticky summer in uncomfortable, bad looking underwear! ● Get out of swaddling clothes and into B.V.D.'s—underwear that's really tailored for a man—to fit his frame, to make him look smart—to keep him cool and comfortable. ● You'll find the B.V.D. label in union suits, shirts, drawers and shorts—beautifully cut and splendidly tailored. ● B.V.D.'s "U1" is the union suit illustrated—$1.25 its price—style, comfort and service the sum of its virtues. Its patented closed crotch and web inserts at shoulder and encircling waist give it the freedom of your own skin. And it's made of B.V.D nainsook—a fabric as cool and refreshing as a plunge in the surf

Reg. U.S. Pat. Off. © 1931, The B.V.D. Co., Inc. N.Y.

B.V.D

B.V.D. Products: UNION SUITS ● COAT SHIRTS AND KNEE DRAWERS ● PULLOVER SHIRTS AND SHORTS ● KNIT UNION SUITS ● SWEATERS AND SWIM SUITS

Get in the STUDEBAKER Band Wagon!

ONE year ago Studebaker introduced Free Wheeling.

Nine (9) makes have now adopted it.

Others are about to adopt it.

All must come to it.

During the past twelve months Studebaker Free Wheeling has been approved enthusiastically in every state, in every season, and under all conditions.

In a Studebaker you get Free Wheeling in its finest form—with positive gear control—and engineered as an integral part of the chassis.

And ONLY in a Studebaker can you secure these other fruits of Studebaker engineering genius:

World Champion Performance. More official records than all other makes combined.

Safety insured by steel bodies, two-finger steering, etc.

Silence of engine, body and chassis.

Comfort, typical of Studebaker's traditional coachcraft plus such ultra-modern features as ball-bearing spring shackles.

Thrift, officially proven under supervision of the American Automobile Association.

28 models—5 wheelbases—70 to 122 horsepower
One-Profit prices—$845 to $2550 at the factory
5 wire wheels without extra charge

The Studebaker Corporation of America
South Bend, Indiana

STUDEBAKER
Builder of Champions . . . Pioneer of Free Wheeling

HOOVER BOARD'S LATER REPORTS COMING WEEKLY

Will Be Issued From the White House Throughout the Summer

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, July 1—At the rate of one document a week there are enough reports from the now defunct National Commission on Law Observance and Enforcement, under Mr. Wickersham, now with the public printer, to last until September, it was learned here.

The reports will be issued from the White House and it was stated that they probably would be given out at seven-day intervals for the balance of the summer. These will deal with everything from juvenile delinquency to problems of the courts, and will include several subjects of wide popular interest. These include discussions of lawlessness of government officials, which in turn contains a report by Reuben Oppenheimer, of the Baltimore bar, severely criticizing the deportation proceedings of the Labor Department. This report has already brought a hot reply from William N. Doak, Secretary of Labor, which may be published later.

Temporary quarters for George W. Wickersham, chairman of the commission; W. F. Barry, secretary; Prof. Clair Wilcox, director of research and a limited staff of stenographers, have been set up in an office building near the White House. Proofs of manuscript and final correspondence will be wound up here. The celebrated suite on the tenth floor of the Tower Building was evacuated yesterday. In that suite the commission deliberated on its famous prohibition report behind closed doors for 18 months, while the nation boiled with excitement as to the decision which would be handed down. Today the room of mystery was only a bare room, and a couple of telephone books negligently thrown on the floor by the movers were all that met the eye.

It is understood that before the task of the commission becomes final, Mr. Wickersham intends to draw up a last report which will deal in some detail with the entire work of the body since it was instituted two years ago. An element of romance was added to the final day of the commission when Dean Roscoe Pound of the Harvard law school, one of the most active members of the commission, married Mrs. Lucy Berry Miller of Washington and departed immediately for a European trip.

EVENTS TONIGHT

Theaters

Fine Arts—"School for Scandal" (film).

EVENTS TOMORROW

Boston Museum of Fine Arts: Chinese and Japanese Galleries, Mrs. Tomita, 11.

Exhibitions

Museum of Fine Arts, Huntington Avenue—Open week days, except Monday from 10 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5. Free guidance in the galleries every week day except Monday at 11 o'clock. Special exhibitions. Modern French paintings lent by John T. Spaulding; loan exhibition of water colors by Winslow Homer; early Italian engravings; nineteenth century landscapes and seascapes; bookplates by Sidney Lawton Smith; British mezzotint portraits; chiaroscuro woodcuts.

Fogg Art Museum, corner Quincy Street and Broadway, Cambridge—Week days, 9 to 5; Sundays, 1 to 5; admission free. English water colors of the early nineteenth century, including examples by Turner and Ruskin. Exhibition of prints by great masters from the fifteenth to the nineteenth centuries, including works of Montegna, Dürer, Rembrandt, Whistler and Daumier.

Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum, Fenway Court—Open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 4; admmission fee 25 cents; Sundays from 1 to 4, admission free.

Robert C. Vose Galleries, 559 Boylston Street—Colonial portraits and old ship paintings.

Casson Galleries, 575 Boylston Street—General summer exhibition.

Society of Arts and Crafts, 9 Park Street—Summer exhibition.

Myles Standish Galleries, Bay State Road and Beacon Street — Pen and pencil sketches by Sydney B. Johnson; etchings of Japan by H. Lüthmann; drypoints and etchings by Minna Weiss Zellness. Miscellaneous exhibitions of oils, water colors and pastels. Through July 10.

For Other Exhibitions, See Monday's Monitor.

Tonight at the Pops

"Tannhäuser." Entrance of the Guests Into the Wartburg ..... Wagner
"Kammenoi Ostrow" ..... Rubinstein-Herbert
"Ruins of Athens." March ..... Beethoven
"Merry Wives of Windsor," Overture ..... Nicolai
Hungarian Dance No. 2, in G minor ..... Brahms
"Nutcracker." Ballet Suite ..... Tchaikovsky
"Rhapsody in Blue" ..... Gershwin
(Soloist: Jesús María Sanromá)
"Zanzibar" ..... Hadley
"Reconciliation." Polka ..... Drigo
Gypsy Dance from "Carmen" ..... Bizet

WEATHER PREDICTIONS

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU REPORT

Boston and Vicinity: Partly cloudy, possibly thundershowers this afternoon or tonight; Thursday fair; not much change in temperature; gentle to moderate, variable winds.

Maine: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; possibly local thundershowers on the coast; somewhat warmer tonight in southwest portions.

New Hampshire: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; warmer in south portions tonight.

Vermont: Generally fair winds and continued high temperature tonight and Thursday.

Massachusetts: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; possibly local showers in extreme east portion; warmer tonight in east portion.

Rhode Island: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday; slightly warmer tonight.

Connecticut: Generally fair with continued high temperatures tonight and Thursday.

Atlantic coast, north of Sandy Hook: Gentle to moderate southerly winds, becoming variable, and partly overcast weather tonight and Thursday; possibly local showers.

Official Temperatures
(Standard time, 75th meridian)

	8 a.m. July 1	Max. June30		8 a.m. July 1	Max. June30
Atlantic City	80	94	Nantucket	54	76
Bismarck, N.D.	60	82	New Orleans	78	86
Boston	70	83	New York	78	92
Buffalo	72	80	Norfolk, Va.	74	90
Calgary	44		North Platte	68	96
Charleston	82	88	Philadelphia	80	94
Chicago	84	94	Phoenix, Ariz.	80	100
Cincinnati	80	90	Pittsburgh	80	92
Denver	66	84	Portland, Me.	66	88
Eastport, Me.	62	62	Raleigh	78	92
Hatteras	80	82	St. Louis	84	102
Helena, Mont.	50	70	St. Paul	82	98
Huron, S. D.	68	104	Salt Lake City	60	80
Jacksonville	80	88	San Francisco	58	74
Kansas City	84	100	Santa Fe, N.M.	58	74
Key West	64	82	Seattle	54	70
Los Angeles	64	82	Tampa	80	94
Memphis	82	98	Washington	78	94
Miami, Fla.	82	86	Wichita, Kan.	78	94
Montreal	84	90	Williston, N.D.	52	78

High Tides at Boston
Wednesday 1:06 p. m., Thursday 1:15 a. m.
Height of tides 8.7 feet, 10.1 feet.

Light all vehicles at 8:55 p. m.

'Learning the Ropes' on Ocean Craft

SEA SCOUTS SAIL FOR GERMANY

Left to Right—Raymond Dawson of Noroton, Conn., Irving Skelton of Newport, R. I., and C. W. Martin, Chief Officer of the S. S. West Harcuver.

An opportunity to "learn the ropes" aboard a merchant vessel is in store for Irving Skelton of Noroton, Conn., and Raymond Dawson of Newport, R. I., New England Sea Scouts, who sailed late yesterday afternoon for Hamburg and Bremen, Germany, on board the Yankee Line steamer West Harcuver. The trip serves as a scholarship, awarded to the Sea Scouts for outstanding service to their respective Scout troops and communities.

The boys will have the status of cadet officers during the 12-day passage across the north Atlantic. During the morning watch they will devote their time to whatever duties Capt. J. M. Caulks, master of the West Harcuver, assigns to them. In the afternoon the Scouts will study navigation, pilotage and similar subjects designed to increase their efficiency as Sea Scouts.

The Sea Scout scholarship voyage has been arranged by Alexander W. Moffat, commodore of the Cruising Club of America and head of the New England Sea Scout organization, in coöperation with Robert A. Peabody of the Yankee Line. Rogers & Webb are local agents of the line.

When the vessel arrives in Germany the boys will depart for a pleasure trip through the south of Germany during the nine days in which the West Harcuver is discharging and loading at Hamburg and Bremen. Just before the vessel sails the Sea Scouts will embark for the homeward passage.

Sanabria Television System Viewed by Radio Commission

Clear Images on Large Screens Noted at Showing in Washington—Televized Campaign Talks in 1932 Are Held Possible

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, July 1—Television images of remarkable clarity were projected on screens varying from two to six feet square at a private demonstration before engineers of the Federal Radio Commission and other experts from the government departments and laboratories here last night. The system demonstrated was that of Ulyses A. Sanabria, young Spanish-American inventor, who is being hailed as a genius in the fast-developing television field.

The demonstration was the first of its kind before the entire radio commission, which, it is pointed out, will soon be deciding upon license pleas from stations wishing to use the Sanabria, and perhaps other, television systems.

The beginning of the month already has brought two more applications for television wavelengths to the commission, bringing the total of pending applications to nearly 20, to compare with the 22 companies or individuals already authorized to conduct television experiments on the several bands of visual broadcasting wavelengths available.

July 1 also brought a recommendation from Ellis A. Yost, chief examiner, that the Pioneer Mercantile Company of Bakersfield, Calif., be authorized to construct a new 1000-watt television broadcaster to test a new "single side-band suppressed carrier system."

The new applications were from the Pilot Radio & Tube Corporation of Lawrence, Mass., seeking a 250-watt visual station in the 2000-2100 kilocycle band, and from the National Broadcasting Company, New York, seeking to boost the power of its ultra-high frequency visual station there, W2XBS, from 750 watts to 5000 watts. The NBC also applied for general experimental licenses to work on the extreme high frequencies up to 400,000 kilocycles, or about three-fourths of one meter.

Yesterday, the Jenkins Television Corporation, already licensed in the 2000-2100 band, applied for a 2000-watt station to operate in the bands between 43,000 and 80,000 kilocycles in connection with the transmissions from WGBS, New York.

Though television obviously has a long way to go to equal film motion pictures in pictorial quality, the demonstration was so convincing that someone asked whether it may reasonably be expected that the candidates and their spokesmen during the presidential campaign next year will be "televised" simultaneously with their radio speeches.

Such a development is by no means improbable, for facial reproductions are amazingly clear and the voice can readily be synchronized with the electrical impulses that are transformed into fingers of light to "paint" the television picture. Not that many homes will be equipped with television to receive the images along with the speech, but the use of the screen for projecting the images makes it possible to show them before large audiences.

The engineers and experts were themselves televised, after viewing the televising of several girls and of various objects. The images were transmitted by wire rather than by radio, since the equipment used in the demonstration was constructed primarily for large-screen television propection in auditoriums. However, it is possible to send images equally clear by radio up to a distance of 15 to 25 miles from the transmitter.

The inventor claims that the "spots" projected have never been achieved in as fine detail and large size by any other television system. George Gruskin, president of the closed corporation which is developing the Sanabria system, told his auditors that the demonstration was not meant to show that television is commercially perfected, but that "it does indicate that the television art is progressing toward the commercial stage, whether that comes in one year or five."

The images are built up by light beams that draw 45 lines for each frame, and the frame is changed 15 times per second. In other words, the tiny finger of light that "paints" the television image paints 15 pictures, each comprising 45 lines, per second. Besides the facial features, there were reproduced on the screen a picture of a motion picture star, another of a green eye shade showing all the high lights, and another of a large bottle of water. The high lights on the eye shade and the bottle—the latter picture even showing clearly the splashing bubbles of water—represent high-frequency responses that hitherto have not been achieved in television.

The pictures also included one of an electric fan, in which the revolving blades were clearly shown. All of the images were in pink, though Mr. Gruskin declared that they can also be shown in black and white or rotogravure brown, which are more pleasing to the eye.

CURLEY AWARDS TWO CONTRACTS

Contracts amounting to $823,385 were awarded yesterday by Mayor James M. Curley. One amounting to $207,000 was for the building of a municipal printing plant. This plant, the first of its kind, will occupy 12,000 square feet of land at the rear of the Boston entrance of the East Boston vehicular tunnel. The contract was given to Archdeacon & Sullivan, Inc. of Boston.

The new printing plant will occupy a colonial type building of three stories and will be built of cast stone and brick. Joseph Rugo secured the contract for a new intermediate school of 40 rooms in the Gilbert Stuart district, Central Dorchester. His bid was $863,000 and provisions for acoustics will make a total of $869,800.

Coal Complaint Dismissal Urged

Dismissal of the complaint before the Interstate Commerce Commission seeking reduction of $1 per ton on anthracite shipped by rail from Pennsylvania to New England and New York points, will be recommended by the examiner as the result of failure of Walter Young, representing coal merchants in this territory, to appear at the opening hearing of the case yesterday.

The complaint was filed by Mr. Young against 14 coal-carrying railroads, and if the case were won, about $3,000,000 a year would be cut off the revenue of the New England railroads. Mr. Young sought to have this cut passed along to consumers.

W. M. Cheseldine the commission examiner, was notified by telegraph yesterday by Mr. Young, who was in New Jersey, that he was not prepared to present evidence, and requested postponement until October. Counsel for the railroads and representatives of about 80 coal firms, chambers of commerce, boards of trade, coal associations, and others, were present.

H. A. Taylor, of the Erie R. R., and chairman of counsel for the defendant railroads in this case, moved for dismissal. W. H. Day, manager of the Transportation Bureau of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, called a conference of the interveners, after which he submitted a statement to the examiner that the interveners had no objection to dismissal without prejudice on the grounds of failure of the complainant to prosecute. Mr. Cheseldine adjourned the hearing and will recommend dismissal of the case to the Interstate Commerce Commission in Washington.

B. & M. Announces Foreign Service

Establishment of a foreign trade service in 23 countries in Europe and elsewhere by the Boston & Maine Railroad in the interest of New England industries and ports was announced today by Edward S. French, president of the railroad. The plan is inaugurated at this time, according to Mr. French, because of the prospect of increased trade with Europe and the world as a result of President Hoover's moratorium proposal.

The program includes provisions for the development of new foreign markets for the products of New England industry and for increasing the flow of export and import traffic through the ports of Boston, Portland, Maine, and Portsmouth, N. H.

In organizing this new foreign service, the Boston & Maine has engaged the Bush Service Corporation which has some 700 offices and direct agencies in the principal manufacturing and marketing centers of Europe and the Near East.

Half Ton of Silver To Pay Bill Refused

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

HOLYOKE, Mass., July 1—American Writing Paper Company, Inc., tendered nearly a half ton of silver bullion this morning to the Holyoke Water Power Company in payment of water power rental for six months.

The power company, however, refused to accept it.

In the early days of the Water Power Company, when permanent power rights along the Holyoke canals were being sold, silver was stable currency and in the contracts was inserted a clause calling for delivery in the first days of January and July of the water rentals in silver bullion. This manner of payment was used for many years, but gradually gave way to settlement by check.

Although the amount due the Water Power Company could not be definitely learned, writing paper officials said the bullion would weigh nearly half a ton and its cost to them at 28 cents an ounce would mean a saving of almost three-quarters of the face of the bill for rental.

Amusements

BOSTON

SYMPHONY HALL—Tonight at 8:30
LAST 4 NIGHTS
POPS
ARTHUR FIEDLER, Conductor
Seats 50c, 75c, $1.00
TONIGHT — RHAPSODY IN BLUE
Soloist: JESUS MARIA SANROMA

fine arts STATE THEATRE Building
The SCHOOL for SCANDAL
Sheridan's Satirical Comedy—All Talking Film!

NEW YORK CITY

CONTINUING! Responsive to Public Demand
"The GREEN PASTURES"
3 GALA PERFORMANCES
July 4th Mat. and Night
Mail Orders promptly filled
Mansfield Thea., W. 47th. Evenings 8:30, $1 to $3
Popular Matinees 2:30, Wed. & Sat., $1 to $2.50

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN STAR CAST
"PIRATES OF PENZANCE"
BIGGEST THEATRE BARGAIN IN NEW YORK
"THRIFT" PRICES: Evgs. 50c to $2. Wed. Mats. 50c to $1. Sat. Mats. 50c to $1.50.
ZIEGFELD Thea., W. 54 St. PEnn. 6-7965. Evs. 8:30
3 Weeks Beg. Mon., July 13 "IOLANTHE" SEATS NOW.

The Funniest and Cleanest Play in Town
ARTHUR SINCLAIR and MAIRE O'NEILL in
OLD MAN MURPHY
FULTON Thea., W. 46th St. Evs. 8:50. Mats. Wed., Sat. Best Seats $2. Lge. 2417
KATHARINE CORNELL
in
THE BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET
by RUDOLF BESIER
Presented by KATHARINE CORNELL
Staged by GUTHRIE McCLINTIC
EMPIRE, Broadway-40th St. Mats. Wed. & Thur.
(No Saturday Performances)

ALIEN OUTFLOW CONTINUES TO EXCEED INCOME

Believed Now That Figures for Year Will Show Balance on Off Side

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, July 1—With figures complete on immigration through 11 months of the fiscal year, Labor Department officials now feel certain that the year will see more aliens leaving the country than entering, for the first time in America's history.

The May figures released today show 21,218 alien departures and contrasted with only 17,861 admittances. The figures to date for the 11 months show 268,211 departures as against 264,336 admittances. There is every indication, officials at the immigration bureau declared today, that the same trend will follow through June, with the nation concluding the year with a net loss of aliens from emigration of 5000 or 6000.

Under a clause of the immigration law, indigent aliens under certain circumstances can be returned at government cost to their native land. During April and May last 249 men and 82 women were returned. A total of 1767 aliens were deported from the United States in May, continuing the high rate of the past few months. To date 16,625 aliens have been deported in the fiscal year, against 15,608 during the same period last year.

In this connection the board of review of the department took the unprecedented procedure of recommending that the deportation of one Philip Paone, New York City, be proceeded with, despite the pardon granted by Gov. Franklin D. Roosevelt, June 11.

Governor Roosevelt issued the pardon two years after the release of Paone from Sing Sing, where he had served a term for grand larceny, "solely and exclusively for the purpose of preventing the deportation of the convict aforesaid," who would otherwise have been sent out under warrant of deportation. The board now rules that a pardon under such circumstances is without force. A court fight is expected. Paone after release from Sing Sing was convicted of another crime in Ohio for which he served sentence.

Old Age Aid Law Goes Into Effect

The Massachusetts old age assistance law which went into effect today found state authorities ready to administer its provisions. The law provides financial aid for persons of 70 years or older who have resided in the State for 20 years.

Municipalities are to pay two-thirds of the cost of the pensions and the State one-third. The Legislature added $1 to the poll tax to meet the added expense.

After legislation was enacted the question was raised as to whether the State should not be required to pay all the assistance because of the phraseology of the act, Richard Conant, Commissioner of Public Welfare, said today that no action would be taken on this phase of the subject at this time. That question probably will come to him when the commissioner is called upon to approve the bills for assistance sent to him by the municipalities.

Francis Bardwell, State Superintendent of Old Age Assistance, said where children of persons asking assistance decline to give help to their parents, despite the fact that they are in a position to do so, they will be prosecuted by municipalities.

Monitor News on Air Daily From WHDH

AROUND the world of news in 15 minutes is featured by The Christian Science Monitor in its daily broadcast from Station WHDH (361 meters-830 kilocycles). This program, entitled "The Monitor Views the News," is given each weekday at 6:30 p. m. (E. D. T.)

Referenda Costs Report Required

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AUGUSTA, Me., July 1—A full report of expenditures incurred by workers for and against referendum measures will be required for the first time in the next referendum election.

Under the law "any person, firm, committee, organization or corporation" making any expenditure or incurring any liability "calculated to induce or procure" any person must report such expenditure in detail to the Secretary of State.

Listed as reportable under the act are expenses for printing, publication, postage, clerk hire, newspaper advertising, renting of halls, soliciting agents, hauling of voters, "or any other act or thing," calculated to influence voters.

The Secretary of State is required to publish in newspapers a summary of these reports. The act fixes a penalty of $1000 or imprisonment of not more than 11 months for its violation.

GRIFFITH·PIANO·CO.

Home of
The Steinway
and other famous pianos
RADIOS
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
GRIFFITH SCHOOL OF MUSIC
605 BROAD STREET, NEWARK, N. J.
Mul. 4-5880

HOSIERY
by Japtex
To say nothing of famous Mark Cross Gloves, smart Lingerie and a complete line of foundation garments.
JAPTEX
HOSIERY SHOPS
NEWARK PATERSON ELIZABETH

GOOD HOUSES
Deserve
Good Paint

HOCKENJOS
MEANS THE BEST
Paints, Oils and Varnishes
NEWARK—829 Broad Street
ELIZABETH—86 Broad Street
PATERSON—114 Ellison Street
IRVINGTON—10 Washington Avenue
EAST ORANGE—558 Main Street
MORRISTOWN—18 Washington Street

NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
The Original
Arch Preserver Shoe Store
Announces the opening of a new branch to their old established business—a Polly Preston department.
$5 "Polly Preston" Shoes $6
AAAA to EEE
Sizes 1 to 12
Funk & Sutphin
893 Broad Street

Morrison & Olsen
Painting
Decorating
Papering
51 Walnut St., Montclair, N. J.
Tel. 6951

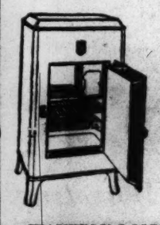
Watchung Title and Mortgage Guaranty Co.
Real Estate Titles Guaranteed
Money to Loan on Bond and Mortgage. First Mortgages for Sale to Investors.
Guaranteed Participation Certificates in First Mortgages for sale in multiples of $100.
493 Bloomfield Avenue
Montclair, New Jersey
Telephone Montclair 2-1550

Semi-Annual
Sale of Shoes
Many models reduced to
$6.45
Harrison Brothers
EAST ORANGE, 551 Main Street.
SO. ORANGE—19 So. Orange Ave.
MONTCLAIR—540 Bloomfield Ave.

Don't forget!
When in Atlantic City visit
Schwartz Bros.
Department Store
1619-21 ATLANTIC AVE.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

When in
Atlantic City
Visit Our
New Fountain-Tea Room on the Mezzanine
APPETIZING LUNCHES
COOLING DRINKS
M. E. Blatt Co.
Atlantic City's Great Department Store

A. H. Holmes, Jr.
COAL
Office and Yard
532 North Grove Street
East Orange, N. J.
Tel. Orange 3-0420

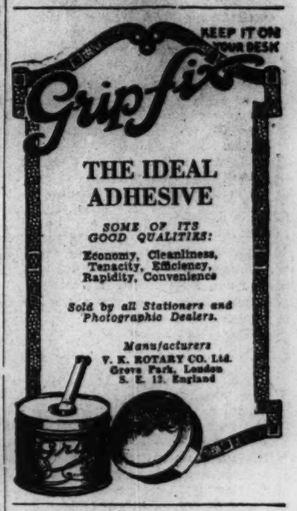
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY
Radio Repairing Lighting Fixtures

SWANSON & STEHLI
A complete line of Popular Radios
The Best in Electrical Refrigeration
SOLD ON CONVENIENT TERMS
Motor Repairs a Specialty
General Electrical Contractors

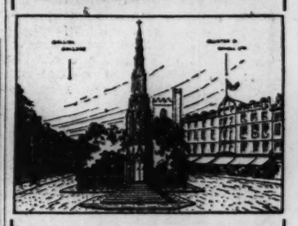
WAVERLY 2-8973 710 SPRINGFIELD AVENUE

FOR 38 years the premier bank in New Jersey's premier residential communities.
SAVINGS INVESTMENT & TRUST CO.
EAST ORANGE SOUTH ORANGE
NEW JERSEY

FOREIGN STAMPS SOLD and BOUGHT
Selections sent on approval to any part of the world.
LOWEST MARKET RATES.
Satisfaction guaranteed.
THE PREMIER STAMP COMPANY
65 Western Road, Hove, Brighton, England

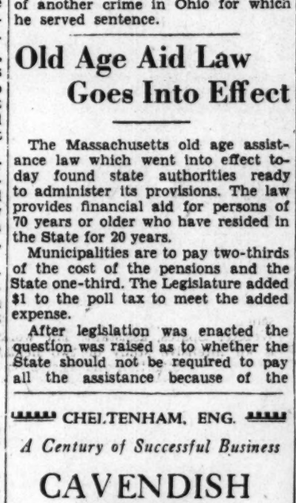
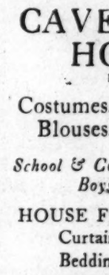
HIGH WYCOMBE, ENG.
CHAIRS
For CHURCHES, HALLS, etc.
Catalogues Free
MEALING BROS.
Limited
Avenue Chair Works
HIGH WYCOMBE
BUCKS, ENGLAND
Tel. High Wycombe 499

KEEP IT ON YOUR DESK
Gripfix
THE IDEAL ADHESIVE
SOME OF ITS GOOD QUALITIES:
Economy, Cleanliness, Tenacity, Efficiency, Rapidity, Convenience
Sold by all Stationers and Photographic Dealers.
Manufacturers
V. K. ROTARY CO. Ltd.
Grove Park, London S. E. 12, England


OXFORD, ENGLAND
Elliston & Cavell, Ltd.
Everything for Ladies' and Children's Wear

The Martyrs Memorial
VISITORS to Oxford will find every comfort provided in this modern Store with its rest rooms, writing room, cloak rooms, and
Restaurant
(Second Floor)
Overlooking the Spires and Pinnacles of this famous University.
"Two Lifts to All Floors"

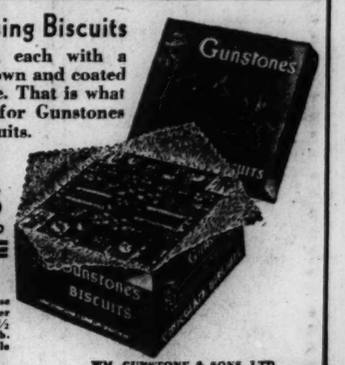
"Peggy"
from
Stanley's
Regd. Trade Mark
STANLEY (B'HAM) Ltd.
SMART GOWNS, COATS, SUITS and Everything for Ladies', Children's and Infants' Wear
BIRMINGHAM AGENTS FOR "CHILPRUFE"
68 to 76 CITY ARCADES and UNION PASSAGE
BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND

CHELTENHAM, ENG.
A Century of Successful Business
CAVENDISH HOUSE
Limited
Costumes, Coats, Furs, Blouses, Millinery
School & College Outfits for Boys & Girls
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Curtains, Linens, Bedding, Carpets
REMOVALS
ESTIMATES FURNISHED

refinement

Soothing and refreshing in the heat of the day, Potter & Moore's famous Mitcham Lavender is the ideal perfume for out of doors, whilst in the evening it breathes an inimitable note of elegance and refinement.

In dainty flasks, 1/6, 2/6, 4/6, 8/6, of all Chemists, Coiffeurs and Stores.
Potter & Moore's MITCHAM LAVENDER
That Lingering Loveliness
Potter & Moore Ltd., Lavender House, London, S. E.

THE UNIQUE WORK OF CRAFTSMEN IN SILVER has been preserved and handed down in perfect condition by cleaning with
Goddard's Plate Powder
Manufactured by J. Goddard & Sons, Leicester, Eng.
Stocked by Lewis & Conger and Charles & Co., of New York, and S. S. Pierce Co., Boston.

GRANT'S
HIGH STREET . CROYDON
The store for everything in Ladies' and Kiddies' Wear, also Soft Furnishings, Household Linens, China, Glass, Trunks, Stationery, Sports Equipment, etc.
Visitors to Croydon should make a point of seeing the Aerodrome and afterwards Rendevous at
GRANT'S RESTAURANT
Prior to Walking Through the Store
GRANT BROS., Ltd., High St., CROYDON, England

Dainty and appetising Biscuits
Eleven different kinds, each with a delicious flavour all its own and coated with the nicest Chocolate. That is what you get when you ask for Gunstones Assorted Chocolate Biscuits.
No one ever tasted better biscuits than
Gunstone's ASSORTED CHOCOLATE BISCUITS

If you cannot buy them locally, please write giving the name of your Grocer and we will gladly send you a 1½ lb. tin, post free, for 3/6, or a 4 lb. tin, post free, for 8/8, plus returnable tin, 8d.
These prices apply only to the U. K. Prices for other countries on application
WM. GUNSTONE & SONS, LTD.
The Biscuit Factory
SHEFFIELD, ENG.

CARR'S
TABLE WATER BISCUITS
The perfect biscuit to eat with cheese
IN SALE IN ALL THE LEADING STORES IN THE U. S. A.
Agents: Julius Wile Sons & Co. 10 Hubert Street New York City
MADE ONLY BY CARR'S OF CARLISLE

PUBLIC WORKS URGED BEST FOR UNEMPLOYMENT

German Economist Says Alternative Is Some Kind of Insurance

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

CHICAGO, July 1—Public works or unemployment insurance—this choice was placed before the unemployment conference at the University of Chicago yesterday by Prof. Karl Pribram of the University of Frankfurt.

The German professor indicated his preference for large programs of public works where they can be resorted to for the relief of unemployment in countries with large quantities of idle capital.

"During a depression there is a widespread paralysis of enterprise, due to the fear that an expansion of production might not offer any prospect of adequate sales," he said. "This attitude, it is argued, could be much more easily overcome if, from any direction, a stimulus were given to increase the output of goods for which there is an assured and remunerative market.

"The demand for these goods reacts on the producers of the products from which they are made, makes it possible to earn profits and undertake fresh productive investments, increases the amount of employment, creates new purchasing power for consumption commodities through the payment of wages to additional workers taken on, and each of these good effects reënforces the others, so that ultimately the absence of the spirit of enterprise is overcome.

"Plainly such a policy of production can only be pursued by a body which is in a position to distribute over a very wide area the risk involved in the placing of orders—in other words, by a public authority, which has the taxable capacity of the people behind it to cover that risk.

"It is equally clear that if such a policy is to succeed it can only begin to operate at a time when the adjustment of costs to lower prices is nearly completed and when the stocks that have overburdened the market during the depression have been disposed of.

"We are in the midst of a radical reorganization of the mutual relations of all branches of production, and this process entails enormous sacrifices, most of which have to be made by the unemployed. We are surrounded by such a refashioning of the world economic system as occurs only at very long intervals and has scarcely ever assumed such dimensions, because never before have the peoples of the earth been so closely linked together by the exchange of goods, by human intercourse, and by the mutual relation of debtors and creditors. The fundamental principles of the world economic crisis are common to all the peoples of the world."

If there is no attempt made to provide continuing work for the unemployed by a large-scale program of public works the only alternative is the organization of some kind of system of unemployment insurance, Dr. Pribram said.

"So long as we have to reckon with the fact that periods of unemployment occur from time to time in the cyclical course of economic life, we cannot regard with indifference the question how the unemployed are to be assured of a living in hard times. Our economic order is based essentially on the principle that every man is responsible for his own economic position. That principle has been broken time after time lately,—more in Europe than in America—but its significance as the motive power of economic activity has in no way changed. However, it can be effective only on condition that the individual is able to bear that responsibility.

"Unemployment insurance, which in those European countries in which it has been introduced, was originally conceived as an emergency measure, has lost its primary character—especially in England, Austria and Germany—because, owing to the prolonged stoppage of trade, unemployment could not be reduced, or could be reduced only temporarily, below a relatively high level.

"In such conditions a large part of the working class is permanently excluded from all share in economic activities and must somehow or other be provided for out of the national economic resources, until the protracted process of completely adjusting industry to the new market conditions has been carried through."

New Highway Plan In North Carolina

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

RALEIGH, N. C., July 1—North Carolina today assumed one of the biggest highway tasks ever undertaken by a single state, that of being responsible for the maintenance of every road within its borders. The 1931 general assembly placed under the State's protecting wing 46,000 miles of purely local roads, in addition to the 10,000 miles which formerly comprised the state system.

North Carolina roads now have been divided into 800 sections, with an average length of 70 miles each, and two local men have been placed in charge of each of these sections. They began their duties today. If a tree blows across a road in some remote mountain township, or a rock rolls from a hillside and blocks passage, it will be removed before sundown the day it happens. Each of the 800 section foremen will have an assistant.

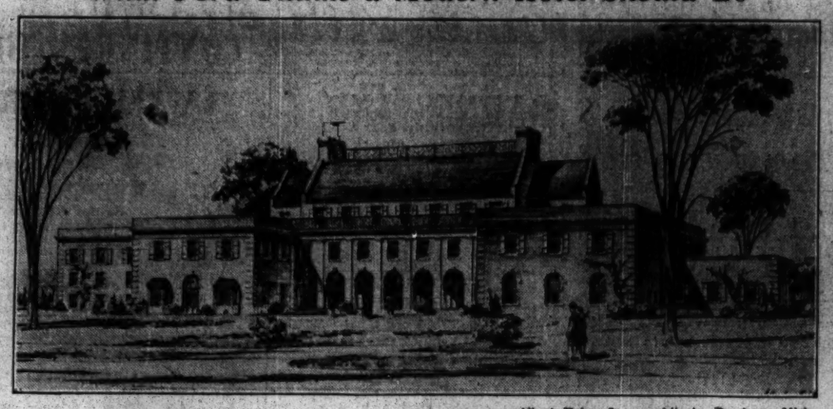
The State has been divided into 25 districts. These districts, in turn, are grouped into five major divisions, each with a division head. This pyramid organization heads up in the office of the State Highway Commission at Raleigh, the number of the commission having been reduced from 10 to five men, with E. B. Jeffress of Greensboro in charge.

SCHOOL SAVINGS INCREASE

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

MANCHESTER, Eng. — Reports from the school savings banks here show that thrift is being practiced more extensively than ever before. The total amount deposited in these institutions during the year was £140 more than in the previous year, while repayments were £1730 less. The number of transactions showed an increase of 45,500.

What Ford Thinks a Modern Hotel Should Be



Albert Kahn, Inc., architects, Dearborn, Mich.

DEARBORN INN, DEARBORN, MICH.

This Hotel, Patterned After Independence Hall, Philadelphia, Has Been Opened by Henry Ford as a Model Hostelry.

DEARBORN INN OPENED BY FORD AS HOTEL MODEL

Bit of New England in Middle West to Accommodate Museum Visitors

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

DEARBORN, Mich., July 1—Henry Ford's newest "bit of New England" in the Midwest, incorporated in the quaint colonial structure of his new Dearborn Inn, was opened to the public today after more than a year of painstaking preparation.

A tour of inspection by Mr. Ford, accompanied by Dearborn, Detroit and state officials, was the only formality attendant upon the opening, unless the hurried preparations for a capacity guest list may be counted. Advance reservations for rooms have poured in upon the management for two weeks past, it was announced, and the building will be filled to capacity for at least a week.

After that, according to L. T. Treadway, assistant manager, business will be rather dull. Situated 10 miles out of Detroit, in the quietest section of Dearborn, with no other drawing cards than the Ford Historical Village and the Ford Airport, the hotel was not built as a profit-making venture. It was built for two reasons—to accommodate visitors to the Ford development at Dearborn and to illustrate to the world Mr. Ford's idea of what a modern hotel should be.

Without the splendor and gaudiness that is part of the average "first-class" hotel, Dearborn Inn embodies as much luxury, its builder claims, as any other in the world. Its lobby, ballrooms and dining rooms are high ceilinged, airy and unpretentious, yet rich in beauty. The 100 guest rooms are spacious, and in all their furnishings and fittings follow the early American style which is the keynote not only of the inn, but also of the Ford historical collections and the buildings that house them and even of the newer office buildings of the Ford Motor Company.

Additional Dry Force Starts School To Learn How to Enforce Prohibition

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, July 1—Five hundred new dry agents started school today. The wholesale addition to the federal prohibition enforcement personnel, under Col. Amos W. W. Woodcock, increases the present force by one-third. The school which the new dry agents will attend will last two weeks, and is the regular course now prescribed for all additions to the dry force in order to give them a clear and comprehensive idea of their duties.

The instruction to new dry agents as it has been given for the past two years, has never been given to such large classes in the past. The outline of the work has been prepared by Harry M. Dengler, supervisor of schools of the prohibition bureau, and Webster Spates, assistant. The work is an intensive study of two fields, criminal investigation and legal problems. Mr. Dengler has mapped out the course of study in the first field and Mr. Spates, who is himself an attorney in the Department of Justice, has compiled the manual for dry agents' legal work.

The discussion of criminal investigation deals with the approved methods of running down criminals as employed in the federal and municipal detection bureaus. On the legal side the men go over the different constitutional provisions and laws affecting their work, and numerous Supreme Court decisions. The agents discuss with their instructor the question of search and seizure, who may issue warrants and similar matters. The effect of the schools in the past was described by an official here as "wonderful," with a notable improvement in public sentiment as a result of the better-trained men.

At the end of the two-week term there is a written examination, just as in other schools. The agent who fails to pass is unable to take up his duties. Finally at the end of five or six months the same agents are brought back from field duties and put through the same two-week course all over again. The second trip many of the problems that had seemed theoretical to the beginners have become of deep practical interest. By use of the school system and repetition of the courses, officials here assert, the country is getting the best trained dry agents that have ever been called to the service.

Federal Men Raid Reno

RENO, Nev., July 1 (AP)—Striking simultaneously in many parts of the city, 40 federal prohibition agents, under Col. George Seaver of San Francisco, late last night and early today made their first move to dry up wide-open Reno. Police headquarters was crowded with prisoners and huge piles of evidence.

HOWELL TO HEAD PRESS GROUP

ASHEVILLE, N. C., June 30 (AP)—Clark Howell Jr., business manager of the Atlanta Constitution, today was elected president of the Southern Newspaper Publishers' Association.

EDUCATION PLAN ADVOCATED FOR SMOKE NUISANCE

National Association Urged to Raise $100,000 Fund for the Campaign

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 1—Raising of a $100,000 fund to finance an educational campaign in smoke abatement was advocated to delegates at the twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Smoke Prevention Association of the United States here yesterday by J. E. Carey, smoke inspector of Toledo, Ohio.

Pointing out that the three greatest things standing in the way of fuel economy and smoke prevention are ignorance, indifference and intolerance, Mr. Carey said: "The ignorant, the indifferent and the intolerant will have to be either court-actioned out of existence or educated into intelligent, ambitious, tolerant workers for fuel conservation and smoke abatement."

The speaker declared he was decidedly in favor of education rather than any court action. In every class of endeavor, education has proved its worth and practicability. "If this convention will set on foot a campaign of education and follow it up by organizing leagues in every city through the country, we will not be long in accomplishing smoke abatement," he promised.

"One hundred thousand dollars invested in an educational program, carefully, thoughtfully and scientifically planned and managed, will result in fuel savings of close to $1,000,000, plus consequent smoke abatement."

Mr. Carey also advocated the establishment of a magazine "edited by the best combustion engineer money can procure," and in connection with the proposal of smoke abatement leagues through the country urged that the name of the national organization be changed to the Fuel Conservation and Smoke Abatement League of America.

Ernest T. Conlon, State Senator, of Grand Rapids, agreed with Mr. Carey that court action to compel smoke abatement was a feeble weapon. Like the inspector he declared better methods could be obtained by education.

O. W. Kastens of the Consumers Power Company, and past president of the National District Heating Association, discussed "District Heating." He declared there will be a centralized heating system for new real estate developments, providing heat for the dwellers in the districts. Industries are becoming conscious of the value of receiving heat from a central plant, and prospects are good for much progress in their direction, he said. The centralized system, he pointed out, reduced the smoke problem considerably.

Longyear Petition Under Advisement

The petition of two daughters and two granchildren of Mrs. Mary Beecher Longyear, seeking to break the latter's will, was taken under advisement by Judge Joseph R. McCoole after a lengthy hearing in the Norfolk Probate Court at Dedham yesterday.

The petitioners seek to prove that Mrs. Longyear was not of sound mind when the will was made which establishes a trust fund for the bulk of her property left to the Longyear Foundation. Personal bequests amounted to $240,000.

The Foundation, among other functions, has the care of a number of houses in New Hampshire and Massachusetts, formerly occupied by Mary Baker Eddy, Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, and Mrs. Longyear's Brookline residence, together with considerable historical data relating to the early history of the Christian Science movement, which were bequeathed to it.

Robert G. Dodge, attorney, associated with Romney Spring, representing the will, argued to the court that Mrs. Longyear was a woman always of sound mind and that neither of her daughters or other members of the family asked to have a conservator appointed over their mother.

Samuel Hoar and Judge Kenneth D. Johnson are counsel for the contestants. Mr. Hoar stated a number of alleged peculiarities of the benefactor.

The contestants are: Mrs. Abby Longyear Roberts and Mrs. Helen Longyear Paul, daughters, and J. M. Richardson Lyeth Jr. and Munroe Longyear Lyeth, grandsons of Mrs. Longyear.

Self-Criticism Needed in Speed Era, Says 'Gloomy Dean,' in Plan for Utopia

'Snags Might Sink Our Ship,' Unless Institutions Are Constantly Tested in View of Violently Accelerated Tempo, Says Eminent English Churchman

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON—"We are changing our environment as we go, changing it more rapidly than at any previous time. We are leaping into a new world made by ourselves," declared Dean Inge in a recent lecture on "The Future of the Human Race" at the Royal Institution.

"This violently accelerated tempo," he said, "requires continuous readjustment, increased inventiveness, unceasing criticism of ourselves and our institutions. Some snags might sink our ship."

The Dean then outlined his dream of the England of about 3000 A. D. The optimum population of Great Britain he fixed at 20,000,000. People will not live in crowds. War and tariff walls will be entirely abolished.

Most of the nations will be nearly self-supporting. Since there will be no wars, no army or navy, no national debt, no foreign politics, and no doles or class-bribery by taxation, the functions of the central Government will be almost nominal.

National taxation will be almost nil. The Parliament, which will meet for a fortnight or so every year, will be a dignified and elderly senate, composed largely of ex-officials and retired business men. Social prestige will be attached to a family who can show Al ancestors on both sides for three generations. There will be no lawyers. Crime will be very rare and never punished by imprisonment. There will be reformatories for first offenders. As to the danger of another great war ending our present civilization, the dean said, "It looks like a race between common sense and overwhelming catastrophe."

Hoover Asks Light On Coal Situation

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, June 30—A request by John L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, that the Government convene a conference of coal operators and miners to consider the problems of the coal industry was referred today by the President to the Secretaries of Labor and Commerce for their prompt consideration.

In a telegram to Mr. Lewis the President stated he was asking the two department chiefs to advise him on the "present attitude of those directly concerned in the industry as to the manner in which the Government might contribute helpfully in any movement designed to advance the well-being of operators and mine workers as well as all others interested in the bituminous coal situation."

Mr. Lewis communicated with the President recently, asking his intervention in solving the chaotic conditions current in this industry.

American to Navigate Graf Zeppelin to Pole

WASHINGTON, June 30 (AP)—Lieut.-Commander Edward H. Smith, invited to make the flight to the north pole on the Graf Zeppelin as the American representative, has been asked to navigate the huge airship in its polar flight, Coast Guard headquarters announced today.

Lieutenant-Commander Smith intends to study ice conditions during the flight. For years he has been the chief ice expert in the International Ice Patrol conducted by the Coast Guard in steamer lanes in the north Atlantic Ocean.

Think of It!
Regular Standard
SEIBERLING TIRES
AT THESE
Lowest Prices

SIZE	4-PLY STANDARD	6-PLY HEAVY DUTY
4.40-21	$4.98	....
4.50-20	5.60	$7.35
4.50-21	5.69	7.48
4.75-19	6.65	8.30
4.75-21	6.75	8.60
4.75-20	6.95	....
5.00-19	6.98	8.90
5.00-20	7.10	9.10
5.00-21	7.35	....
5.00-22	8.10	....
5.25-18	7.90	9.60
5.25-19	8.15	9.80
5.25-20	8.30	9.95
5.25-21	8.57	10.25
5.50-18	8.75	10.80
5.50-19	8.90	10.95
5.50-20	8.98	....
6:00-18	....	11.20
6.00-19	9.85	11.45
6.00-20	9.85	11.50
6.00-21	10.15	11.65
6.50-18	....	12.75
6.50-19	....	12.90
6.50-20	....	13.10

THESE ARE GENUINE STANDARD SEIBERLINGS—
Absolutely Fresh Stock—Not to Be Compared With Second Line Tires.
GUARANTEED FOR LIFE OF TIRE

DAVIS BROS., Inc.
1286 Boylston St. Ken. 3103
BOSTON
Near Fenway Ball Park
DRIVE-IN SERVICE
7 A. M. to 9 P. M.

The National Rockland Bank of Boston
Capital $1,500,000
Surplus $3,000,000
BOSTON OFFICE
50 Congress Street
ROXBURY OFFICE
2343 Washington Street

CITIZENS NATIONAL TRUST & SAVINGS BANK of LOS ANGELES
Established 1890
Sound banking for more than forty years.
Branches conveniently located throughout the city

ISISOL MOTOR OIL
17¢ per Quart Special
5 gallons Medium Oil (S.A.E. Nos. 30 or 40) Delivered $3.40
Quality and Origin Guaranteed.
Prices quoted other quantities and grades.
1085 LABORATORIES, Inc. Stamford, Conn.

ENNA JETTICK SHOES FOR WOMEN
YOU NEED NO LONGER BE TOLD THAT YOU HAVE AN EXPENSIVE FOOT
$5 $6
AAAAA to EEE—Sizes 1 to 12
To insure proper fitting, buy your Enna Jetticks at the following Enna Jettick Specialty Shoe Stores:
CURTIS Shoe Stores
31 Winter Street
307 Washington St. North Station
34 Hanover St. 198 Washington St.
BOSTON
TUNE IN—Enna Jettick Melodies every Sunday evening at 8 over WBZ-WBZA and 35 associated stations.

ORIENTAL RUGS
Antique and Modern Rugs and Tapestries
HAND WASHING and EXPERT WEAVING
All work done by skilled native weavers . . . Rugs stored for the season.
Telephone Ken. 6627
Warren S. Bazirgan
420 BOYLSTON STREET
BOSTON, MASS.

AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING
Official Brake and Headlight Station, No. 280
Motor Overhauling and Rebuilding—Body Repairs—Painting
TRICO VISIONAL WIPERS
We are equipped to handle any job regardless of size
H. W. Johnson & Co.
INCORPORATED
796 Huntington Avenue, Boston
Regent 3005—3006

Announcing
Hayward Motors, Inc.
Ford PRE-HOLIDAY Salon
JUNE 29th to JULY 3rd
SHOWING FOR THE FIRST TIME
THREE NEW MODELS
Convertible Sedan
De Luxe Tudor
Cabriolet
featured in addition to our regular full line of latest model Ford Cars.
HAYWARD MOTORS INCORPORATED
1019 COMMONWEALTH AVENUE, BOSTON
Open Evenings Until 10 P. M.

Lewandos
CLEANSERS - LAUNDERERS - FUR STORAGE
BOSTON
Delivery Service
North Shore to Gloucester
Collection and delivery all year round
South Shore to Chatham
Collection and delivery from May to November
Prompt Attenton to Telephone Calls
TELEPHONES
Salem—1800
Lynn—Breakers 1860
Manchester—0637W
Wareham—500
Commonwealth 3900

"YOU CAN RELY ON LEWANDOS"

Mid-Summer SALE
On All Merchandise
Phenomenal Reductions
on All Discontinued Models
Mabel P. Howard
CORSETIERE
Costume Jewelry, Hosiery and Handkerchiefs. We specialize in Rust Craft Greeting Cards.
Kenmore 0772 Open Evenings
283A HUNTINGTON AVE., BOSTON

Chandler & Co.
Tremont Street at West, Boston

3 Little Ounces of Prevention . .
"finesse" TRADE MARK by TREO
Keep your summer figure in perfect control with the maximum of cool comfort!
Crush it in your hand . . . it's very little more than a handkerchief! Slip into it with its so-light, wide mesh elastic panels—do you know it's on? Put your moulded-line satin evening gown over it—look in the mirror. Now you know you are wearing a "Finesse"!
The Girdle $5
Foundation $7.50
The Girdle moulds your hips with its two panels of wide mesh elastic. The finest double net brassiere of the Foundation Garment is designed after a French model and omits a back entirely save for a wee elastic fastening.

3000 More Pairs Plain Colored All-Wool Imported
GOLF HOSE
It's the SECOND TIME to our knowledge (our former shipment was the FIRST) that an ALL-WOOL English Golf Hose of equal quality has EVER come into this country to sell at $1.
$1
In all our years of merchandising we've NEVER seen a comparable golf hose value! Pure Botany wools, six-and-three ribbed; seamless looped-on tops; splendid weight. Sizes 10½ to 12. Sixteen plain colors including black, navy and white.
Also, Imported Camel's Hair-and-Wool GOLF HOSE. Natural shade. Reg. $3. $1.95
Mail or phone orders—call HUBbard 2700
MAIN STORE—STREET FLOOR—MEN'S FURNISHINGS
JORDAN'S
JORDAN MARSH COMPANY
BOSTON

Do You Know
That the Telephone Company will provide special equipment for customers with impaired hearing? It enables the user to amplify the sound and regulate its volume.
Aurists will be specially interested. Tell your hard-of-hearing friends about it. Not expensive—$2 a month, which includes maintenance and renewals.
Call any Telephone Business Office for details.

IVY CORSET "IT CLINGS"
IVY CORSETS
Ivy Combination Garments
Ivy Brassieres Ivy Bandeaux
Shops located in the following cities:

BOSTON, MASS.	378 Boylston Street
HARTFORD, CONN.	60 Pratt Street
WASHINGTON, D. C.	1301 G Street, N. W.
WELLESLEY, MASS.	8 Church Street
NEWPORT, R. I.	100½ Thames Street
WORCESTER, MASS.	32 Pearl Street

UNITED CORSET SHOPS, INC.

Intercollegiate, Club and Professional Athletic News of the World

WOOD REACHES FINAL ROUND

Defeats Perry in the Wimbledon Men's Tennis Singles

WIMBLEDON STADIUM, Eng., July 1 (AP)—Sidney B. Wood Jr., 20-year-old American Davis Cup player, today won his way to the finals of the Wimbledon tennis championships in a four-set victory over Frederick J. Perry, 21-year-old English player. The scores were 4—6, 6—2, 6—4, 6—2.

Playing brilliantly after the first set, in which he was wild, Wood went on to win from England's most promising younger player in decisive fashion.

It was a striking triumph for the cotton-haired New York boy who only attained top-flight tennis ranking last year and was playing for the second time at Wimbledon. As a youngster of 16 he entered the famous tournament, but did not go far.

The meeting was the second between Wood and Perry, the American youngster, playing then in white knickers, having defeated the athletic son of a Labor M. P. in a little tournament at Harrow four years ago. Perry then was an unknown suburban player, doing his practicing on the courts in the public parks.

Cecilie Aussem, Germany's ranking woman tennis player today won her way to the semifinal round by defeating Miss Payot of Switzerland, 2—6, 6—2, 6—1. Her victory gives Germany two places in the semifinals, the United States one and France one.

Fraulein Hilda Krahwinkel, the other German player, will play Helen M. Jacobs of Berkeley, Calif., in one semifinal match tomorrow, while Miss Aussem plays Mme. Rene Mathieu of France.

The veteran French doubles team of Henri Cochet and Jacques Brugnon defeated the Japanese pair of Jiro Sato and Manou Kawachi, 4—6, 6—2, 8—6, 6—4, to enter the semifinals. They will play Shields and Wood.

Mme. Rene Mathieu of France won her way to the semifinals yesterday, with a three-set victory over Peggy Scriven of England, 1—6, 6—2, 7—5. Miss Scriven was the third and last of the British women to fall in the singles play yesterday.

George M. Lott Jr. and John W. Van Ryn, the second American doubles pair, won their way to the quarterfinal round in a four-set match with Baron de Kehrling and H. W. Artens of Austria, whom they defeated 6—3, 6—2, 6—8, 6—1.

MEN'S SINGLES—Semifinal Round

Sidney B. Wood Jr., U. S. A., defeated Frederick J. Perry, Great Britain, 4—6, 6—2, 6—4, 6—2.

MEN'S DOUBLES—Fourth Round

G. Perry Hughes and Fred J. Perry, Great Britain, defeated G. L. Rogers, Ireland, and Hyotaro Sato, Japan, 6—3, 6—4, 4—6, 7—5.

George M. Lott Jr., and John W. Van Ryn, U. S. A., defeated Baron de Kehrling and H. W. Artens, Austria, 6—3, 6—2, 6—8, 6—1.

Virgil Kirby and N. G. Farquharson, South Africa, defeated H. G. N. Lee and J. S. Olliff, Great Britain, 7—5, 4—6, 6—4, 3—6, 6—4.

MIXED DOUBLES—Second Round

Henri Cochet, France, and Mrs. Eileen Bennett Whittingstall, Great Britain, defeated Hiro Satoh, Japan, and Miss Thomas, Great Britain, 6—1, 6—4.

P. D. B. Spence and Betty Nuthall, Great Britain, defeated H. G. N. Cooper, and Miss G. R. Sterry, Great Britain, 5—7, 8—6, 6—3.

WOMEN'S SINGLES—Quarterfinal Round

Mme. Rene Mathieu, France, defeated Peggy Scriven, Great Britain, 1—6, 6—2, 7—5.

Cardinals Again Best Giants, 11-10

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
St. Louis	42	24	.636
New York	38	27	.585
Chicago	36	29	.554
Brooklyn	36	32	.529
Boston	35	33	.515
Philadelphia	29	36	.446
Pittsburgh	25	40	.385
Cincinnati	25	45	.357

RESULTS JUNE 30

St. Louis 11, New York 10.
Chicago 14, Philadelphia 3.
Boston 5, Pittsburgh 1.
Cincinnati 4, Brooklyn 3.

St. Louis made it two in a row over the New York Giants at the Polo Grounds on Tuesday, to go farther out in front in the National League pennant race. The score of the game was 11 to 10. The Chicago Cubs again narrowed the margin between themselves and the Giants by defeating Philadelphia, 14 to 3. Boston evened its series with the Pittsburgh Pirates by 5 to 1. Cincinnati stopped the rush of the Brooklyn Robins, 4 to 3.

The second game of the series at the Polo Grounds found both the Cardinals and Giants hitting the ball hard. New York made 18 hits, while the champions made 14. Three pitchers, Derringer, Stout and Johnson, were sent into the game by Manager Gabby Street to stop the New York rally, the first named getting credit for the victory. Adams, Blades and Frisch each made three hits for the Cardinals. Allen, New York outfielder, went to bat as a pinch hitter in the fifth inning with the bases full and hit a homer.

Two homers by Manager Rogers Hornsby featured Chicago's triumph over the Phillies. The first of the two drives came in the first inning with Cuyler and English on the bases. His second came in the fifth with the bases full. Pat Malone went the distance for the Cubs and although hit freely, was effective in the pinches. The Cubs pounded three Philadelphia pitchers for 19 hits, five of them for extra bases. Danny Taylor hit two doubles for the Cubs.

Fred Frankhouse pitched and won his fourth straight game by holding the Pirates to five scattered hits. He had as his opponent in the box Ervin Brame, who also went the route and was touched for 10 hits. Randy Moore gave the Braves a good start in the first inning by hitting a homer with two on bases. Earl Sheely drove in two more runs for Boston in the eighth with a single. Wes Schulmerich led the Braves' attack with three out of four. Lloyd Waner made two hits for the Pirates.

The Reds connected with 14 safe hits off Hollis Thurston, Brooklyn pitcher, but it was three errors that brought about victory. Two unearned runs were scored by the winners in the first inning, while another was put across in the fourth that would not have counted had the Robins fielded perfectly. Banny Frey started for the Reds, but was taken out in the eighth inning. Larry Benton finished. Cuccinello hit a single, double and triple for the winners. Thurston made two hits for the Robins. The scores:

AT NEW YORK

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
St. Louis	2	0	3	1	2	0	3	0	0	11	14	2
New York	0	3	0	1	4	0	0	3	0	10	18	0

Batteries—Derringer, Stout, Johnson and Wilson; Mitchell, Morrell, Heving, Chaplin and Hogan. Winning pitcher—Derringer. Losing pitcher — Heving. Umpires — McGrew, Reardon and Magerkurth. Time—2h. 17m.

AT BOSTON

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Boston	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	x	—	5	10	1
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—	1	5	1

Batteries—Frankhouse and Spohrer; Brame and Grace. Umpires—Moran, Donnelly and Quigley. Time—1h. 24m.

AT PHILADELPHIA

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Chicago	3	0	0	0	4	1	0	2	4	14	19	0
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	3	11	3

Batteries—Malone and Hartnett; Dudley, Fallenstein, Schesler and Davis. Losing pitcher—Dudley. Umpires—Rigler, Clarke and Pfirman. Time—2h. 9m.

AT BROOKLYN

Innings—	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Cincinnati	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	14	1
Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	—	3	8	3

Batteries—Frey, Benton and Sukeforth; Thurston and Lopez. Winning pitcher—Frey. Umpires—Stark, Klem and Scott. Time—1h. 50m.

Forty-six Enter Pro Tennis Play

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

NEW YORK, July 1—Professional tennis takes its place beside amateur tennis, now in its jubilee year, as an integral part of the spectacle of the game, next week, when the United States championship for the tutors and exhibitors of the game is staged on the stadium courts at Forest Hills. Forty-six players, including the pick of the United States and Europe, are listed in the draw made public yesterday by the Professional Lawn Tennis Association, which will have immediate charge of the tourney, with the United States Lawn Tennis Association, and the West Side Tennis Club, in full coöperation.

Vincent Richards, as the present champion, is naturally the first seeded player, but next in order will come William T. Tilden 2nd, whose recent performances would come close to justifying his advance. Francis T. Hunter, Howard O. Kinsey, J. Emmett Paré, and Robert Seller, are also listed in special positions, while the foreign places at the foot of the halves have been assigned to Karel B. Kozeluh, though the latter is familiar to most of the American fans as a former professional champion and a companion of Tilden in his recent tours, and a new challenger from the other side of the Atlantic, Albert Burke, the Englishman, now among the leading coaches in France for several years.

To replace the Gushee Rooster, won outright last year by Richards, a new trophy for the championship has been donated by Bernon S. Prentice, president of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club, and a warm friend of the game. As there is already a Prentice trophy, for international intercollegiate play, the new emblem, which must be won three times for permanent possession, has been named officially as the Championship Cup of the United States, for Professional Singles.

The complete draw is as follows:

UPPER HALF—Second Round

William T. Tilden 2d, Philadelphia, vs. James Burns, Rockaway Hunting Club.

James J. Mitchell, The Country Club, Richmond, Va., vs. Gordon W. Lynn, Meadow Club of Southampton.

J. Basil Maguire, County Tennis Club, Hartsdale, N. Y., vs. Tobey Hanson, The Homestead, Hot Springs, Va.

Daniel Kenney, Newport Casino, vs. J. Emmett Paré, Chicago, Ill.

Howard O. Kinsey, California Tennis Club, San Francisco, vs. winner of Rudolph-Murray match.

First Round

Arthur Rudolph, Hartford (Conn.) Golf Club, vs. Robert K. Murray, Forest Hills.

Charles M. Wood, Fairview Country Club, vs. Everett H. Waugh, Medical College, Richmond, Va.

Thomas Iannicelli, Agawam Hunt Club, Providence, vs. George Agutter, Forest Hills.

Theodore Reriche, Meadow Club of Southampton, vs. John Cardegna, Ardsley Club.

John A. Collum, Suburban Club, Baltimore, vs. Lief Nordlie, Morris County Golf Club.

Philip Brain, Skokie Country Club, Chicago, vs. Capt. Valen Yavorsky, Greenbrier Club, White Sulphur, W. Va.

D. Daniel Martella, Wilmington Country Club, vs. Albert Burke, France.

LOWER HALF

First Round

Vincent Richards, Norwood Country Club, Long Beach, vs. Julius Boise, Alleghany Country Club, Pittsburgh.

Paul L. Heston, Washington, vs. Allen Behr, Jackson Heights Tennis Club.

Raymond G. Johnson, Racquet & Tennis, New York, vs. Walter A. Kinsella, Fraternities Club, New York.

Selwyn Orcutt, Century Country Club, Rye, vs. George J. Alcorn, Point Judith, Narragansett Pier.

Henry A. Geidel, Nassau Country Club, vs. William J. Croker, Onwentsia Club, Chicago.

Herman Peterson, Lido Club, Long Beach, vs. James Kenney, Ridgefld, Conn.

Edwin J. Faulkner, Hill Top Club, Philadelphia, vs. Hamlin S. McGrath, Orange (N. J.) Lawn Tennis Club.

Second Round

Robert Seller, San Francisco, vs. winner of Falkner-McGrath match.

Francis T. Hunter, New Rochelle, vs. Philip Bagby, Rock Hill Club, Kansas City.

James Burns Jr., Rockaway Hunting Club, vs. James Reid, Crescent Athletic Club, Brooklyn.

Martin J. Simmons, New York, vs. Rudolph Nobel, Forest Hills.

Philip Moore, Montclair Athletic Club, vs. Karel B. Kozeluh, Prague, Czechoslovakia.

SHELBURNE IN SEMIFINAL

WESTBURY, N. Y., July 1 (AP)—J. Watson Webb's Shelburne four gained the semifinal round of the Meadowbrook Club Cup tournament yesterday by beating Templeton, 18 to 15. Templetoon, riding without its leader, P. W. C. Guest, was given a nine-goal handicap and led until the seventh period when Shelburne scored five goals. The Firestones, Len and Harvey, scored five goals each for the winners, and Webb and Lieut. A. R. S. Baren four each. H. B. Martin scored thrice for the losers, Raymond Guest twice and H. W. Schaffer once. Townsend Martin, Templeton's No. 1, did not score but played an excellent game.

BRAVES PURCHASE URBANSKI

The Boston Braves announced on Tuesday the purchase of William Urbanski, infielder, from the Montreal club of the International League, for a reported price of $35,000 and other considerations. Charles Chatham, who is the property of the Braves and at present with Jersey City, also of the International League, will be transferred to Montreal under optional agreement. Urbanski will play third base for the Boston club and is expected to add punch as well as defensive strength to the infield.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Newark	43	30	.589
Montreal	44	31	.587
Rochester	40	33	.548
Baltimore	38	39	.494
Toronto	36	40	.474
Jersey City	35	44	.443
Reading	32	41	.438
Buffalo	33	43	.434

RESULTS JUNE 30

Rochester 4, Buffalo 3.
Montreal 12, Toronto 3.

Eleven Little Yachts Have Entered for Big Ocean Race

Start From Off Newport, R. I., at Noon, Independence Day—Five Especially Built for the Contest—Ketch Lismore, Scratch Boat

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1—Half a score of sturdy little sail boats, officered and manned almost wholly by amateurs of Europe and America, are gathering here for the seventh transatlantic yacht races in the last two-thirds of a century. The fleet will push off from Brenton's Reef lightship at noon on Independence Day, and the leaders are expected to reach the finish at Plymouth, Eng., breakwater 20-odd days later. The course distance is 2950 miles by the great circle.

The event was projected two years ago jointly by the Cruising Club of America and the Ocean Racing Club of England, and has resulted in the building, during the past six months, of five boats specially for the contest and brought entries of half a dozen more craft, including two from England and one from Germany, although the latter, the Stoertenecker, which did not leave Dover until May 30, may not arrive in time.

Before being recognized as a starter, each yacht will be thoroughly inspected and the abilities of her officers and a majority of her crew passed upon by the officials of the holding organizations. Under the rules skippers and navigators must be amateurs as well as a majority of the crew.

The yachts will be rated under the Bermuda rule, used in the shorter ocean races off the coast during the past few years, and time allowances figured by the North American Y. R. U. table. It is expected that the scratch boat, the ketch Lismore will allow the limit yacht, the schooner Amberjack II about 30 hours.

Three of the designers will sail on their boats, and one of them, Olin J. Stephens, will pilot his own craft, the others being Frank C. Paine on the cutter Highland Light and C. Sherman Hoyt on the schooner Mistress.

The two English entries, the ketch Ilex and the cutter Maitenes II came over by steamer and fitted out in yards on Long Island Sound. The former is owned by a number of officers of the Royal Engineers and has quite a racing record, having won the Fastnet race in 1926 and second place in the same race last year, after which she won the Queen's Cup in the race from Plymouth to Santander, Spain. The Maitenes II was built in France in 1925 and is owned by Lieut. W. B. Luard.

The sketch Lismore, a German production, is owned by William Roos, who with his wife and several men attempted to compete in the Spanish-American race of 1928 in the schooner Rofa, which was dismasted in mid-ocean, with a rescue of all hands.

The chief prize is the Transatlantic Trophy, given by the two clubs, with second and third prizes. In addition, the Pinta, given in memory of the late Walter J. Curtis, who sailed his yacht of that name in the Spanish-American race, goes to the yacht making the best day's run, while the Percy Chubb prize will be awarded to the best navigator. The Pinta made the best day's run three years ago of 259 miles.

Some of the best-known amateurs in the country will be in the fleet, among them:

Highland Light—Capt. D. F. Wolfe, F. C. Paine, John Parkinson, N. F. Parkinson, Roger Hallowell, Joseph Outerbridge, W. G. Saltonstall, John Hain and Carl Wiegant.

Mistress—Capt. G. E. Roosevelt, C. S. Hoyt, Douglas Green, Everard Endt, Fred Ferris, William Foster, Duncan Sterling and Dr. S. T. Snedicor.

Amberjack II—Capt. P. D. Rust Jr., Lieut. Douglas Dixon, R. N.; Henry Hill, Walter Schleter, Samuel Lane and Robert Hart.

Capt. Paul Hammond of the ketch Landfall won the race three years ago with his schooner Nina, while Captain Wolfe of Highland Light was second in the same event with his schooner Mohawk. Winners of the previous transatlantic races follow:

First Race—Dec. 11-26, 1866, New York to Cowes. Triangular match. Three starters. Won by James Gordon Bennett Jr.'s Henrietta; Fleetwing second; Vesta, third.

Second Race—July 4-27, 1870, Queenstown to New York. Match race with two starters. Won by James Ashbury's Cambria, Dauntless second.

Third Race—March 13-28, 1887, New York to Cowes. Match race with two starters. Won by Robert T. Bush's Coronet, Dauntless second.

Fourth Race—May 17-June 1, 1905, New York to Cowes. German Emperor's Cup. Eleven starters. Won by Wilson Marshall's Atlantic.

Fifth Race—June 30-July 24, 1928, New York to Santander. Queen Victoria's Cup. Four starters. Won by Paul Hammond's Nina.

Sixth Race—July 4-25, 1928, New York to Santander. King Alfonso XIII's Cup. Five starters. Won by William B. Bell's Elena.

Rig	Yacht	Length	Owner	Residence
Ketch	Lismore	71 feet	William Roos	New York
Ketch	Landfall	70 feet	Paul Hammond	New York
Schooner	Mistress	61 feet	George E. Roosevelt	Oyster Bay, L. I.
Cutter	Highland Light	61 feet	Dudley F. Wolfe	Boston
Schooner	Water Gipsy	59 feet	William McMillan	Princeton, N. J.
Ketch	Stoertenecker	55 feet	Ludwig Schlembach	Hamburg
Yawl	Dorade	53 feet	Olin J. Stephens	New York
Ketch	Ilex	50 feet	Capt. J. H. D. Bennett	London
Cutter	Skaal	49 feet	Richard F. Lawrence	New York
Ketch	Maitenes II	49 feet	Lieut. W. B. Luard, R. N.	London
Schooner	Amberjack II	46 feet	Paul D. Rust Jr.	Marblehead

MAY PLAY LACROSSE AT OLYMPIC GAMES

LOS ANGELES, July 1 (AP)—The lacrosse championship of the world, which has been hanging fire since the 1928 Olympic games, may be decided during the tenth Olympiad here in 1932.

The Los Angeles organizing committee announced today that England, Canada and the United States probably would compete in a series of three exhibitions to break a deadlock.

An effort is being made by the three nations to raise funds to send their lacrosse teams to Los Angeles for exhibitions. Each team won and lost one game at Amsterdam.

In the first Amsterdam contest, the Yankees defeated Canada 6 to 3. England then won from the United States, 7 to 6 and the Canadians came back to win 9 to 5 from the British.

The three lacrosse exhibitions find a place on the international games program here in the same fashion as American football. The international Olympic federation permits staging of a game typical to the nation holding the contests and another little known in the part of the world where the cosmopolitan classic is staged.

The Los Angeles committee decided that lacrosse was the most foreign to western United States.

RACING STARTS IN THE ROYAL HENLEY

HENLEY-ON-THAMES, Eng., July 1 (AP) — The Royal Henley regatta opened today with preliminary heats in the Diamond Sculls and eight-oared events, Guye, of the London Rowing Club, having the honor of winning the first race. He defeated E. Thompson, a club mate, in 9m. 33s.

Bobby Pearce, giant former Australian and Olympic sculling champion, now representing the Leander Boat Club of Hamilton, Ont., defeated Ted Brocklebank, famous Cambridge stroke oar, in one of the other preliminary heats.

It was a hard race with the slightly built Brocklebank, acclaimed the most polished oarsman in England, giving Pearce the best race he has had in years. At the halfway mark of the mile and 550 yards Pearce had a lead of a length. Brocklebank cut this to a half length at the finish but could not catch the flying Canadian. The time was 8m. 32s.

The London Rowing Club's second crew defeated Lady Margaret of Cambridge in a preliminary heat of the Thames Challenge Cup and will meet Tabor Academy tomorrow.

London Rowing Club rowed the Henley distance in 7m. 35s. to win easily.

The Thames Boat Club won the first of the preliminary heats in the competition for the Thames Challenge Cup, the division in which the Tabor Academy crew from the United States is entered, defeating the St. Catherines eight of Cambridge.

Neither Tabor nor the Harvard third varsity, which is entered in the senior division—the Grand Challenge Cup—rowed today, but both had workouts. After their workout the crews watched the races.

ROBINSON AND STONE ADVANCE TO FINAL

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

WASHINGTON, July 1 — Lieut. Stanley K. Robinson and Lieut. John N. Stone, a last-minute entry, advanced to the final round of the Army tennis tournament doubles play, yesterday, at Columbia Country Club.

Robinson and Stone defeated Maj. P. W. Newgarden and Lieut. P. K. Morrell to advance to the semifinal round, 7—5, 6—2, and then defeated the seeded No 2 doubles team, Lieut. David D. Hedekin and Lieut. Millard Lewis, 6—2, 6—2, 5—7, 6—4, to advance to the final round.

Maj. J. Huntington Hills and Maj. Leland S. Hobbs, seeded No. 1 team, defeated Capt. R. Z. Crane and Lieut. J. S. Moran, 6—0, 6—3, 4—6, 6—2, to advance to the final.

GIANTS OBTAIN HUNNEFIELD

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP)—The New York Giants obtained Bill Hunnefield, an infielder, from the Boston Braves on waivers, yesterday. Hunnefield, who originally broke in with the Chicago White Sox and later was with the Cleveland Indians, will be used at second base in the event Chick Fullis does not stand up in that position.

FOLEY TO ASSIST STROTZ

CHICAGO, July 1 (AP)—Joe Foley, veteran Chicago sportswriter, has been made assistant to Sidney N. Strotz, president of the Chicago Stadium Corporation.

BY-PLAYS

A PROMISING YOUNG ASSOCIATION

SELDOM, if ever, has a new intercollegiate athletic association been formed with more promise of developing into one of the most popular of organizations than is the case with the Intercollegiate Rugby Association recently formed in New York City with Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Pennsylvania and Syracuse. All that has kept its membership confined to these five colleges is the fact that it was organized after a hurried call with a number of colleges which will no doubt later join the organization. Unable to be present at the meeting, Cornell and Dartmouth are among those practically sure of being added to the list before the next college Rugby season is due to open.

Rugby is really nothing new so far as the United States is concerned, as that was the game first played as football by Rutgers, Harvard, Yale and Princeton. Since then the game has been radically changed until there is very little resemblance between the present American colige football game and the Rugby game as played in England and as played during the last year or two by a few of the eastern colleges. It is surprising how the game has taken hold in so short a space of time, and few of those who have followed its career at Harvard, Yale, Princeton and Pennsylvania during the last few months will hesitate about predicting that it will soon be recognized as one of the real spring sports at a vast majority of the colleges of the United States. There is nothing which would seem to indicate that it will supplant the present fall game, but there are some of the undergraduates who have played it in the eastern colleges who are freely predicting that it will in time become the big spring game.

Some years ago, when the American college type of game was "on the carpet," Stanford and California took up Rugby in place of it, and they turned out some very strong teams; but with the return of the American college game at the universities, the Rugby game entered into a decline. With the game increasing in popularity in the East, however, it is only to be expected that ere long all of the big colleges of the country will be playing it, and with plenty of spectators, although it is hardly to be expected that the demand for tickets will ever become as pressing as is the case with the big games of American football.

HOW ABOUT THE WESTERN OPEN CARDS?

A lot has been said about the new golf ball and the effect it would have on the scores turned in at the big tournaments, but it will be difficult for those persons who have been looking for a serious enlargement in the scores turned in to find any consolation in the case of the western open championship tournament recently played at the Miami Valley Country Club course. With Ed Dudley turning in a card of 280 for the 72 holes of medal play, Walter C. Hagen turning in a 284, and the competitive course record being smashed twice in as many days, it looks as if the opponents of the new ball would have to look further than to high cards if they are going to make any impression in their battle for the return of the old ball.

BARNES AND BELL ADVANCE

Play Two Singles Matches Each on Second Day in Clay Court Tennis

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

ST. LOUIS, July 1—The schedule of play today in the United States golden jubilee clay court tennis championship at the Triple A Club here includes eight matches in the third round of the men's singles event and seven opening round contests in the men's doubles. Bryan M Grant Jr., Atlanta, the defending champion, will meet the winner of an unfinished second-round match, between G. M. Serrano and C. W. Barnes Jr., both St. Louisans. Barnes led, 4 to 2, in games in the third set when rain stopped play.

In a match which should provide some interesting tennis, George J. Jennings, Chicago, United States Public Parks champion, opposes Karl F. Kamrath, University of Texas star. While Jennings appears a slight favorite, he may find unexpected opposition from Kamrath, who has just finished a campaign in eastern cities.

Donald H. Cram, Nashville, Tenn., will meet Gustave H. Boehmer Jr., second ranking St. Louis player, in another third-round encounter likely to produce close play. The Nashville entrant advanced through his defeat of T. A. Eggmann, East St. Louis, former Cornell University tennis captain, while Boehmer eliminated W. Vernon Tietjen, St. Louis, recent winner of the central intercollegiate title.

In his first two matches played on June 30, Bruce P. Barnes, Austin, Texas, won from E. H. Serrano, St. Louis, and Herbert Weinstock, St. Louis. He was near defeat, however, in the first. Serrano led 4 to 2 in the third set, but by net play and more accurate placements Barnes evened the secore and ultimately won the set and match.

R. Berkeley Bell, New York, arrived in time to play two matches. He took the first 6—3, 6—2, from Raymond Wiese, St. Louis, but was forced to a 6—4 score by John L. Tatom, Omaha, Missouri Valley Conference titleholder in the second. In the last two games of the second set against Tatom the New Yorker mixed the pace considerably to gain points.

The men's doubles draw contains the names of 25 teams. Bruce Barnes is paired with Bell and the team was sedeed second to Vines and Gledhill. The other seeded teams are Grant and Burwell and Jennings and Braudt.

Ball and Barnes and Jenfings and Braudt are in the upper bracket while Vines and Gledhill and Grant and Burwell are in the lower half of the draw. The summary:

UNITED STATES CLAY COURT TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP—Men's Singles—First Round

Bryan M. Grant Jr., Atlanta, Ga., defeated R. W. Anderson, Wichita Falls, Texas, 6—0, 6—1.

Bruce P. Barnes, Austin, Texas, defeated E. H. Serrano, St. Louis, 10—8, 2—6, 7—5.

Scott Rexinger, Chicago, won by default from C. C. Adams, Austin, Texas.

P. F. Halpine, Omaha, won by default from Wilmer M. Hines, Columbia, S. C.

R. Berkeley Bell, New York, defeated Raymond Wiese, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—2.

C. L. McMillin, St. Louis, won by default from J. L. Beaver, Gainesville, Ga.

Karl F. Kamrath, Austin, Texas, defeated Henry Yutze, Minneapolis, 6—1, 6—3.

SECOND ROUND

Grant, Atlanta, defeated William Bell, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—1.

Bruce Barnes, Austin, Texas, defeated H. L. Weinstock, St. Louis, 6—3, 10—8.

Clayton Lee Burwell, Charlotte, N. C., defeated Scott Rexinger, Chicago, 0—6, 6—1, 6—1.

Keith E. Gledhill defeated S. N. Schneider, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—0.

Sterling Cutlip, Kansas City, defeated B. K. Phillips, St. Louis, 6—4.

W. D. Brown, St. Louis, defeated N. W. McIninch, Kansas City, 6—3, 6—3.

W. M. Martin Jr., New York, defeated Halpine, 6—1, 6—3.

Ellsworth H. Vines defeated R. J. Portnoy, St. Louis, 6—0, 6—0.

Donald Cram, Nashville, defeated T. A. Eggman, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—1.

C. H. Boehmer Jr., St. Louis, defeated W. V. Tietjen, St. Louis, 6—1, 6—1.

R. Berkeley Bell, N. Y., defeated J. L. Tatom, Omaha, 6—4, 6—4.

Doc Barr, Dallas, Texas, defeated Sidney Smith, St. Louis, 6—3, 6—4.

G. J. Jennings Jr., Chicago, defeated C. L. McMillin, St. Louis, 6—2, 6—2.

Karl F. Kamrath, Texas, defeated Keith Werner, Los Angeles, 6—1, 6—1.

Facts About Major League Baseball Players—No. 41

RAYMOND C. (BABE) PHELPS

Brooklyn Robins, National League

First played professional baseball with the Chattanooga club of the Southern Association in 1925. Borrr in Dunlap, Tenn., Dec. 11, 1903. A right-handed batter and thrower. Six feet 2 in. in height, weighs about 200 pounds, and is a pitcher. His record:

	Games	Won	Lost
1925—Chattanooga, Southern Association	...	...	...
1925—Meridan, Cotton States League	29	9	12
1926—High Point, Piedmont League	40	27	8
1927—High Point, Piedmont League	21	6	7
1927—Jacksonville, Southeastern League	...	...	...
1928—Albany-Jacksonville, Southeastern League	44	18	17
1929—Jacksonville, Southeastern League	41	23	11
1930—Brooklyn, National League	36	14	7

MEAD BETTERS GRACE RECORD

Blazing Sunshine Prevails in All Parts of England to Help Cricketers

ENGLISH COUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIP

	1st Ins. W	L	W	L	AWR	Pts
Nottinghamshire	8	1	1	3	0	134
Lancashire	5	2	4	2	1	105
Kent	6	1	1	1	1	102
Yorkshire	5	1	2	0	4	101
Gloucestershire	5	3	4	1	0	98
Middlesex	4	3	6	0	0	90
Derbyshire	3	2	5	1	2	81
Surrey	3	1	4	4	1	81
Worcestershire	3	6	3	1	1	67
Essex	3	7	1	3	1	63
Hampshire	2	3	1	4	3	59
Warwickshire	2	4	2	2	3	58
Sussex	2	4	4	1	1	57
Leicestershire	1	3	3	6	1	52
Somersetshire	1	5	0	5	0	45
Glamorganshire	1	5	0	3	3	36
Northamptonshire	1	4	1	5	0	35

BY RADIO FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON, July 1—Results of first-class cricket matches, concluded yesterday, apart from the test match at Lords, were as follows:

County Championship — Derbyshire defeated Worcestershire at Derbyshire by seven wickets, scores were Worcestershire 301 and 173, Derbyshire 294 and 181 for three wickets; Essex defeated Glamorganshire at Chelmsford by nine wickets, scores were Glamorganshire 363 and 204, Essex 448 for nine wickets declared, 120 for one wicket; Hampshire defeated Sussex at Portsmouth by 41 runs, scores were Hampshire 196 and 206, Sussex 119 and 242; Somersetshire defeated Northamptonshire at Northampton by 10 wickets, scores were Somersetshire 444 for nine wickets, second innings declared at 31 for no wicket, Northamptonshire 219 and 255; Yorkshire defeated Kent at Folkestone by an innings and 112 runs, scores were Yorkshire 467 for nine wickets declared, Kent 167 and 188; Gloucestershire led Leicestershire in the first innings at Leicester, scores were Leicestershire 271 and 250, Gloucestershire 439; Middlesex led Nottinghamshire in the first innings at Nottingham, scores were Nottinghamshire 423 and 74 for no wickets, Middlesex 821 for nine wickets declared; Lancashire led Warwickshire in the first innings at Birmingham, scores were Lancashire 402 and 214 for five wickets declared, Warwickshire 351 and 116 for two.

Nonchampionship Matches—Surrey defeated Cambride University by 168 runs, scores were Surrey 486 for nine wickets declared and 134 for seven declared, Cambride 208 and 244; Oxford University defeated H. G. D. Leveson-Gowers' eleven by 48 runs, scores were Oxford 483 for seven declared and 202 for six declared, Leveson-Gowers' eleven 217 and 320.

C. P. Meads' performance in eclipsing Dr. W. G. Grace's aggregate of 126 "centuries"—a feat previously accomplished only by J. B. Hobbs, famous Surrey star of world fame—stands out as one of the most remarkable occurrences in first-class cricket matches concluded yesterday in the English County Cricket championship. When the season started Mead, Hampshire veteran left-hander, required two more three figure innings to pass Grace's total of such scores, now he has got them and stands second to Hobbs among the great "centurions" of cricket.

For the first time this summer, blazing sunshine prevailed in all parts of the country and this condition, so welcomed by batsmen, is reflected in some unusually tall scores—such as Middlesex's 621 in its first innings against Nottinghamshire. This is easily the best team tally returned this season. E. H. Hendren hit 232 of this number and in so doing brought his aggregate for 1931 past the thousand mark.

The most significant change in the championship standing is the appearance of Lancashire in second place. The Northerners have been rising steadily in recent weeks and so have their rivals—also from northern England—Yorkshire. It is apparent now that they are going to make a strong bid once again for honors that have been theirs many times in the past. Kent, the former leader, is just now on a slippery patch and would have slipped down further than one place if it hadn't so happened that Nottinghamshire, Lancashire and Gloucestershire were all unable to win their most recent matches outright.

Among the few bowling feats of distinction this week, chief is H. G. Owen-Smith's "hat trick" for Oxford against H. G. D. Leveson-Gowers' eleven at Eastbourne. The young South African test match player dismissed H. P. Ward, C. D. McIvar, and H. J. Palmer with consecutive deliveries. The Oxonians now rank favorites for the annual historic intervarsity match next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

OREGON STATE COACH RESIGNS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

CORVALLIS, Ore.—The resignation of R. W. Newman, head track and freshman football coach at Oregon State College since 1926, was announced here recently by Paul J. Schissler, director of athletics. Newman plans to give up coaching and practice law. No successor to Newman was announced although Schissler intimated that present members of the staff were likely to be advanced to fill the vacancies. A. L. Stiner, former star athlete at Nebraska and for the past few years varsity line coach and freshman track coach, is being mentioned as the man most likely to take over the job as head track coach.

TAILER WINS MEDAL PLAYOFF

LONG BEACH, N. Y., July 1 (AP)—T. Suffern Tailer of Cherry Valley and Princeton won the medal in the qualifying round of the metropolitan junior golf championship at the Lido Country Club yesterday, defeating T. Desmond Sullivan of Essex Falls, N. J., in a playoff 78 to 83. Tailer and Sullivan finished the regular 18 holes in a tie at 75 and played another 18 to determine which should win the qualifying medal.

Washington Loses Ground by Defeat

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	P.C.
Philadelphia	43	19	.716
Washington	44	24	.857
New York	35	30	.538
Cleveland	34	34	.500
St. Louis	29	37	.439
Boston	28	38	.408
Detroit	26	43	.377
Chicago	23	42	.354

RESULTS JUNE 30

Philadelphia 11, Cleveland 7.
St. Louis 7, Washington 0.
Detroit 8, New York 7 (11 innings).
Boston 7, Chicago 1.

The Washington Senators lost ground on Tuesday in their effort to catch the Philadelphia Athletics in the American League race, when defeated by the St. Louis Browns,

Porto Rican Independence Plan Fails to Gain Popular Support

Unionist Party Opposed From Within as Well as Without on Issue of Freedom From Connection With United States

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SAN JUAN, P. R.—Apparently the Unionist Party's determination to seek island independence has not met with the widespread approval its leaders anticipated when the recent special convention made its new declaration of independence, and declared the Republic of Porto Rico.

There are rumblings of discontent within the party management itself, and several of its useful leaders have publicly given notice of their retirement from the party while Dr. Antonio R. Barcelo, senator, president of the party, whose activity brought about the new independence move, has been less aggressive than in his former campaigns.

In addition to a lack of popular support for the new independence move there has been much actual opposition voiced. This opposition comes from within the party itself, from all other parties and from island leaders who are not looked upon as having any strong party connections. One of the most specific statements of all was from Jorge Bird Arias, vice-president and manager of the Fajardo Sugar Company, that no American citizen could properly be a Unionist now that the party had declared for independence as its sole political aim.

Some see in the message Dr. Barcelo sent direct to President Hoover a desire to modify his course, or at least to take from the party's action something of its sting. Dr. Barcelo's own speech to the convention was most critical of the American régime in Porto Rico, but in describing the party's demand for independence he advised the President this did not "imply an inimical attitude toward the United States."

Two explanations are given for the lack of enthusiasm with which the independence demand has been received. One is that most of the conservative leaders of the Unionist Party, while supporting independence as an ultimate ideal, are for the present at least more inclined to favor a period of autonomous government, realizing that independence, if granted now, would be economically and probably politically disastrous. Another is that Dr. Barcelo has gone to extreme measures hoping to stage a political comeback. Until a little more than a year ago, when he was voted out of the Senate presidency, Dr. Barcelo was the admitted dominating figure in island political life.

If the immediate reaction to the revived independence program of the Unionists was one of seeming enthusiasm, this enthusiasm has not been sustained. In fact, the popular reaction is generally judged as disappointing to Dr. Barcelo.

No withdrawal from the party has been more significant than that of Mariano Abril, Senator, one of the founders. Mr Abril asserts that fully 80 per cent of the party is for autonomy now, rather than independence. No longer in sympathy with the party's program, Mr. Abril said he would retire from the junta central, or governing body of the party.

Most of the others who have severed their relations with the party are district and local leaders who at election times are held responsible for the delivery of large blocks of votes.

To offset these losses to the Barcelo forces there have been no announcements of new recruits. The attitude of the Nationalist Party—the orthodox organization of island nationalism—is perhaps best expressed by the invitation of its president, Pedro Albizu Campos, to the Unionists to show the strength of their determination for independence by resigning from all government positions. Such drastic action is not in the Unionist program. No resignations have been announced. The Nationalists propose to continue to refuse to coöperate with the Government or accept any public office except as elected Nationalists.

As things now stand, all island parties are opposed to the Unionist program, even including the small but effective Nationalist group. The Alianza, which claims title to the Unionist Party name and has had its claim sustained by the Supreme Court, is opposed to anything that Dr. Barcelo is for. The Republican Party is for statehood while the Socialist Party, probably the largest group and led by Santiago Iglesias, sees as the only hope for the island assistance from the United States in the solution of economic problems. It wants closer association with the United States. Senator Iglesias stressed American economic aid as the island's greatest need in a message he cabled to President Hoover, stressing Labor and Socialist opposition to the Unionist program. Politically, Mr. Iglesias took the opportunity to imply a good word for Gov. Theodore Roosevelt in asking the President to continue to aid the Governor for island betterment.

While Alianza, Republicans and Socialists are all opposed to the Unionists, the three are by no means united. They may be before the next election, based on opposition to independence. But within the Alianza group there is a conservative element that looks with equal fear on independence and socialism. These conservatives see independence and socialism as equally radical. At present they feel themselves torn between two evils. They may stay away from the polls altogether.

If discussion of independence continues, the next election will give something of an index on the island's desire to remain with the United States or to cut loose from it.

Brazilian Finances Balance Favorably

RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil, July 1 (By U. P.)—Brazil in the first five months of 1931 showed a favorable balance in its finances of approximately $12,000,000, according to official announcement yesterday. The figures gave the favorable balance as 21,179 contos gold ($7,415,000) plus 55,929 contos of paper milreis (approximately $4,335,000).

Income was given as 63,062 contos gold (about $22,100,000) plus 395,383 contos of paper (about $30,500,000) against expenditures of 41,883 gold contos ($14,600,000) plus 339,454 paper contos ($26,300,000).

In the same period last year receipts were 57,825 gold contos (about $20,240,000) plus 480,501 paper contos ($37,240,000) and expenses were 31,345 gold contos ($11,000,000) plus 501,940 paper contos ($38,900,000).

'Million-Dollar' Town Auctioned Off for $900

WARREN, Idaho, July 1 (AP)—The town of Warren, once famous as a million-dollar gold-mining community, was sold yesterday for $900.

The sale was conducted under the hammer of Theodore C. Peterson of the General Land Office at Blackfoot and the purchasers were the 35 residents who have chosen to make the town their permanent home.

The forest-bound little "ghost" city first came into prominence at the time of a gold discovery in 1862.

VIRGIN ISLANDS LEFT IN CIVILIAN CONTROL

ST. THOMAS, Virgin Islands, July 1 (By U. P.)—The United States Navy officially withdrew from the Virgin Islands yesterday, leaving the islands entirely in charge of Dr. Paul M. Pearson of Pennsylvania, who took over his duties as civil governor under appointment by President Hoover, on March 1.

Only a radio station remains among the former activities of the Navy Department here.

Registered at the Christian Science Publishing House

Among the visitors from various parts of the world who registered at the Christian Science Publishing House yesterday were the following:

Mrs. Ruth I. Barton, Columbus, Ohio.
Mrs. Donna Sweeney, Muncie, Ind.
Miss Daisy Marine, Wilmington, Del.
Miss Emma B. Reiter, East Orange, N. J.
Walter J. Stein, Harrison, N. Y.
Mrs. Alma J. Manson, Indianapolis, Ind.
Clarence L. Manson, Indianapolis, Ind.
Mrs. Lydia Henne, Ann Arbor, Mich.
Bett Renew, Utica, N Y.
Mrs. Mary Park, Ottawa, Can.
Mrs. Luella M. J fers, Cedar Lake, Ind.
R. S. Jeffers, Cedar Lake, Ind.
Miss Dorothy Backus, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Nellie E. Mitchell, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Will Ella Haseltine, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Nellie D. Cornelius, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Mollie A. Howe, Omaha, Neb.
Charles C. Howe, Omaha, Neb.
Mrs. Martha Van Buren, Mayfield, N. Y.
Mrs. Fannie J. Ring, Mayfield, N. Y.
Mrs. J. B. Reilly, Whittier, Calif.
Kathleen Reilly, Whittier, Calif.
Patricia Reilly, Whittier, Calif.
Maud H. Greenlaw, St. Andrews, N. B.
Marguerite Gzowski, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. Jennie M. Brown, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. Emma A. Rixford, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. John P. Leary, Boston, Mass.
Mrs. Margaret D. Obear, St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. J. H. Watt, Chicago, Ill.
J. H. Watt, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Anne E. York, Pasadena, Calif.
W. H. Mann, Minneapolis, Minn.
Mrs. Annie B. Mercer, Macon, Ga.
Mrs. Mate G. Taylor
Miss Lucile A. Taylor
Philo D. Bates, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. Bessie M. Bates, Detroit, Mich.
Ruth Jean Bates, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. E. H. Beemer, Reno, Nev.
Miss Clara N. Beemer, Reno, Nev.
Mrs. Vera R. Holley, Detroit, Mich.
Miss Ida M. Mergott, Newark, N. J.
Mrs. Nancy Redhead, Beckenham, Eng.
Mrs. Mildred R. Morier, Rochester, N. Y.
Miss Dorothea M. Wright, Rochester, N. Y.
Alexander S. Gross, Lawrence, L. I., N. Y.
L. S. Thompson, Detroit, Mich.
Fred I. McCandlish, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Alice Cheney Smith, Pasadena, Calif.
Mrs. Mary F. Harstedt, New York, N. Y.
Mrs. Alice M. McClemont, Detroit, Mich.
Mrs. Jennie Reid, Chicago, Ill.
E. Edward Hooper, St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. Alvina Brunekhorst, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Miss Mildred F. Wright, Rochester, N. Y.

Bonded Debts of Major Cities

City	Census 1930	Gross Bonded Debt: General Improvement	Public school	Public utility	Total	Sinking Fund: Total	Net Bonded Debt: Total	Excluding self-supporting	Per capita excluding self-supporting	Total Gross special assessment debt
Group 1 Population 500,000 and over										
New York, N. Y.[1]	6,930,446	$819,318,428	$345,039,427	$1,139,120,717	$1,003,378,572	$425,044,431	$1,588,332,141	$1,110,899,094	$161 15	$77,337,000
Chicago, Ill.[2]	3,376,438	300,358,302	12,800,000	6,786,000	319,944,002	N.	319,944,002	319,944,002	94 64	
Philadelphia, Pa.[3]	1,950,961	627,450,500	69,436,000	806,886,500	132,918,063	$62,570,435	403,979,835*	207 07*	N.	
Detroit, Mich.[4]	1,568,662	142,511,667	74,634,620	925,694,301	21,279,858	200,574,443	210,364,858	127 76	15,282,011	
Los Angeles, Calif.[5]	1,238,048	39,522,160	82,000,538	100,918,850	201,771,048	3,961,437	197,810,011	91,582,693	74 19	17,159,000
Cleveland, Ohio[6]	900,429	80,586,500	27,104,000	23,702,500	140,483,000	18,883,500	126,790,419	96,408,760	101 74	11,989,549
St. Louis, Mo.	821,960	60,000,000	3,067,000	11,300,000	74,083,000	12,808,515	61,274,485	32,691,366	63 93	N.
Baltimore, Md.[7]	804,874	153,060,967	23,042,102	33,822,600	183,915,670	29,582,091	154,333,569	123,133,139	153 01	.....
Boston, Mass.[8]	781,188	88,988,801	8,815,800	54,362,700	150,767,101	41,466,041	109,276,060	66,882,363	84 50	.....
Pittsburgh, Pa.	669,817	52,467,200	28,075,209	5,947,000	86,589,909	5,783,055	80,806,854	72,256,455	107 93	N.
San Francisco, Calif.[9]	634,394	23,301,400	14,575,000	98,161,000	141,276,400	N.	141,276,400	74,589,400	118 12	N.
Milwaukee, Wis.[10]	578,249	29,313,107	9,422,500	71,000	48,806,607	3,785,157	45,018,450	44,963,450	77 76	N.
Buffalo, N. Y.	573,076	43,470,973	430,160,190	17,449,520	91,100,683	8,199,843	82,900,841	70,718,290	123 40	7,020,429

*=Estimated.

[1]*New York City.* Gross debt excludes $57,930,000 corporate stock notes for various purposes; utility bonds include rapid transit, $636,109,833, and docks, $168,862,500; sinking funds not separately reported.

[2]*Chicago.* General bonds include sanitary district bonds, $96,379,902, 86 per cent of the total debt of the district, based upon the proportion of taxable values within the city. Debt reported does not include county, $32,790,000, or forest preserve district (coextensive with county) bonds, $49,900,000; $3.88 per cent of the taxable values of the county are within the city. Utility bonds include street lighting, $6,490,000.

[3]*Philadelphia.* Includes city and county; general bonds include utility debt, not separated. Self-supporting debt is estimated.

[4]*Detroit.* Utility bonds include street railway, $27,687,000, and lighting $20,894,000; in addition to the debt there is a street railway purchase contract for $8,580,000.

[5]*Los Angeles.* Debt reported exeludes flood control, $9,195,069, based upon the proportion of 91.3 per cent of the flood control district valuation in the city; utility bonds include light and power, $38,104,000, and harbor, $23,243,000; school bonds are issued by the county, amounts reported being the city's prorated share based upon valuation 86.7 per cent of total.

[6]*Cleveland.* Utility bonds include light and power, $6,589,000.

[7]*Baltimore.* Utility bonds include Western Maryland Railroad, $1,875,000.

[8]*Boston.* Utility bonds include rapid transit, $54,424,700. County debt, $1,880,000, which is paid by the city, not included.

[9]*San Francisco.* Utility bonds include street railway, $2,603,000.

[10]*Milwaukee.* Debt does not include metropolitan sewerage commission, $21,432,000, 79.47 per cent of which is paid by the city.

CHART COMPILED BY THE DETROIT BUREAU OF GOVERNMENTAL RESEARCH.

These Figures, as of Jan. 1, 1931, Are From Data Furnished by Members of the Governmental Research Association, City Officials and Chambers of Commerce.

Municipal Debts on Up Trend, Government Survey Shows

Increase Noted in 243 United States and 14 Canadian Cities in Study Made by Detroit Research Bureau

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

DETROIT—Municipal indebtedness in the United States and Canada continues to soar skyward, apparently bent on attaining a financial stratosphere before pausing to catch its breath.

Such, at least, seems to be a fair deduction from the ninth annual tabulation of the bonded indebtedness of municipalities on both sides of the international border, completed under direction of C. E. Rightor, chief accountant of the Detroit Bureau of Governmental Research, Inc. The results of the survey were announced in the June issue of National Municipal Review.

A total of 243 United States cities and 14 Canadian cities are included in the survey and Mr. Rightor reports: "The trend of municipal indebtedness is found as a whole to be upward, as reflected by the weighted average of all cities."

For 13 cities in Group 1 (500,000 or more population) the average bonded debt is $132.02 per capita; and for 12 cities exclusive of New York, $117.48. This is as of Jan. 1, 1931, and compares with the average for the 12 cities of $111.36 for 1930.

The average of 11 cities in Group 2 (300,000 to 500,000 population) is $103.88, excluding Washington which has no indebtedness; and of 10 comparable cities which reported both years as $107.12 compared with the 1930 figure of $96.49.

The weighted average of 61 cities in Group Three (100,000 to 300,000 population) is $84.34; and of 55 comparable cities, in 1931 and 1930 respectively, is $86.13 and $82.44.

For 77 cities reporting in Group Four (50,000 to 100,000 population) this average is $84.72; and for 58 comparable cities is $86.11 and $80.71, for the two years.

In Group Five (30,000 to 50,000 population 74 cities reported and the weighted average is $68.22; and for 54 comparable cities in the two years is $65.77 and $60.83.

"The weighted average of all cities in the five groups for which returns are complete," the report says, "is $108.40 per capita. Of this number, 189 cities reporting in both 1930 and 1931 show a per capita increase from $95.75 to $100.67.

"For 12 Canadian cities the weighted average is $114.92; and for 10 comparable cities the weighted average this year is $116.01, which compares with $106.15 last year."

"Weighted average" is the net total debt (excluding self-supporting debt) divided by total population, for all cities included in the computation, Mr. Rightor explains.

Except for Washington, which has no debt, Rockford, Ill., is lowest of all cities, with per capita debt of $14.81. The highest is Atlantic City, N. J., with $386.89. These are both Group Four cities.

For Group One the range is from $63.63 for St. Louis to $207.07 for Philadelphia; Group Two, Seattle, Wash., $69.91 and Newark, N. J., $140.68; Group Three, Peoria, Ill., $18.60, and Yonkers, N. Y., $181.46; Group Five, Moline, Ill., $17.68, and White Plains, N. Y., $305.12.

For the Canadian cities, the lowest per capita debt is found at Winnipeg, with $59.87, and the highest at Victoria, $217.62.

Many reasons for the wide divergence were found. Mr. Rightor's analysis mentions two as follows: "Atlantic City has an accredited population of 66,000, which in the summer mounts to possibly 366,000, which explains in part its high per capita debt, and of its total, $190 per capita is invested in a revenue-producing but not quite self-supporting auditorium. Of Dearborn's debt ($329 per capita), $177 per capita is in its school system, also an unusual condition."

The Rightor analysis cites an authority to show that voters authorized bond issues in 1930 amounting to a total of $626,000,000, compared with $420,000,000 in 1929, and puts total sales of state and local bonds for 1930 at nearly $1,400,000,000. He states that of 77 cities in the first three groups reporting in both years, 53 had a substantial increase in total gross bonded debt, the rest reporting reductions. The analysis does not go into the reasons for the large increase in the last year, but of course bond issues were urged upon the voters in many instances as a means to relieve unemployment and in many instances are having a salutary influence this year.

The accompanying table is condensed from the Rightor report, showing the relative standing of the cities. The gross bonded debt includes bonds for general improvement, public school and public utilities; so does the sinking fund. The column giving the net debt "excluding self-supporting" indebtedness, is the amount of bonded debt which must be retired solely from taxes.

Savannah Gaining In War on Illiteracy

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

SAVANNAH, Ga.—The school authorities of Savannah and Chatham County have just concluded another year of experimenting to keep down adult illiteracy in the city and the county.

The authorities have closed for the summer the Opportunity School financed largely through private means, but supervised by the school authorities. This school is attended by those who are employed, but who wish to continue their education. There were several hundred graduates and students at the close of the term.

The night school of the regular school system also has closed with the bestowal of awards and certificates upon nearly 100 pupils in both academic and commercial courses. The students included business men, carpenters, contractors, bookkeepers, stenographers and many others who sought to better their equipment for life.

Georgia's school attendance law requires children between the ages of 6 and 18 years to go to school, but there is no provision for teaching adults, similarly, at the public expense. The authorities in Savannah have obtained a ruling from their attorney that helps to correct this situation. It has been held that a citizen is entitled to a certain number of years' schooling, regardless of when it is taken.

Extensive work also is being done in the schools for Negro adults. This work is partly supported by the Board of Education, but the fund is materially supplemented from other sources. More than 100 students have been attending this school.

Commission Ready For Power Survey

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

COLUMBIA, S. C.—Gov. Ibra C. Blackwood has completed his appointments to the newly formed South Carolina Power Investigation Commission. He considers the selection of the body "as one of the greatest and most far-reaching duties to confront me since my inauguration."

The commission consists of five members, including three former state senators, a banker and business man and a newspaper publisher.

Members of the body are H. Klugh Purdy, former Jasper County senator and Richland lawyer; Charles W. Coker, farmer and manufacturer and former Darlington County senator; Tom B. Pearce, former Richland County senator; E. P. Vandiver, Anderson banker and business man, and B. H. Peace, Greenville newspaper publisher.

The commission was created by the last Legislature to investigate power rates in South Carolina, and determine whether companies are receiving a fair return on their investments and whether rates are too high. It was contended during the legislative debates that power companies carry "watered" stocks; that income from actual investment is exorbitant, and that rates in South Carolina are much higher than in near-by states, particularly Georgia and Alabama.

An appropriation of $50,000 was made by the General Assembly for the investigation, to be collected by a tax on power companies. The body has been vested with extraordinary powers under the legislative act, including the right to summon witnesses and deal with acts of contempt, with the authority of a circuit judge. It is hoped that the investigation will not exceed the next session of the General Assembly.

The Main Line Banking Institution
Total Resources $12,000,000
The Merion Title and Trust Company
NARBERTH ARDMORE BALA-CYNWYD

DIGNIFIED LOANS
$50 to $300
advanced to husbands and wives by America's foremost family finance company. No endorsers. Confidential service. Nearly ½ lower rate above $100.
Nationally advertised in C. S. M.
HOUSEHOLD FINANCE CORPORATION
10 Convenient Offices in Philadelphia
Look in your telephone directory for address of the Household Office nearest your home.

Bon Voyage
CARDS
in great variety to express your wishes for a happy journey.
Diaries, Trip Books, Writing Supplies, Stationery, priced to meet every need.
Visit our comfortable store for your summer requirements.
DECKER'S
INCORPORATED
STATIONERS
24 SOUTH 15TH STREET
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Spr. 6094 Race 0032

Reductions
Extraordinary Values
in
Hats and Gowns
The hat shop
1609 chestnut st. philadelphia

GITTLER'S
1631 Chestnut St.
Spruce 6344 2nd floor rear
PHILADELPHIA
Our Perfect Permanent Wave
is wide and flat, has ringlet ends—leaves hair soft and glossy. Can be set by yourself. Price..... $10
Genuine Frederics Wave.... $12
The Wave that sets itself. ALL WRAPPING DONE BY MR. GITTLER.

Fresher by a Day
At 5 A. M. the cows are milked. At 5 A. M. tomorrow the milk is delivered to your doorstep. Truly a remarkable achievement—made possible by our fleet of glass-lined wonder trucks. All Scott-Powell milk is better, sweeter and
"Fresher by a Day"
45th and Parrish Sts. Philadelphia
Telephone Preston 1920
SCOTT-POWELL "A" MILK

Correct and Comfortable Apparel and Accessories for Mid-Summer Occasions.
The W. B. Schlosser Store
30 NORTH THIRD STREET
HARRISBURG, PA.

DIGNIFIED LOANS
$50 to $300
advanced to husbands and wives by America's foremost family finance company. No endorsers. Confidential service. Nearly ½ lower rate above $100.
Nationally advertised in C. S. M.
HOUSEHOLD FINANCE CORPORATION
PITTSBURGH PA.
N W Cor. 4th and Wood St Phone: Court 3486
N. E. Cor Liberty Ave. and Seventh St. Phone: Grant 0246
511 Wood Cor. 5th Phone: Atlantic 1198
Cor. 5th Ave. and Smithfield Phone: Atlantic 5332

Chas. W. Goerlitz
ACCOUNTANT
Business Administration
518 Oliver Building
ATlantic 0653
PITTSBURGH, PA.

VAN DYK'S SPRING VALLEY BUTTER
Creamy Milk from Queen Cows Fed on Full Grass Is the Basis of This Rich, Heavy, Nourishing Butter.
"It's the Taste That Tells"
VAN DYK
431 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

COLLE'S RINGLETTE
Given by a new process, requiring no overhead machines. The wrapping, which is most important, is done personally by Mr. Colle, a prominent waving artist of long experience. This wave exclusive with us. Can be had only at this shop. Complete $10.00
Colle's 339 FIFTH AVE. Aronson Bldg. Phone Atlantic 0554
PITTSBURGH, PA.

"The Store of Unhurried Service"
ARCH AID
Ritter & Morrison
Arch-Aid Shoe Shop
(Shoes exclusively for Women)
Expert Fitting Service
501 Liberty Ave., cor. Stanwix St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

LUNCHES 25c to 50c
DINNERS 75c and $1
MANOR GRILL
Mrs. C. J. Mandel
Private Room for Dinner Parties Luncheon and Bridge
SUNDAY DINNER $1.00 5 to 8:30 P. M.
1724 MURRAY AVENUE
Pittsburgh, Pa. Hazel 4928

Clothing Clearance Sale
ENTIRE STOCK
of Three and Four-Piece
SUITS TOP COATS RAIN COATS
25%
OFF FORMER PRICES
Originally $55 to $85
NOW $41.25 to $63.75
Nominal Charge for Alterations
will-Price
539 Wood St., PITTSBURGH

SCHMIDT'S SHOES YOU'LL LIKE
EVERY PAIR FITTED BY OUR FOOT X-RAY
PITTSBURGH, PA.
627 Smithfield Street
Also Sunny Dormont

WE CAN SERVE YOU WELL IN THESE DEPARTMENTS
Checking Savings
Foreign Safe Deposit
Steamship Travel
DIAMOND National Bank
5th and Liberty Aves., Pittsburgh

CLEARANCE SALE
SPECIAL NO. 1—All summer wash dresses, silks, prints and flat crepes, at very low prices.
SPECIAL NO. 2—A large selection of white crepe hats reduced to $5.00.
AFTER JULY 4th SALE
BATHING SUITS
French spun zephyr, 100% pure wool. Two-piece suits, shorts and tights, in all combination colors at two low prices.
$2.75—$4.75
GRACE'S
231 Oliver Avenue
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Walk-Over
243 5th Ave.
Pittsburgh
Pennsylvania

Insurance of Every Description
MARY RUTH GAUL
133-135 South Fourth Street
Lombard 5270 Philadelphia

SPRINGER'S RESTAURANT
under Reading Terminal
at 12th and Filbert Street
Philadelphia
Home Cooked Meals Morning, Noon and Night

William B. Beach
CONTRACTING PAINTER
Call us up and let us solve your Painting Problems.
583 Abbottsford Road, Philadelphia
Telephone VICTOR 1257

PHILADELPHIA
SUMMER HATS
Smartly Styled Moderately Priced
LA PAIX
1118 CHESTNUT ST... PHILADELPHIA

Edward Connor
COAL
Absolutely Best Quality
CORAL AND SILVER STS.
BELL Regent 4486 KEYSTONE East 8411
PHILADELPHIA
KOPPERS COKE ALSO

Advertisers in The Christian Science Monitor Since 1914
Mason & Mason
Printing
VIRKOTYPING
1721 Ranstead St., Phila., Pa.
Personal Attention Given to Letters and Church Work

Bella R. Kinsler Flowers
17 N. 60TH STREET, PHILADELPHIA
Prompt Delivery Anywhere
Cut Flowers - Plants
Wedding Bouquets
Floral Designs - Decorations
Flowers by Telegraph
Phone SHErwood 9798

PHILADELPHIA
Roseanne
3 Specials for $1.00
Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays
Choice of
Shampoo, Marcel, Finger Wave, Trim, Arch, Manicure, or Facial
Permanent Waves $5 up
Hollywood Permanent Wave, $8.00 and $10.00
Does not need setting
All methods of waving for various kinds of hair
Room 34, 1112 Chestnut Street
Phone Kingsley 9962

PHILADELPHIA
Wm. B. Margerum
INCORPORATED
Reading Terminal Market
PRICES UNIFORMLY RIGHT
Finest Meats
Beef, Lamb, Pork, Veal, Poultry
Always
Fresh Vegetables and Fruit
Finest Butter and Eggs
Montco Canned Goods
Free Parking Free Delivery
PHONE WALNUT 6190

WE TACKLE A JOB OF ANY SIZE—THAT'S THE REASON WE ADVERTISE
Robert D. Johnson
Plumbing & Heating Contractor
1315 N. TWENTY-EIGHTH ST.
PHILADELPHIA
POPLAR 4178

Cummings' COAL
Everything about it—quality, cleanness, service, aims at the goal of dependability
ELECTRIC FURNACE-MAN
An automatic Buckwheat burner easily installed and giving a practical automatic heating at about half the cost of other fuels.
THERMOSTATS
We sell several makes of heat controls. Many householders are saving several tons of coal each year by this simple device alone.
KOPPERS COKE
For those who prefer this fuel, we can always furnish it at current prices, for delivery in any section of the city.
Telephone Locust 7362
E. J. CUMMINGS, Inc.
413 N. 13th Street, Philadelphia

The Most Sensible of Fur Coats
HUDSON SEAL
(Dyed Muskrat)
ALWAYS IN STYLE
Fresh Pelts New Modes
From $175.00 up
Furs of the Better Grade
Theo. F. Siefert
1730 Chestnut St.
Philadelphia, Pa.

1122-1124 Chestnut Street PHILADELPHIA
DEWEES
"Fashion in Good Taste"
Get in the Swim and Keep Cool
JERSEY BATHING SUITS
$5.95 Sizes 32-40
Finest French jersey . . . one-piece with flared shorts and new deep square neckline. Green, mais, French blue, canna . . . $5.95.
FIRST FLOOR
CHILDREN'S SWIM SUITS
$2.95 Sizes 2-14
"July Specials" . . . new purchases and reductions on our better suits. Good quality wool jerseys in one-piece styles with light and striped tops . . . all colors, $2.95.
THIRD FLOOR

Made from strictly Grade "A" Cream
Our own great country creamery supplies the wonderful fresh, Grade "A" cream that gives this de luxe ice cream its unusually delicious taste.
ABBOTTS DAIRIES, Inc.
Producers of Abbotts "A" Milk
PHILADELPHIA
Allentown, Newark, Elkton, South Jersey, Atlantic City and other Seashore Points.
ABBOTTS de luxe Ice Cream

LEWIS
1519 Walnut St., Philadelphia
Annual Summer Clearance
ENTIRE STOCK
Gowns - Coats - Ensembles
½ PRICE
ALL SALES FINAL

FASHIONS AND DRESSMAKING

Shoes Assembled With Correct Autumn Costumes

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

New York

THE Shoe and Fashion Revue held at the Hotel Pennsylvania during June, sponsored by J. Goddard Brown of Boston, publisher of several shoe and leather magazines, and directed by Mrs. Chandler Hall, fashion consultant, consisted of a showing of early autumn costumes, with shoes and accessories.

The shoes were not shown as a unit by themselves, but the entire exhibition was assembled from the angle of the wearer, and in every instance shoes appeared as part of a definite costume to be worn for certain occasions. Original French models were shown along with their American adaptations. The details of the presentation were worked out to display the appropriate footwear for the average American woman who wishes to look smart at all times, yet is planning her autumn wardrobe with a thought to her pocketbook.

Daytime Wear

Morning, trotteur and run-around costumes were presented in a group by themselves and consisted of suits, separate coats with light wool dresses, and various types of practical clothes that belong in this classification. Within it new styles of formal afternoon street clothes were emphasized and worked out in careful detail. The correct type of shoe emphasizing the appropriate height of heel as well as suitable leathers, was shown with the formal street suit and obviously keyed to its character. In many instances, the costumes in this category differed only in material from the types shown in morning dress. A great point was made of this.

The next presentation consisted of late afternoon indoor costumes. The formal afternoon street costume, many times, was entirely appropriate in the bridge group; and again, some of the clothes designed for formal daytime were also suitable for informal dining and restaurant wear.

Out-and-out formal evening clothes accented the new note of long evening wraps for autumn and illustrated the beauty of Alaskan seal in new coats by some of the foremost French designers.

Lounging pajamas were shown in a class by themselves and specially interesting was a velveteen and basket weave durene costume with a sandal made of the same material as the pajama. One model selected for college wear was extremely effective in jersey knit; and a silk model was worn with the new metal-mesh sandal, which will be a popular shoe this season, sharing favor with the opera pump and high-cut oxford. These two have medium "military" leather heels.

The mannequins used in the revue represented various types and ages, from the young college girl to the mature matron, so that the audience could visualize the actual types of women who would soon be needing the sort of clothes shown in the revue.

The colorings presented were those nationally adopted by the National Retail Dry Goods Association and Textile Color Card Association in conjunction with leading manufacturers, and the materials showed a well-balanced selection of the season's popular items. Light woolens predominated for the trotteur dress while satin was emphasized for afternoon wear. Velvet had a prominent part in the picture and for evening frocks dull surfaces were shown.

Stadler

Trotteur Costume Displayed at the Shoe and Fashion Revue, New York. It Features an Ensemble of Bag and Shoes in Black Calf and Rajah Lizard Worn With a Bright Green Light Woolen Suit of Smart New Design. The Silver Fox Scarf Is From Schiaparelli and Shows Her New Treatment Derived From the Lei.

An exceptionally interesting collection of Paris originals, chiefly from Worth and Schiaparelli were presented. Mainbocher, the talented newcomer in the Parisian firmament, was credited with a beautiful and practical Alaskan seal dress coat, trimmed with ermine. Maggy Rouff designed two trotteur dresses. The Worth models included morning, formal street, afternoon and evening costumes, and applause greeted them whenever they appeared. Worth is responsible for the vogue of the brown glove which is rapdly becoming a popular item. The gown worn by Mrs. Chandler Hall was of his design—a duplicate of the Worth model displayed in the Colonial Exposition, and sent over specially for this occasion.

The costumes in the pageant were selected from the late summer and early autumn collections from these and others of the best designers. In general, lines of the tailored type of dress were straight, with an occasional low-placed flare. Suit jackets were three-quarter in length or short and in some models were semifitted, even tight.

In ensembles for morning and street wear a model from Schiaparelli consisted of a dress of dark green and brown plaid velvet, green predominating, and a jacket of bright green velvet with a draped turban to match. With this were worn one-strap slippers of dark brown kidskin combined with rajah lizard, the heels of which were the new built-up leather military style. Schiaparelli presented a two-piece suit of tweed in brown and blue, one of her new color combinations, with brown alligator purse. A Schiaparelli model de luxe a symphony in brown and blue, was a gown of bright marine-blue wool crêpe, over which was worn a straight knee-length coat of golden-brown sealskin, the tone of which was accented by high-cut brown kid Oxford ties.

With a delightful two-piece suit of pale gray broadcloth was introduced another color scheme with navy blue kid slippers and bag, matching a close-fitting draped turban. The lines of this model were reproduced in another suit of black woolen, with a black tricorne and black Oxfords. A striking costume of dark green flat crêpe included a skirt that followed the silhouette to the knee with a circular flare below, a waist-length jacket and a lei of silver fox. The shoes for this were black kidskin pumps piped with white kid.

For a Matron

A suit designed by Worth for one of matronly figure was done in wine-colored velvet trimmed with pale gray astrakhan. The shoes suitable for this outfit were black patent T-strap sandals. With several stunning gray costumes were worn almost invariably black shoes with gun-metal stockings.

In the group of formal afternoon ensembles was a black seal coat cut straight, with wide dolman sleeves. A large collar and sleeve trimming were made of ermine and this was worn over a black satin dress that was finished in points around the bottom. With this were worn black suède pumps trimmed with large cut-steel buckles. Other suède pumps were ornamented with small cut-steel bows.

A costume of compelling interest was composed of a gown of beige light-weight woolen and a three-quarter coat of rich red wool. All the accessories, hat, shoes, gloves and bag were dark brown.

Simulated Flowers

The accessories designed to accompany dainty summery costumes are all that could be desired. One of the newest and most charming necklaces, however, is one which is made with delicate flower designs, which appear at a distance to be actual violets, forget-me-nots and other small flowers. These strands may be obtained in any of the pastel colors, and in many different flowers.

Cream and White Are the Two Approved Tones for Tennis Frocks. Pleats May Be Used to Introduce the Fullness Into the Skirt or Godets May Be Preferred When the Problem of Packing Is Present.

Tennis Outfits

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

London

CREAM and white remain the accepted shades for tennis frocks, and they certainly look well against the green background of the courts. Color is introduced in the trimmings and accessories, and at informal tennis parties, frocks in pale shades are sometimes worn.

The good wearing and washing qualities of white piqué are well known, and interesting effects are obtained by using the rib two ways. White linen is another practical fabric for tennis dresses. Those who prefer cream to white may choose a heavy tub silk, or shantung, both of which are durable and well adapted to the tailored lines prevailing in sports clothes. Trimmings may take the form of a colored belt, buttons, or pipings, or simple embroidery in white or a contrast. Monograms and racket motifs are appropriate.

Pleating is again the favorite method of introducing the necessary width into the skirt, and many novel arrangements are shown. Frocks with godets or flared skirts are less trouble to pack and launder, however, and this important consideration should win them a following.

Knitted sweaters and cardigans, with or without sleeves, to be worn on chilly days and between the sets, may be had in pastel or vivid shades, as becomes the wearer. In the smart outfit, other colored accessories and trimmings are chosen to match. Where possible, the racket is strung in the same color. A bandeau with hair net attached, like those worn last year, will keep the coiffure neat. Ankle socks in fine cream wool, plain, or with a colored top, protect the feet and stockings. Sunburn hose matched to the wearer's tanned arms are replacing white.

New for the Beach

Something new in the way of beach attire is presented in a sleeveless coat-dress of linen or of tussah, to be worn over the bathing suit. The frock resembles the practical Hoover apron in its surplice-closing front, but it is, nevertheless, smart in its simple, tailored lines, and undeniably comfortable.

The New Old-Fashioned Hats

By ELENE FOSTER

SPECIAL FROM MONITOR BUREAU

Paris

ALMOST astonishing change has come, all of a sudden, in the modes of summer millinery. From a secondary place in the summer wardrobe, hats have suddenly leaped into a position of first importance. And this, just as we had all ordered our hats for the season and were quite happy and contented with them. There was nothing strikingly novel or extraordinary in the hats which were produced in the spring and early summer. They were, as a rule more or less of a "carry-on" of the winter modes, a little wider in the brim, a little lower in the crown and worn with a bit more of a sideways tilt, but that was all. Then came a revival of the old-time operetta, "La Vie Parisienne," with its fascinating old-fashioned costumes of the gay 'nineties and voilà! almost overnight came the great change in feminine headgear. All the creators of millinery seemed to have become inspired at the same time, for the new hats appeared almost simultaneously in all the houses. Saucy, fascinating, little chapeaux, the very essence of the mauve decade, they are so entirely different from those which women were wearing that they make the latter seem as old-fashioned as the plain felt cloche of yesteryear.

This sudden change, as you may well imagine, has proved a boon to the milliners' coming as it did at one of their dullest periods. Every millinery salon in Paris is being besieged at the present moment by fashionable women clamoring for the "new, old-fashioned hats." That they are picturesque and becoming goes without saying for women no longer follow blindly the dictates of the fashion designers.

Scotch Caps

There are several styles of these quaint little hats. There is a little beret, very much on the order of the Highlander's cap, worn on one side of the head with the point pulled well down over one eyebrow, for which Maria Guy is responsible. The first model was worn by Mme. Lucien Lelong at the press showing of the Lelong models for the demi-season. This was of fine black jersey with a white ribbon down the center of the crown ending in a little flat loop at the forehead peak. This hat is not for the older woman save in a modified form, although I did see one, all in black, worn by a smart French woman with snow-white hair, who was lunching the other day at the Ritz. One of the latest models which Maria Guy is showing has a very narrow white ostrich plume instead of the ribbon. There is another hat of quite a different character, wrought out by this designer, which is quite as suitable to the older woman as to the débutante. This is of straw in a low-crowned sailor shape, tilted well to one side with a mass of ribbon loops under the upper side of the brim, a bit reminiscent of the hats of Watteau's shepherdesses. This model is charming in a soft, white straw with ribbon loops of black peau d'ange and also in shiny black straw with loops of white ribbon.

Tilted Brims

Mme. Suzanne Talbot is making fascinating little hats in straw and in felt which have a very shallow, round crown and a narrow brim turned up on one side and worn, as are all these old-fashioned hats, on one side of the head displaying the smooth water-waves of perfectly groomed hair. These are trimmed in different ways. There is one of coarse, white straw which has two black mercury wings at the middle of the front and another in black with white wings. Some have a band of inch-wide ribbon tied around the crown with the bowknot just over the eyebrow and there are others which have a tiny band of grosgrain ribbon around the crown and a little wing or quill of crystal perched on the upturned side of the brim. Several models in felt have a thin feather around the crown with the end hanging down at the side and one in bottle-green felt has a tuft of cock's feathers in black, flame color and emerald green on the edge of the turned-down side of the brim.

Mme. Agnes is showing innumerable varieties of these new little hats, some consisting of a round, shallow, tightly-fitting crown of velvet, satin or crochet, with a stiff collar of velvet standing straight up around the edge with a bow at one side or at the back, black and flame color being the favorite combination of color. There are hats in straw or felt with narrow, turned-up brims, and little berets made of two flat discs of shirred velvet or satin which are arranged like the roof of a house of cards with loops of ribbon filling in the space between, which may sound bizarre but which if properly worn is really attractive.

The chief characteristic of all of these new little hats is that they are worn tilted over to one side so that a third of the hair is exposed. To modify this effect, however, Mme. Agnes, in the majority of her models, uses ties of ribbon, usually in velvet, attached near the front and back of the uptilted side and tied in a bow-knot which hangs over the ear, which takes away the bareness and adds to the picturesqueness of the hat. Cock's feathers and quills are used as trimming for these new hats.

The New Collections

The radical change in the millinery fashions will no doubt bring a corresponding change in the frocks and coats of the coming season. The dressmakers are already so busy with the models of the winter collections, which will be shown in August, that they are not considering any change in the summer fashions. These are "all set" and will remain as they are for the next two months, but what after that? Shall we see the long skirt, the hour-glass figure, the bustle and the leg-of-mutton sleeves which were worn with the tip-tilted little hats? Assuredly not. Nevertheless there is every probability that we shall see modifications of all these in the new collections and it will be extremely interesting to see just what forms these modifications will assume.

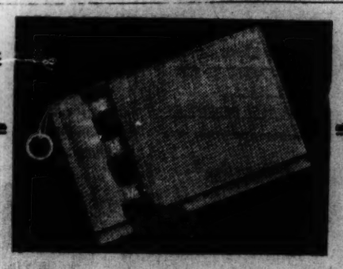
A season or two ago when the boyish haircut was in fashion, this change in millinery would have brought about a corresponding change in the manner of dressing the hair, but the present fashion of wearing the hair longer and laid in flat water-waves, often with the tight little roll at the back of the neck, seems to suit the little old-fashioned hats quite as well as the old-fashioned coiffure.

STRUTWEAR HOSIERY
By the Peacock You Shall Know It
Styles for Men, Women and Children.
STRUTWEAR KNITTING CO.
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

ALERT
Managers of the Home
The home manager expects a definite service and value from everything she buys. She looks for comfort in shoes for daytime wear, as well as quality and attractiveness.
Constant Comfort Shoes meet her ideals. Moreover they afford economy at no sacrifice of quality.
If you will wear a pair of these comfortable shoes, you will readily appreciate the reason for their popularity. You'll find them light, flexible, restful. You'll notice that the arch gives your feet a new sense of freedom. You'll walk with a joyful feeling of poise and balance.
Ask your dealer for information about Constant Comfort Shoes. When buying a pair look for our trademark on the soles. Booklet M-1 and name of your nearest dealer sent on request.
Ault-Williamson Shoe Co.
Auburn, Me. St. Louis, Mo.
CONSTANT COMFORT SHOES
Aird and Son, Limited, of Montreal, Canada, are now licensed and authorized to manufacture and distribute Constant Comfort Shoes in Canada.
A Foot of Comfort Means Miles of Happiness
Illustrated No. 161, a charming 5-Eyelet Open Throat Tie. Black Ruby Kid, at $5, others from $3 to $5.

For Picnics Different
For Parties Distinctive
For wrapping sandwiches, cakes, candy, etc. — wherever you need Waxed Paper, you will find extra charm and novel beauty in KVP Fancy Waxed Paper.
KVP fancy WAXED PAPER
Beautifully decorated in modernistic and chintz prints, assorted fast colors — in packages of 75 large sheets for 50c.
Ask your department or hardware store—stationer or fancy grocer.
If they cannot supply you, we will.
Kalamazoo Vegetable Parchment Co.
KALAMAZOO, MICH.

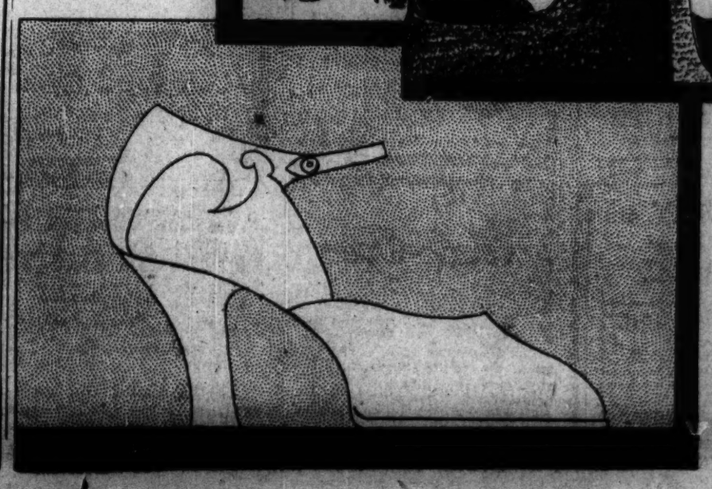
Quality for 78 years
3 Favorites
THE Monarch Lion Head Trade Mark has been a safe guide to the best in foods for 78 years.
Here are three of the outstanding favorites in the list of more than 250 Monarch Super-Quality Foods—Monarch Chili Sauce, Monarch Catsup, Monarch Sweet Pickles.
Their purity, cleanliness, flavor and good quality are attested by 50,000 independent retailers.
MONARCH Super-Quality FOODS

REMOVABLE WASHABLE COLORFUL GAY

As Dainty as Your Summer Frocks
With a cover that comes off, the GEM is as washable as your gloves, as feminine and smart as your summertime frocks.
Buy one foundation bag (beautifully lined and fitted) and separate covers to match your wardrobe. They come in gay linens and batistes, colorful crashes and delicate eyelet embroidered crepes. This version of the GEM carries a contrasting chiffon hankie drawn through its tailored slip cover.
Find them in your city, or order through your smartest shop.
Virginia Art Goods Studios, Inc.
"FAMED FOR BAGS"
Lynchburg, Virginia N. Y. Office: 303 Fifth Avenue

Look for advertisement of local ENNA JETTICK DEALERS *elsewhere in this issue.*
ENNA JETTICK SHOES FOR WOMEN
YOU NEED NO LONGER BE TOLD THAT YOU HAVE AN EXPENSIVE FOOT
$5 $6
AAAAA to EEE
Sizes 1 to 12
To Fit Feet *Correctly*
is an obligation with every
ENNA JETTICK
DEALER
With 177 different sizes and widths available, he is equipped to fit any normal foot perfectly and stylishly at $5 and $6.
Listen to Enna Jettick Melodies coast to coast broadcast over WJZ and associated stations every Sunday evening.
WRITE
ENNA JETTICK SHOES, INC.
AUBURN, N. Y.

WHITTEMORE'S SHOE POLISHES KNOWN THE WORLD OVER AND USED FOR NEARLY 90 YEARS

Whittemore Bros.
Announce—
The readers of The Christian Science Monitor have shown such splendid response to our advertising in its columns that we have doubled our contract for advertising space in which to describe in detail the distinctly outstanding Whittemore products.
This new schedule starts Wednesday, July 1, and throughout the weeks of the summer we shall feature "Whitt" White for white kid and calf leathers.
All Monitor readers will be as delighted with this Whittemore product as they have been with Gilt Edge, the self shining dressing used the world over for nearly a century.
Whittemore Bros. Corp.
Boston, Mass.

Whittemore's
WHITT
WHITE
CLEANER
FOR WHITE KID & CALF LEATHERS
ACTUALLY REMOVES THE DIRT LEAVING A SNOW-WHITE, GLOSSY SURFACE
DIRECTIONS FOR USING WHITT
SHAKE THOROUGHLY
APPLY LIQUID WITH A SOFT WHITE CLOTH, RUBBING SURFACE OF LEATHER, AS THIS WILL REMOVE ALL SURFACE DIRT. RUB THE LEATHER WITH A DRY CLOTH TO PRODUCE A GLOSSY SURFACE
WHITT WHITE
by Whittemore
THE WHITEST OF... WHITE SHOE CLEANERS

You will also always want Whittemore's world famous oil paste in black or the tan shades, the quickest, cleanest of fine shoe polishes.

THE HOME FORUM

Where Cliffs of Cork and Waterford Meet

AS WILD and beautiful a bit of country as any in these islands is to be found in the south of Ireland, on the borders of Waterford and Cork. Here, on the edge of mighty cliffs crowned with slopes of golden gorse, is a little hamlet of white cottages thatched with turf, in one of the humblest of which lives Tim Shanahan.

It is all very well to visit Ballyrooney in the springtime, when the turf is blue with wild violets and the sea breezes are sweet and balmy, or even in autumn; but it must be a bleak and "soggy" place in winter. Perhaps this is what has given Tim that lonely, shy look in his eyes, that half-apologetic way of talking.

Few visitors ever come onto the cliff top at Ballyrooney, for it is many miles from any reasonably habitable place; yet a few strangers do find it; and some come from a long way, not only to see the matchless headland and the sweep of forty miles along the Irish coast, but to see—Tim Shanahan.

Some people want him to take them out after lobsters; some want news of this or that; and a few bird lovers come who have been told about his knowledge of the rare birds which haunt the wild coast where he lives.

It was this latter reason which drew me, one sunny spring day, down the narrow track which winds in and out among the green fields and gorse-covered banks; and which brought me up to the white turf shanty, whence a collie pup and two pigs were emerging from the front door as I arrived.

"Does Tim Shanahan live here?" I demanded of a tall, gawky boy whose features were entirely covered with freckles, and who followed the quadrupeds into the sunshine.

"He does," came the confident reply in a sing-song Irish voice; "but he's put a horse under the cart, and away to Bunmoran."

We encountered the object of our journey about a mile down the Bunmoran road, however, the horse still "under the cart" and Tim sitting sideways on his load of sand.

Only too willing—as a true Irishman—to hand over his task to the freckled boy who had followed us, Tim and I were soon scrambling over the grassy walls to gain the cloff top; he pouring a stream of information concerning birds and beasts and local gossip into my ear. I particularly impressed upon Tim that what I really wanted most to see was the nesting place of a Chough, as I had seen the bird itself in Cornwall but never found the nest.

"A Choff is it now? Indeed, there's plenty hereabouts; it's little we think of Choffs here."

Tim was a man about thirty years of age, with a tanned face, a sharp nose, and the bluest eyes you can imagine in a man. For one in his walk of life, with his uneventful round of humble duties, he proved extraordinarily interesting and intelligent, possessing that power of observation which, in a Scotsman, makes those fine taciturn stalkers and ghillies we all know so well.

We soon came onto the cliffs and there, almost at our feet, was a huge rent in the black cliffs, and close down to the sea a still darker cave, and in that cave was the Chough's nest. With much handclapping the old bird was put out, uttering its wild distinctive cry of "charf, charf," so different from the jackdaw's bark; and at the same moment a couple of white-rumped blue rock doves shot forth like skyrockets, circled once, and vanished round a bend of rock.

It was possible with the aid of a rope to gain a position whence the Chough's nest could be looked into, and three gray-mottled eggs were seen reposing in the soft wool lining. But the old bird was not demonstrative and, having been joined by her mate, wheeled round once or twice over the sparkling water far below, and then pitched on the grassy slopes above our heads.

Our next find was a Peregrine's eyrie. Tim knew where it was, and we managed to crawl up quietly enough to see the old lady sitting on her grassy ledge, wings slightly raised, and suspicious head turning up and down and sideways; till suddenly she detected something unusual, and rose with an ungainly "hop," flinging herself forth with chattering cries. With my glasses I could see the three big red eggs lying in an earthy scrape, surrounded by a number of feathers, and all framed in dense masses of sea-pink.

On our way to visit a Raven's nest (with eggs hatched out weeks ago), in a sheer black rock some miles away, we stumbled on a Twite's nest, almost on the ground among the stunted gorse. Tim knew the Twite, and the little fussy Rock Pipit too, whose nest is so difficult to find on these vast cliffs, and many other birds, as well as the more spectacular Choughs and Ravens. Our Raven's nest contained a single fledged youngster—the others were still flopping about near the eyrie; and the old birds barking and croaking overhead.

Here, on this wild and beautiful coast, these and many other rare birds rear their young year after year; and Tim Shanahan, that strange uncouth being, half naturalist, half poacher, will show them to those who know where to find his little white cottage where the cliffs of Cork and Waterford meet.

C. B.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

Founded 1908 by MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily, except Sundays and holidays, by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY, 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.

Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR Editorial Board

If the return of manuscripts is desired, they must be accompanied by a stamped and addressed envelope, but the Monitor Editorial Board does not hold itself responsible for such communications.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:
One year $9.00 Three months $2.25
Six months . . $4.50 One month . . 75c
Single copies, 5 cents

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use or republication of all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper.

All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world.

Those who may desire to purchase the Monitor regularly from any news stand where it is not on sale are requested to notify The Christian Science Publishing Society.

Cost of remailing copies of the Monitor is as follows: Domestic and Foreign
14 pages . . . . . 2 cents
16 to 22 pages . . . . . 3 cents
24 to 30 pages . . . . . 4 cents
32 pages . . . . . 5 cents
Remailing to Canada and Mexico, 1 cent for each 2 oz. or fraction.

NEWS OFFICES
WASHINGTON: 1321-1327 National Press Building, Washington, D. C.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Ave., New York City
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
PACIFIC: 636 Market St., San Francisco.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 210 West Seventh Street, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 2, Adelphi Terrace, London
PARIS: 2, Avenue de l'Opéra.
BERLIN: Unter den Linden 69A
GENEVA: 16 rue du Mont Blanc.
ROME: Via Fontanella di Borghese 23
VIENNA: Reisnerstrasse 42/8 Vienna III
AUSTRALASIAN: Perpetual Trustees Buildings, 100-104 Queen Street Melbourne Victoria, Australia

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES.
New York . . . 270 Madison Avenue
Detroit . . . 3-101 General Motors Bldg
Chicago . . . 1058 McCormick Bldg
Miami . . . 1239 Ingraham Bldg.
St. Louis . . . 1775 Railway Exchange Bldg
Kansas City . . . 405 Nat'l Pid Life Bldg.
San Francisco . . . 625 Market Street
Los Angeles . . . 210 West Seventh Street
Seattle . . . 380 Skinner Bldg
London . . . 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace
Paris . . . 2, Avenue de l'Opéra
Berlin . . . Unter den Linden 69A
Florence . . . Via Magenta 11

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

CIRCULATION SERVICE BUREAUS
NEW ENGLAND: 107 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass.
EASTERN: 270 Madison Avenue, New York City.
CENTRAL: Room 1058, 332 So. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
WESTERN: 911 Van Nuys Building, Los Angeles.
EUROPEAN: 1 and 2, Adelphi Terrace, London.

Published by
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY
Boston, Mass., U. S. A.
Publishers of
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE JOURNAL
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SENTINEL
LE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE
DER HERALD DER CHRISTLICHEN WISSENSCHAFT
THE HERALD OF CHRISTIAN SCIENCE (Pocket Edition)
(Combination Edition)
(Braille Edition)
CHRISTIAN SCIENCE QUARTERLY

Tangier

Between the mountains and a turquoise sea,
Between a desert and the coast of Spain,
The sovereign of an age-long troubled reign,—
A queen who rules, yet never may be free,—
She sits, a snow-white city on the height;
And leans, and looks across the narrow straits,
Guarding a thousand years those ocean gates.
And like an eastern lady veiled in white,
Stretches pale hands athwart the azure wave;
Weak is her hold, sight dim, she knows no more
Rich freighted ships along her golden shore,
She cannot keep that which her children gave.
Her power is given into alien hands;
People of many nations throng her streets,
Trade on her shore. The dark-faced Eastern meets
Men of the north, and far off western lands.
She has the beauty of a tired queen,
Sold as a slave; a glory that has been.

F. MILDRED RICKMAN.

Memories of Two Grandmothers

It may serve in some degree, to throw light upon the manners and customs of this period, if I give you a sketch of my two grandmothers. Both were widows when they came to visit us at Ridgefield—about the year 1803 or 4. My grandmother Ely was of the old régime—a lady of the old school, and sustaining the character in her upright carriage, her long-tapering waist, and her high-heeled shoes. The customs of Louis XV's time had prevailed in New York and Boston, and even at this period they still lingered there, in isolated cases, though the Revolution had, generally, exercised a transforming influence upon the toilet of both men and women. It is curious enough that at this time (1855) the female attire of a century ago is revived, and in every black-eyed stately old lady dressed in black silk, and showing her steel-gray hair beneath her cap, I can now see semblance of this, my maternal grandmother.

My other grandmother was in all things the opposite: snort, fat, blue-eyed, practical utilitarian. She was a good example of the country dame—heavy, homespun, familiar, full of strong sense and practical energy.

I scarcely know which of the two I liked the best. The first sang me plaintive songs; told me stories of the Revolution—her husband, Colonel Ely, having had a large share in its vicissitudes. She described General Washington, whom she had seen; and the French officers Lafayette, Rochambeau, and others, who had been inmates of her house. She told me tales of even more ancient dates, and recited poetry, generally consisting of ballads, which were suited to my taste. And all this lore was commended to me by a voice of inimitable tenderness, and a manner at once lofty and condescending.

My other grandmother was not less kind, but she promoted my happiness and prosperity in another way. Instead of stories, she gave me bread and butter: in place of poetry, she fed me with apple-sauce and pie. Never was there a more hearty old lady: she had a firm conviction that children must be fed, and what she believed she practiced.—From "Familiar Letters to a Friend," by S. G. GOODRICH.

Annisquam Gardens

Through the frame of a gray-barked pergola, scantily veiled by a faintly budding creeper, deepens a picture: a slope of green turf, a tumbling stone wall with a clump of rough shrubbery in the crook of its arm, the pleasant roof and white chimneys of a house half-way down the cliff, and far, far below the blue and opalescent calm of Ipswich Bay. To the west across the water, swell the white irregular sand dunes of Essex: dark moors lie like the shadows of clouds upon their shifting steeps. To the north and to the east the sky vault arches in a vast low sweep above the watery plain. There is a mystical expectancy in the intense tranquility of the sea and the celestial lavender of the heavens. . . .

Where are there other gardens like these seaside gardens of Annisquam? Where else may the wanderer push his unmolested way through swinging gates, across front yards and back yards, half grass and half boulder, between gaps of stone walls, across a narrow, dusty road, under a wistaria-hung arbor, along a dim tangle of little paths that twist and turn and lead at last into secret shy inclosures where a bird bath or a weather stained marble sundial stands half sunken in the green grass? Somewhere—somewhere—a vague vision forms and fades. What do these crudely hewn stepping stones beneath our feet, this strip of narrow verdure on each side, bordered—not too straightly—by narrow beds, guarded by tall evergreens and walled in by a leisurely hedge—what do they suggest? This thin parterre of Lombardy poplars standing between us and the dazzling blue of sea and sky; these violets clinging close to the shaggy rocks and the pale tan mushrooms that glimmer in the grass—what other place and clime do they recall? Capri! . . .

Cottages are scattered with happy informality along shore and cliff and cove. There is nothing stately, nothing pretentious about the half casual pergolas and little plots of flowers. Here, where a few gray steps struggle up from one garden to another, two gray amphorae stand in drowsy dignity, and before us in a half frame of rustic post and unfolding Virginia creeper hangs a foreground of sea, a background of sky, separated only by the white line of Essex sand. The picture sweeps out beyond the confines of its frame: out—out—to east—to west, over our heads and under our feet. . . .

The wholesome smell of fresh cut grass: the flash of a vireo: the hushed rhythm of the waves upon the Lighthouse Beach: lilacs purpling and apple trees flowering white—no we are not in Capri, but on the high shore of Cape Ann.—ANNA EDWARDS, in "The Romantic Shore."

The Mushroom Cave

When I say that the mushrooms were monsters, it hardly gives a correct idea of their size. Under the moderately small ones the three could stand upright, and the large ones were as high as a good-sized cottage and reached nearly to the roof of the cavern. The floor was hard and dry and perfectly flat, and the huge stalks of the mushrooms could be seen like a forest of giant skittles going into the far distance on all sides. Above, the pink underneaths of those strange specimens showed like an unnecessarily large assortment of giant fancy umbrellas, opened. These, of course, accounted for the cheese-like smell that Gorbo had observed when he first put his head in the little door and sniffed. (It was not exactly like cheese, of course, but cheese is near enough.)

Gorbo showed himself a man of resource in a way. He said that, after all, mushrooms were mushrooms and good breakfast food, and that they might at least have a meal, whatever else happened afterward. This cheered up Sylvia tremendously and she helped to gather heaps of dried stalks from the floor, and Gorbo got out his flint and steel from his bundle—he rarely went anywhere without his little bundle of tools and other matters and his bow and arrows—and soon had a fire going (to those who may object that mushroom stalks do not burn I have only to say that these did). With the aid of his useful trowel he provided an appetizing series of mushroom steaks, which they all enjoyed tremendously.

They found that the smaller ones were on the whole of a better flavor, and it was while they were searching for some tiny specimens, scarcely as high as a table, in order to cook some more, that they all got a sudden shock. They found that certain mushrooms had large semicircular pieces bitten out of them; the mouth that did it must have been a foot wide, with tremendous teeth. A very disturbing discovery, you will say. They looked about them fearfully; and then they heard what sounded like heavy, shuffling footsteps, and a satisfied purring, as of a giant cat.

Gorbo put the children behind him in a hurry and fitted an arrow to his bow (the Snergs' bows are on the small size, but they can send an arrow through a two-inch board at close range). Then to their horror appeared an animal that I can only describe as resembling a blonde four-footed walrus walking on its hind legs. It was covered with sleek, ginger-coloured hair, and it had goggling eyes, a mouth that corresponded closely with the estimate they had formed of it from the big bites, and a white drooping moustache. Strange to say, it was a marsupial—that is to say, it had a pouch—but no young ones were peeping out of the pouch as in the case of kangaroos and other marsupials. No, it seemed full of large chunks of mushroom, and the animal was walking upright because it was evidently the only way he could carry them in his pouch without tipping them out. He waddled clumsily up to one of the biggest musnrooms, sniffed at it, purred horribly with delight, bit a large section out of it, and bent his head carefully so as to place it in his pouch. And then Sylvia let out a loud scream.

I do not blame her; perhaps I should have screamed myself if I had been there. But the effect was marvellous. The animal turned its head smartly and stared at them, its forepaws held up as if in fear and astonishment. The big mouth drooped, giving it a weak appearance; bits of mushroom dribbled from the corners. Then, with a sound like a roaring sob, the animal turned and scuttled away on all fours, scattering sections of mushroom from its pouch as it went. —From "The Marvellous Land of Snergs," by E. A. WYKE-SMITH.

Picture of a Polish Child: By Jan Rembowski

JAN REMBOWSKI was one of the most gifted artists of our times. Born in 1880 in the country near Warsaw, as a boy he served his apprenticeship to a lithographer. His talent for drawing revealing itself at an early age, he became, in spite of difficult circumstances, a sculptor. Later he gave up the chisel for the painter's brush, retaining, however, that strong sculptor's feeling for form which is the dominant characteristic of his painting. His powerfully constructed heads are full of character and strength, which qualities are brought out by the simplest possible means.

Like his great forerunner, Stanislaus Wyspinski, line is the basis of his form, and it is this strength of line which makes any reproduction of his paintings a true representation of his talent.

Another characteristic quality of Rembowski, in which again the sculptor speaks, is his ability to bring out, in one color, a great variety of values. Problems of color, however, do not interest him. The large number of drawings which he has left, slightly colored or entirely without color, contain portraits of extraordinary beauty; those of children's heads being renowned for their charm and poetry, while those of old men, wrinkled and lined, are full of character and expression.

A fervent patriot, he painted many pictures symbolic of Poland's history. Jan Rembowski was a man of singular attractiveness and sweetness of character. He spent his last years in Zakopane in the Tetra Mountains, where he made paintings of the mountaineers, to whom he endeared himself by his sympathy and understanding.

"I Meant to Do My Work Today"

I meant to do my work today
But a brown bird sang in the apple-tree,
And a butterfly flitted across the field,
And all the leaves were calling me.

And the wind went sighing over the land,
Tossing the grasses to and fro,
And the rainbow held out its shining hand—
So what could I do but laugh and go?

—RICHARD LE GALLIENNE, in "The Lovely Dancer and Other Poems."

The Conversation of Lafcadio Hearn

The charm of the modest little one-storied house at 1458 Constance Street, with its arched verandahs, hiding behind flowering shrubs, was well known by the literati (American) of New Orleans, and they used to gather there at select little soirées. There was always good music, Lina Little sang every time she came to New Orleans and Mrs. Mary Ashley Townsend, who signed poetry of distinction with the pen name of Xariffa, often recited her new poems, or Mrs. Mollie Moore Davis read one of her charming Southern stories. Professor Pickles of Tulane University, Mrs. Adele Stanton, Marion Baker and a few, very few, others completed the circle. One of these, however, was destined to influence Hearn's thought in a very important way. It was Lieut. Oscar Terry Crosby, a nephew of Mrs. Burno. . . .

Hearn developed a deep affection, mixed with a sort of hero worship, for this intellectual young soldier, and so great was his influence over him that when Mrs. Burno wanted to drag Hearn out of some corner, where he had been driven by shyness, she always depended upon Crosby to do it. . . .

As he warmed to his subject, his self-consciousness sloughed away and his soft voice seemed to have a strange, compelling charm that gradually brought every personality into the circle of its sound and sway. His conversation flowed harmoniously, smooth and rich in the colour of his words. In fact the cadence of his phrases was so melodious as to give an impression that his speech was produced by some unknown and delicate musical instrument rather than that it came from human vocal cords. His marvellous memory, that enabled him to quote anything he had ever read, illuminated his conversation with bits of the strangest and most unusual information; and his literary opinions were as vivid and continental as if he had just landed from Paris.—EDWARD LAROCQUE TINKER, in "Lafcadio Hearn's American Days."

Guds stora hushåll

Översättning av den å denna sida på engelska förekommande uppsatsen i Christian Science (Kristen Vetenskap)

BLAND allt det som ansätter den dödliga tillvaron är den föreställningen, att somliga människor sakna ett livsmål, att de antingen äro utan anställning eller ock tyckas hava en anställning, som icke passar dem. Många äro nedtyngda av den dystra känslan, att de varken äro efterlängtade eller värda att vara det, och att de av misstag hava blivit satta på den plats, där de äro. Den ena dagen läsa vi kanske i tidningen om de hemska utsikterna för tilltagande arbetslöshet och nästa dag om de befarade följderna av den sjunkande nativiteten i det eller det landet. Till själva sin natur visar sig det så kallade dödliga sinnet vara ologiskt och självmotsägande.

Det är med tacksamt hjärta, som lärjungen i Christian Science vänder sig bort från detta sätt att se. Allt-ifrån den stund, då sanningen om Gud, människan och universum dagas för hans tanke, börjar han klargöra för sig, vad Guds syfte är. Hans uppvaknande går kanske långsamt, men genom att vara trogen det andliga ljus han i varje stund har, fångar han allt klarare glimtar av de härliga möjligheterna för Guds söner och döttrar, medlemmarna av Guds stora hushåll. I detta har var och en funnits till av evighet såsom Hans rena, andliga barn, skapat till att uttryckа Honom på ett särskilt, bestämt sätt. Det finnes icke en enda individ för mycket, ej heller en för litet i Hans universum; varje individuell idé bidrager till fullständigheten i Guds universum. Eftersom gudomlig Kärlek är oändlig, opartisk och universell, finnes ingen gräns för de möjligheter, som äro öppna för var och en. Det finnes i verkligheten ingen friktion, orsakad av en tro på mot varandra stridande syften eller många sinnen; ingen fråga om vem som skall vara den störste eller mest framstående. Det enda fullkomliga Sinnet, Gud, styr sitt hushåll av andliga idéer med oföränderlig kärlek, och håller var och en av dem i dess rätta verksamhet och i dess rätta förhållande till varje annan idé.

Under det dagliga studiet av läroboken, *Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures*, av Mary Baker Eddy, kom en lärjunge i Christian Science till uttalandet på sid. 113: "Emedan Gud, Ande, är allt, är intet materie". Dessa ord började stråla med ett underbart ljus. Intet är materie! Hon såg överensstämmelsen mellan detta uttalande och ett annat (ib., sid. 269): "Metafysiken upplöser tingen i tankar och utbyter sinnesförnimmelsens föremål mot Själens idéer". Nya vidder öppnade sig för tanken och kort därefter gjorde hon en erfarenhet, som senare visade sig vara hjälpande.

Några dagar innan detta nya ljus kom, hade denna lärjunge gjort ett försök att med tillhjälp av två bärare taga fram ett stort tält, som jämte en mängd möbler under flera år varit förvarat på ett vindskontor. Eftersom det tillgängliga utrymmet var knappt i förhållande till den mängd saker, som skulle magasineras, hade dessa blivit hoppackade så tätt som möjligt, och hon var ej just då fullt säker på var i vindskontoret som tältet blivit placerat. De två männen förklarade det vara omöjligt att få fram tältet utan att först flytta ut varje föremål för sig i omvänd ordning mot den, i vilken de blivit inflyttade. Först godtog lärjungen denna dom. Men sedan började hon att upplösa "tingen i tankar", och hon såg, att intet som är nyttigt kan hållas i överksamhet. Intet är materiel! Det kunde därför icke vara någonting i vägen och hindra nyttig verksamhet.

En kort tid därefter gick hon åter upp på vinden, men denna gång ensam med Gud, med sin tanke upplyftad och klar och med Mrs. Eddys ord ljudande i sina öron. Under det att det förut hade synts omöjligt att komma fram, blev hon nu ledd till just den plats, där tältet var uppstaplat, lyfte med lätthet upp det, och mellan de andra tätt packade möblerna drog hon hastigt ut det från vindskontoret. Det hela tog icke mer än omkring två minuter. Vad var skillnaden mellan den tidigare och den senare erfarenheten; vad hade blivit förändrat? Lärjungens uppfattning av tingen, ingenting annat.

Vad är det i vår tid som behöver förändras i världen? Vår uppfattning av tingen. Må människor i affärsvärlden, på grundvalen av gudomlig Princip, universell, opartisk Kärlek, utbyta konkurrens mot samarbete, brist mot riklig tillgång, misstroende och misstänksamhet mot förtroende och tillit till andra. Må de betyga verkligheten av det som är gott, det som är välsignelsebringande och konstruktivt, och vara tacksamma mot "honom, som förmår göra mer, ja, långt mer än allt vad vi bedja eller tänka", och det goda skall helt visst manifesteras inför deras ögon.

Må vi genom att insläppa ljuset från Christian Science förändra vår felaktiga förnimmelse av att vara fallna, syndiga, sjuka, fattiga, på orätt plats, olyckliga—till den härliga förnimmelsen av att vara de rättfärdiga barnen till konungarnas Konung; och så skola vi sannerligen få glädja oss åt "andlig frid, som utströmmar från försåelsen, att Gud är den gudomliga Principen för all tillvaro, och att människan är Hans idé, barnet, som Han har omsorg om" (ib., sid. 259).

Uppsymningar angående Christian Science litteratur i svensk översättning kunna erhållas genom förlaget, The Christian Science Publishing Society.

God's Great Household

WRITTEN FOR THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

AMONG the many basetments of mortal existance is the belief that individuals lack a purpose in life, that they either are unemployed or seem to be engaged in unsuitable employment. Many are burdened by the gloomy sense of being undesired and undesirable, and of having been put where they are by mistake. One day we may read in the newspaper about the terrible aspect of increasing unemployment, and the next day about the dreaded results of a decreasing birth rate in this or that nation. By its very nature so-called mortal mind shows itself to be illogical and self-contradictory.

It is with a grateful heart that the student of Christian Science turns from this aspect. From the moment that the truth about God, man, and the universe dawns in his thought, he begins to find out what is God's purpose. His awakening may be slow, but by being faithful to his present measure of spiritual light he gets clearer and clearer glimpses of the glorious possibilities of God's sons and daughters, the members of God's great household. There each one has existed from everlasting, as His pure, spiritual child, created to express Him in a specific, definite way. There is not one individual too many or one individual too few in His universe; each individual idea contributes to the completeness of God's universe. Since divine Love is infinite, impartial, and universal, there is no limit to the possibilities that are open to each one. There is, in reality, no friction due to a belief of conflicting purposes or of minds many; no question of who shall be the greatest or most prominent. The one perfect Mind, God, is governing His household of spiritual ideas with unchanging love, holding each one in its right activity and its right relation to every other idea.

In the course of daily study of the textbook, "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" by Mary Baker Eddy, a student of Christian Science came to the statement on page 113, "God, Spirit, being all, nothing is matter." The words began to glow with a wonderful light. "Nothing is matter"! She saw the coincidence between this statement and another (*ibid.*, p. 269), "Metaphysics resolves things into thoughts, and exchanges the objects of sense for the ideas of Soul." New vistas of thought opened up, and an experience soon followed which, later, has proved helpful.

Some days before this new light came the student had made an attempt, assisted by two porters, to bring forth a big tent which for some years had been stored with a lot of furniture in an attic. Since the space available was small compared with the quantity of things to be stored, they had been packed together as tightly as possible, and she was not at the time quite certain where in the storeroom the tent had been placed. The two men declared it to be impossible to bring out the tent without removing in turn each of the objects in the inverse order in which they had been stored. At first the student accepted this verdict. Then, however, she began to resolve "things into thoughts," and she saw that whatever is useful cannot be kept in inactivity. "Nothing is matter." There could therefore be nothing in the way to obstruct useful activity.

A short while after this she again went to the attic, this time alone with God, her thought uplifted and clear, and with Mrs. Eddy's statement ringing in her ears. Whereas before it had seemed impossible to get in, she now was led exactly to the place where the tent was stacked, lifted it with ease, and brought it quickly out of the attic between the other pieces of furniture closely stored. The whole procedure did not take more than about two minutes. What was the difference between the earlier and the latter experience; what had been changed? The student's sense of things, nothing else.

What needs to be changed in our world of today? The sense of things. In the business world let the people, on the basis of divine Principle, universal and impartial Love, change from competition to coöperation, from lack to abundance, from distrust and suspicion to confidence and trust in one another. Let them persistently declare the reality of that which is good, that which is beneficial and constructive, being grateful "unto him that is able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think," and good will assuredly manifest itself before their eyes.

May we, through letting in the light of Christian Science, change our false sense of being fallen, sinful, sick, poor, out of place, unhappy, to the glorious sense of being the upright children of the King of kings; and so shall we indeed enjoy "spiritual peace, flowing from the understanding that God is the divine Principle of all existence, and that man is His idea, the child of His care" (*ibid.*, p. 589).

[In another column will be found a translation of this article into Swedish.]

The Ploughman's Song

Who that has watched the ploughshare
Lift from the furrow, gleaming
Like a mirror brandished in the sun,
And caught the pungent fragrance
Of new-turned soil, is there one
Who so far away has wandered,
That spring will not set him dreaming?

Dreaming of days when a ploughman
On his way afield went singing
To the music of a tinkling chain,
Timed to the rhythmic hoof-beat
Of his horses down some lane!
Will not each returning springtime
Bring him echoes sweetly ringing?

Years seem only a day spent,
To the ploughman long a-roaming,
When Mem'ry swings the farmhouse gate
Wide to her lighted windows
Where the children used to wait. . . .
Just a day since the trace-chain music
And a song filled the purple gloaming!

MARY F. RICHARDSON.

No Ordinary Forge

It was hot. Every step on the road leading to St. Etienne de Baigorry confirmed the fact, while the white-washed forge with its furnace glowing red vied with the sun. This was no ordinary forge, where horses come to have their shoes renewed, and the wooden wheels of carts are left for their iron rims to be adjusted. This old place in the Basses Pyrénees was the forge of bells, not for the churches, but for oxen laboring slowly in the fields, for the sheep, the horses, and the donkeys grazing on the mountains.

Three men, all stockingless, two with their bare feet thrust into sandals, were working as if there were no heat without or within; while on the floor, all jumbled together in their different sizes, lay the bells themselves, waiting for their second passing through the furnace. Near by a man was carefully mixing a light colored clay with water, with which each bell was thickly encased before being lifted into the flame.

Attention to the furnace occupied the old, toothless Basque who had invited me in. Every now and again he lifted out an oval-shaped mass and placed it carefully, still flaming, on the floor. Then came the turn of the third worker, superior to the others in that he wore pointed wooden sabots, richly studded with nails. His task was to roll the red-hot bell with his wooden sabot on the gritty floor. Very gentle were his movements, quick, with just sufficient force to press the hot clay onto the metal which is covered while yet retaining the shape of the bell. When the heat in the clay had died down and the temperature was exactly right, the toothless Basque lifted the bell on an iron carrier and dropped it into a large tub of cold water.

"The hot and the cold make a beautiful tone," he remarked with a wise smile, as if it applied also to other matters.

Later he lifted the molded mass out of the water, and, with his own hands broke away the paste, now rendered sooty and black and lumpy by the fire, until from the unbeautiful mass appeared the rich golden-colored bells.

"It is the paste," he exclaimed, as I commented on the change which had taken place. "Are they not beautiful?"

And to this I agreed, for much care and much craftsmanship had gone to their making.

SCIENCE AND HEALTH
With Key to the Scriptures
by
MARY BAKER EDDY

The original, standard, and only Textbook on Christian Science Mind-healing, in one volume of 700 pages, is published in the following editions:—

Library Edition, cloth . . . $3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, khaki sheep Bible paper . . . 3.00
Vest Pocket Edition, black morocco, Bible paper . . . 3.50
Stiff Leather Edition, same paper as library edition . . . 4.00
Pocket Edition, black or blue morocco, Oxford India Bible paper . . . 5.00
Edition de Luxe, black or blue levant, heavy Oxford India Bible paper, wide margins . . . 8.50
Large Type Edition, black morocco, Bible paper . . . 11.50
Braille Edition, Grade One and a Half, for the Blind, 2 vols . . . 12.50

FRENCH TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth . . . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper . . . 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco Oxford India Bible paper . . . 7.50

GERMAN TRANSLATION
Library Edition, cloth . . . $3.50
Pocket Edition, cloth, Oxford India Bible paper . . . 4.50
Pocket Edition, black morocco Oxford India Bible paper . . . 7.50

The book may be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world or sent prepaid to any address.

Other works by Mrs Eddy may also be read or purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms. A complete catalogue sent on request.

Address orders and make remittances payable to
HARRY A. HUNT
Publishers' Agent
107 Falmouth Street, Boston, U. S. A.

STOCKS MOVE SLUGGISHLY ON RECOVERY

Merchandising Issues Lead Rally—Strong Tone at the Close

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP)—Bulls grew more aggressive at the start of the last half of the year in today's stock market.

With the intergovernmental debt negotiations still apparently deadlocked, the session began hesitatingly, but a better tone in the foreign bourses as their sessions drew to a close was reassuring, and a few prominent bulls resumed active operations in some of the specialties.

A midday rally soon developed, of somewhat more impressive proportions than yesterday's. Trading remained sluggish, and highly professional, nevertheless.

Early losses of a point or two were soon replaced by gains of 1 to 3. Bulls gave Woolworth a whirl, which strengthened the merchandising group generally.

The market closed with a strong tone. The day's transfers were well below 2,000,000 shares. Issues gaining 2 to 3 points included United States Steel, American Can, Woolworth, American Telephone, Westinghouse Electric, Southern Pacific and Atchison.

The outlook for copper lost some of its recent brightness, as buying virtually disappeared, and custom smelters offered metal at 8½ cents a pound. Large producers still stuck to their price of 9 cents, to which it was increased from 8 in last week's flurry of buying. Reports in the trade that recent discussions of further curtailment of production had been fruitless appeared to have greatly impaired confidence in the higher price. Producers are still burdened with huge stocks of metal.

Business Reports

Mid-week business statistics in general were mildly favorable. As expected with the approach of the Independence Day holiday and midyear shutdowns, the weekly steel reviews reported a further shrinkage of production, Iron Age placing output at about 35 per cent of capacity, off one point from last week. This publication's composite prices for both finished steel and scrap were firmer, however, reflecting the more cheerful attitude toward autumn prospects. Pig iron, on the other hand, softened.

The freight car loadings report for the third week of June showed the small gain of 6663 cars. Rail executives now expect that any relief to be gained from their petition for a 15 per cent freight rate increase cannot be expected until toward the end of the year, but in the main are still optimistic over the prospect of favorable action.

This week's negotiations on the four-party eastern consolidation plan have not succeeded in ironing out differences as rapidly as expected, and meetings have been postponed to July 7. Although reports are not yet all in, it is now estimated that net operating income for May for all class-1 roads was about 40 per cent under May, 1930, and 60 per cent under 1929. April showed a reduction of 37 2-5s per cent from 1930.

The weekly petroleum statistics, showing a drop of 432,000 barrels in gasoline stocks, and of 40,400 in daily crude oil output, served to bolster the somewhat improved sentiment in the industry. Gasoline price reductions in the East are attributed to local market situations. Wholesale gasoline at Chicago firmed a little.

Credit remained plentiful, with outside call money offered at 1 per cent. There was a little hardening in quotations for five and six-month time money.

Bonds Lower

Irregular declines and moderate activity marked the bond market today.

Railroad and foreign obligations were the most active issues. The news that the Interstate Commerce Commission had set Dec. 3 as the date on which its revisions of class freight rates in eastern and western territory would take effect had no apparent effect on the carrier obligations. It is estimated that the revisions will increase rail revenues from $50,000,000 to $70,000,000.

Foreign issues continued to reflect the uncertainty in the intergovernmental debt situation. German 4½s and German Central Agricultural Bank 6s of 1960 dropped sharply and other issues of that nation were lower. Brazilian loans were mixed in their movements.

Loans of the United States Government were less active with narrow mixed changes.

Public utility obligations, made narrow irregular changes. Industrial loans scored narrow irregular gains. Stock privilege issues were easy.

SHARP DOWNTURN IN GRAIN PRICES

CHICAGO, July 1 (AP)—Sharp breaks in corn prices today carried the market down 4½ cents a bushel. Moisture forecasts and a crop estimate of 914,000,000 bushels more corn this season than last year were largely responsible.

The present condition of the new corn crop was unofficially reported as better than the 10-year average.

Wheat sold down to within a fraction of the season's low price record.

Corn closed 2¼ to 4⅜ cents lower, wheat 1½ to 2¼ down, oats 2⅝ to 3⅜ off and provisions showing 2 cents to 27 cents setback.

RALLY IN COTTON

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP)—A moderate further decline in cotton at the opening today was followed by rallies. Favorable features in the weekly report of the Weather Bureau brought in no selling of consequence and prices steadied up during the afternoon on some trade buying and covering promoted by the steadiness in stocks.

STOCK RECOVERY ESTIMATED

At the end of June, 100 representative common stocks had recovered 14.1 per cent of the depreciation between Aug. 30, 1929, and June 2, 1931, according to Frazier Jelke & Co. The 100 issues have regained $3,890,488,000 of the $27,496,290,000 maximum shrinkage. The drop between Aug. 30, 1929, and June 2, 1931, amounted to approximately $3.3 per cent.

DIVIDEND OMITTED

MONTREAL, July 1—Hamilton Bridge Company has omitted the quarterly dividend of 25 cents. Three months ago the dividend was reduced to a $1 annual basis from $5.

WEDNESDAY'S NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Closing Prices

1931 High	1931 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last	July 1	June 30
14½	3½	..	Abitibi Pow & P	200	4¾	4¾	4¾		
23½	11½	1	Adams Express	2900	16	15½	15½	16	18
82	63½	3	Adams Exp pf	50	67½	67½	67½		
11¾	4½	..	Advance Rumley	100	6½	6½	6½		
102⅝	70¾	3	Air Reduction	3400	68½	67½	68	64½	
20¼	7	.40	Alaska-Juneau	400	13¾	13	13¾	13½	
8½	5	..	Albany PW Pap	100	8½	8½	8½		
13¾	4¼	..	Alleghany Corp	8800	5¼	5⅝	5¼	7⅛	
58¼	30½	3½	Allegh pf ww XXX	300	33¾	33¾	33¾	35	
58¼	30½	3½	Allegh pf ww XL	300	33¾	33¾	33¾		
183¾	103⅝	8	Allied Chem	5600	130¾	128½	129¾	130¾	
42¾	18⅝	2	Allis Chalmers	200	27¼	26⅝	27	27	
23	15½	3	Amerada	100	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
4¾	1¼	..	Am Beet Sugar	200	2½	2½	2½	2½	
12¾	8¾	..	Am Brown Boveri	300	7¼	7¼	7¼	8¼	
72	31	7	Am Br Bov pf	110	69½	68½	68½	69	
129¾	93¼	5†	Am Can	38100	112¾	108⅝	112¾	108¾	
38¾	14	3	Am Ca & Pdry	100	20	19⅞	20⅛	20⅛	
88	58¼	..	Am Car & F pf	70	66	65½	66	66	
21¾	10	.80	Am Colortype	100	13½	13½	13½		
14½	5⅞	..	Am Com Alcohol	300	8¾	8	8⅛	9	
16	5½	..	Am Encaustic T	200	6⅝	6½	6⅝	7	
33½	18½	..	Am European	100	20¾	20¼	20½	20½	
51¼	28¼	..	Am & For Pow	67100	38½	33⅜	36⅝	34¼	
79½	46⅛	..	Am & For Pw 2pf	300	65	62	64	64	
31⅝	18¼	3	Am Ice	200	23¼	23½	23½	24½	
26	9¼	..	Am International	1300	15	14	15	14¼	
..	1½	..	Am La France	200	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1	
30¾	13½	1	Am Locomotive	300	19	18¼	19	19½	
23¾	8⅛	..	Am Metal	800	13¼	12⅝	13¼	13½	
39⅞	5	..	Am Nat Gas pf	70	14	14	14	14½	
57¼	48½	3†	Am News	20	50	50	50		
64½	30⅜	1	Am Power & Lt	2000	41¼	39½	40⅝	39½	
84	74	4	Am P&L 5% pf	100	73¾	73¾	73¾		
85	74	5	Am P&L pf sta	100	74½	74½	74½	74½	
21½	11½	.80	Am Radiator	4400	14¾	13⅝	14⅛	14½	
150	133	7	Am Radiator pf	10	140	140	140		
12¾	5	..	Am Republics	100	6½	6½	6½	7¼	
37⅜	15¼	..	Am Rolling Mill	2700	23⅝	21	23¼	23⅝	
42	28½	5	Am Shipbuilding	10	29	29	29	28⅝	
54¼	34⅜	1	Am Smelt & Ref	1400	40⅜	38⅝	39⅝	39½	
102⅜	83½	6	Am Smelt&R 2pf	400	93	92	92	93	
138½	117½	7	Am Smelt & R pf	100	120½	120½	120½		
11½	2¼	..	Am Solvents pf	200	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛		
31¼	11⅛	1	*Am Steel Fdries	800	17¼	16⅝	17¼	17¼	
48¼	37	2½†	Am Stores	100	42	42	42	43½	
60	42	5	Am Sugar Ref	900	56	53	54⅞	53	
201¾	156½	9	Am Tel & Tel	7800	183	179	181⅝	179½	
80¾	40⅜	3	Am Wat W&E	1300	53½	51	53	54⅛	
107	90⅝	6	Am Wat pf 6	100	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞		
11⅜	5¼	..	Am Woolen	300	7¾	6⅞	7	6⅞	
39½	20⅝	..	Am Woolen pf	400	30	28½	29¾	29	
4	1⅛	..	Am Writ Pap of	100	2¾	2	2	2⅜	
8¾	3¼	..	Am Zinc Lead&S	200	6	5¾	5¾	6	
43¼	18⅜	1½	Anaconda Cop	42600	29½	27⅝	29⅞	28⅛	
36	19½	2.40	Anchor Cap	600	25	24	25	24	
18	8	..	Archer Daniels	1000	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	10⅝	
72	32	7	Armour Del pf	3300	52½	49	53½	48	
4½	1½	..	Armour Ill A	400	2¾	2	2¾	2	
47	10½	..	Armour Ill pf	200	16½	13½	16	13	
7¼	3⅜	..	Arnold Constable	100	6	6	6	..	
40½	14	1	Art Metal Const	100	13½	13½	13½		
28⅞	5¾	..	Asso Apparel Ind	6200	10	8½	9⅜	8½	
29⅝	16½	3½	Asso Dry Goods	100	21⅜	21½	21½	21	
203⅝	132¼	10	Atchison T&SF	1400	169	164½	168⅝	168	
108¼	100½	5	Atchison pf	100	104½	104½	104½	104	
120	78	..	Atl Coast Line	100	101	101	101		
39	17	..	Atl Gulf & W I	100	16½	16½	16½		
23⅝	11¼	..	Atl Refining	300	16	15⅝	16	15¼	
54	30	4	Atlas Powder	100	38	38	38		
13½	7	1	Atlas Stores	100	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	9	
295½	101⅜	4†	Auburn Auto	6000	187¼	180¼	184	181¼	
21⅛	7¼	..	Austin Nichols	100	1⅞	1¼	1⅛	..	
2⅜	1	..	Auto Sales	1100	2½	1½	2¼	1½	
5	2	..	Auto Sales pf	200	2⅝	2	2⅝		
6½	3	..	Aviation Corp Del	5300	3¾	3⅜	3¾	3¾	
			—B—						
27⅞	9⅛	..	Baldwin Loco	300	15½	15	15½	15½	
87⅞	43½	5	Balt & Ohio	4400	64	59½	63⅝	61½	
107	101¼	6½	Bamberger pf	50	103	103	103	103	
14½	5¾	1	Barnsdall A	1400	8¾	8½	8¾	8⅝	
81	53⅛	4	Beatrice Cream	100	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	62	
111	106	7	Beatrice Cr pf	100	110	110	110		
80¾	77⅛	4.13	Belg Nat Rys ppf	200	77¾	77¼	77½	77½	
25½	14⅞	1	Bendix Aviation	1300	21	19⅝	20½	20	
46¼	31¼	2	Best & Co	200	38¾	38¼	38¾	38	
70⅜	38⅛	4	Bethlehem Steel	25700	52⅛	50	51⅞	50⅞	
29	16	1½	Blaw Knox	300	20	19½	19½		
20⅝	16½	..	Bloomingdale	10	20	20	20		
40½	20¾	1½	Bohn Alum & Br	900	33	32	32½	32½	
76½	47	3†	Borden	3700	59¾	58½	59¼	59¾	
30¾	14½	1	Borg Warner	2400	20½	19½	20	19⅝	
22¾	8¼	1½†	Briggs Mfg	3700	14¼	13⅝	13⅞	13⅞	
24½	15	2	Briggs & Strat	200	19	18½	19		
26	10½	..	Brockway pf	10	19	19	19	19¼	
69¾	53⅞	4	*Brooklyn Man T	200	62¼	62	62	63¼	
129⅝	99	5	Brooklyn Un Gas	1400	114	113¼	114	113	
42	32¾	3	Brown Shoe	200	33¼	41½	43¼		
15	8	..	Brunswick Balke	100	10	10	10	10	
20⅞	11¾	1	Bucyrus Erie	200	14½	13¼	14¼		
34⅞	20	2½	Bucyrus F cv pf	400	24½	24	24½		
50	35	..	Budd Mfg pf	10	35	35	35		
13	7½	1	Budd Wheel	400	9¾	8¾	9⅜	9½	
23	8½	..	Bullard	500	12½	11¼	12	12¼	
3¼2	19½	1	Burroughs Add	4000	26½	24¾	25¾	25½	
31	17	2½	Bush Terminal	100	22¼	22¼	22¼	22½	
3	1⅛	..	Butte Cop & Zinc	700	2½	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
20⅝	9	..	Butterick	100	10	10	10	11¼	
69¾	23⅝	..	Byers	7300	37⅝	34½	36½	36⅝	
			—C—						
53	20½	2	Calif Packing	300	25½	25½	25½	25½	
43⅜	23½	..	Calumet & Ariz	100	35¼	35¼	35¼	36	
11⅜	5	..	Calumet & Hecla	500	7¼	7	7½	7½	
45⅝	24½	1¼	Canadian Pacific	3400	28⅜	26¾	28¼	26¾	
45	29⅝	3	*Canada Dry	700	42¼	40⅜	41⅞	43	
25	17¾	1.60	Cannon Mills	100	20½	20½	20½	20¾	
131½	59½	6	Case Thresh	62900	93⅝	89½	92	90	
52½	21⅜	3	Caterpillar Trac	1900	24¾	25½	25½	25⅞	
16	8⅞	..	Clenese Corp	100	12¾	12¾	12¾	13	
14⅜	5½	..	Celotex Co	100	7½	7½	7½	7	
24½	17⅞	1½	Central Aguirre	1500	23¾	22	23¾	22	
6¼	2½	..	Century Ribbon	400	5½	5	5½	5½	
70	50	7	Century Rib pf	10	60	60	60		
30½	14	1½	Cerro de Pasco	800	20	19	20	19½	
7¼	2¼	..	Certain-Teed	200	6	6	6	6	
54½	27½	3	Chesapeake Corp	200	38¾	38¾	38¾	39	
46½	27	2½	Ches & Ohio	1500	38	35⅞	37½	37	
2¾	¾	..	Chi & Alton	200	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜		
7⅞	4	..	Chi & Gt West	400	7	6½	7	⅞	
26⅝	15¾	..	Chi & Gt W pf	1500	24½	24	24¼	24½	
15⅞	4¾	..	Chi Mil&St P pf	1000	11	9¾	11	10½	
15½	6½	..	Chi Pneu Tool	100	8¼	8¼	8¼	8⅞	
35	15½	..	Chi Pneu T pf	200	20⅝	19	19		
65½	22½	5	Chi Rock Isl & P	700	44	42	44	43¾	
12⅜	10	..	Chickasha Cot O	100	10	10	10		
33¾	17¾	2.40	Childs Company	300	22½	22	22½	22	
25¾	12½	1	Chrysler	24200	22⅝	21½	22⅝	22	
37⅜	30	3.60†	City Ice & F pf	10	80½	80	80	80	
4⅜	2	..	City Stores	200	3¼	3	3½	3½	
170	133	7	Coca Cola	100	146⅜	146⅜	146⅜	145½	
50½	40	2½	Colgate Palm-P	100	45	45	45	45¼	
104½	101¾	6	Colg-Palm-P pf	100	102¾	102¾	102¾	102⅝	
17½	9	..	Collins & Aikman	200	15½	15½	15½	15½	
12½	9¾	..	Colo Fuel & Ir	400	17½	16	17½	16½	
45⅝	20⅝	2‡	Columbia Gas	6600	34¼	31½	34¼	32½	
109½	98	6	Columbia G pf A	500	105¾	103	103	106	
11	6	..	Col Graph ct	3400	10⅞	9¾	10½	9¾	
111⅛	55	5†	Columbian Carb	1600	81½	79	80½	79¼	
16⅜	6	5	Columbia Graph	6300	11	9¾	10⅝	10	
23¼	13	2	Comm Credit	200	18	18	18	18⅞	
24½	21½	2	Comm Cred pf B	10	23	23	23	23½	
34	22	2	Comm Inv Tr	100	38	28	28	27¾	
90	82	6	Comm I Tr cv pf	100	85	85	85		
21½	10¾	1	Comm Solvents	4700	15	14½	14¾	14½	
12	6⅞	.40	Comwlth & So	800	8¾	8½	8¾	8½	
12¾	6⅞	..	Congoleum Nairn	900	11¼	10⅞	11⅛	11	
15	2¾	..	Consol Film Ind	100	7¼	7¼	7¼	7	
109⅝	82½	4	Consol Gas	16900	98½	95⅞	98	96½	
106½	101½	5	Consol Gas pf	200	105½	105½	105½	106½	
42½	31	6	Consol Rys Cu pf	100	31	31	31	..	
1⅝	⅛	..	Consol Textile	700	⅜	⅜	⅜	½	
8½	3	..	Container A	100	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
30	9¼	..	Cont Baking A	500	14¾	13¾	14¼	14	
3⅝	1½	..	Cont Baking B	100	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾	
77½	44⅞	4	Cont Baking pf	100	57	57	57	57	
62¾	40⅜	2½	Cont Can	1500	54	52½	53½	52⅝	
4½	2¼	..	Cont Motors	600	2⅝	2½	2¾	2⅝	
12	5	..	Cont Oil	2600	8½	8⅜	8⅝	8¾	
12	3½	..	Cont Shares	300	5½	5½	5½	5½	
86⅝	58⅜	3†	Corn Products	3100	75⅝	72½	75	74	
18	6¼	..	Coty	400	9½	8¾	9½	8⅞	
63	30⅜	..	Crucible Steel	1400	51¾	50	51¾	51½	
5⅜	3	..	Cuba Co	200	5⅜	4½	5⅜	4⅝	
5⅞	2½	..	Cuban Am Sug	500	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	4½	
35	16	..	Cuban Am S pf	50	30	30	30	29	
2⅝	⅜	..	Cuban Cane Pr	400	1⅜	1½	1⅜	1⅜	
1½	¼	..	Cuban Dom S	200	⅜	⅜	⅜	½	
100	69	4	Curtis Publishing	1300	72	72	72	73¾	
5⅞	2½	..	Curtis-Wright	3200	3⅝	3½	3½	3½	
8½	3	..	Curtis-Wright A	500	5½	5	5½	5⅝	
			—D—						
23	9⅝	..	Davison Chem	700	13	12¼	13	13	
157½	107½	9	Del & Hudson	500	134½	133½	134½	134	
45¾	11⅝	..	Denver R G pf	100	25	25	25		
195	140⅜	8	Detroit Edison	100	155¼	155¼	155¼	157	
19¼	11	1.20	Devoe & Rey A	100	14¼	14¼	14¼		
23	14⅞	..	Diamon Match	100	19	19	19	19	
13½	8¾	..	Dome Mines	1000	11¼	11¼	11¼	11⅜	
24	14⅛	1.20	Dominion Stores	400	22¾	21¾	22¼	21⅝	
21¼	20	..	Douglas Aicraft	200	20¼	20	20	20	
107	71	4†	Du Pont de Nem	9300	90½	87⅝	90¼	89½	
124	118¾	6	Du Pont deb	200	123	123	123	..	
			—E—						
185¾	118	5†	Eastman Kodak	2600	151	145¼	150½	148	
21⅞	9¼	1.60	Eaton Axle & Spg	2200	17½	16½	17	16⅝	
11¼	3¼	..	Ettingon Schild	100	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝		
74⅜	34½	6	Elec Auto-Lite	5700	45	42¼	44	43½	
4½	2	..	Elec Boat	700	3¾	3½	3¾	3¼	
60⅜	30½	1	Elec Pow & Lt	14800	43	40½	42½	41¾	
108⅛	98½	7	Elec Pow & L pf	100	99	99	99	99	
66	49⅞	5	Elec Stor Battery	400	52⅜	52⅜	53	54⅞	
49	28½	2.40	Engineers Pub S	100	37	37	37		
91	79½	5½	Enginrs PS5½pf	100	80	80	80		
39¾	13⅛	..	Erie RR	800	25¼	24¼	25¼	24½	
45½	33	4	Erie RR 1pf	100	34	34	34	34½	
12¾	5½	..	Eureka Vacuum	100	6¼	6¼	6¼	..	
			—F—						
15½	4½	..	Fed Screw W	200	5⅞	5½	5½		
30	11¼	2.40	Fed Water Serv	300	18	17½	18	17	
56¼	36¼	2.60	Fidelity Phe F In	200	45	44¼	44¾		
104	85¼	6½	Filene's pf	10	94	90¼	90¼		
21½	8	..	Firestone T & R	400	19	18	18	19	
59	41	2½	First Nat Stores	1000	55½	54½	55	55	
⅞	⅜	..	Fisk Rubber	300	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	
64½	21½	2	Foster-Wheeler	7800	31½	29¾	30¾	30⅝	
12½	10¼	.50	Fourth Nat Inv	200	27½	26¾	27½	28¼	
38⅝	11⅝	2½	Fox Film A	9800	30¾	29½	30¼	29⅝	
43¼	22	3	Freeport Texas	700	28½	27¾	28½	28	
			—G—						
60	42	5	Gamewell	20	47	47	47	..	
3⅝	⅝	..	Gardner Motor	300	¾	⅝	⅝	⅝	
85	74	6	Gen Am In pf ww	100	80	80	80		
73½	45	..	Gen Am Tnk Car	800	50	49	50	50½	
47	15½	2	Gen Asphalt	1400	34¾	23½	24⅝	23⅝	
25⅝	17¼	2	Gen Baking	2400	21¼	21	21	20¾	
9½	5	..	Gen Bronze	100	6½	6½	7	7	
13	3¼	..	Gen Cable	100	7½	7½	7⅝		
25½	7	..	Gen Cable A	100	16	16	16	16	
65	27½	..	Gen Cable pf	50	41	40¾	41	41⅜	
54⅜	36	1.60	Gen Electric	34300	45	43⅝	44⅜	43½	
12⅝	1¼	.80	Gen Elec 6%	1100	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	
56	43	3	Gen Foods	4400	49⅜	48½	48⅞	48½	
8½	4⅜	.30	Gen Gas & E A	700	8½	8	8	8⅛	
90	68	7	Gen Gas & E B	10	68	68	68		
98	69¾	6	Gen Mills	400	78	77½	78	78¼	
48	31⅜	3	Gen Motors	49600	38½	37⅝	38¼	38	
103¼	85	8	Gen Mote 6% pf	600	102	102	102	101	
7⅛	69¾	6	Gen Print Ink pf	10	70	70	70		
23	8¼	..	Gen Pub Service	1300	14½	13⅝	14⅜	13	
9½	2¾	..	Gen Realty	1000	4	4	4	4	
57¾	29	4	Gen Refractories	300	39	38	39	38½	
15½	3⅜	..	Gen Thea Equip	4300	15⅜	14⅛	14⅝	14⅜	
38¾	21½	..	Gillette Saf Raz	6000	34½	34¼	34⅝	34⅝	
16¼	7¾	..	Glidden	400	10½	10	10⅛	10¼	
78	48	7	Glidden ppf	20	65	65	65		
9¾	4	..	Gobel (Adolf)	500	6½	6½	6¾	6¾	
43¾	21	2½	Gold Dust	4300	33¾	32½	33½	33	
117½	104	6	Gold Dust pf	100	111	111	111	111½	
20⅞	8¼	..	Goodrich	1500	13⅝	12½	13⅜	13¼	
32¾	30⅝	3	Goodyear	3400	43¼	40¾	43¼	41¼	
91	71	7	Goodyear 1pf	100	83	83	83	83	
6½	3¼	..	Graham Paige	800	5	5	5	5⅛	
22⅜	10	2	Granby	1100	15½	14⅜	15	15⅛	
16⅜	10⅜	..	Grand Union	300	16¼	16	16	15⅞	
46	36	3	Grand Un pf	100	42¾	42¾	42¾	43½	
80⅜	15⅞	3	Granite City St	100	84	84	84	84⅝	

1931 High	1931 Low	Div. in $		Sales	High	Low	Last	July 1	June 30
9¾	2¼	..	Grant(WT)	600	3¾	3¾	3¾		
69⅞	33½	1	Great Nor pf	600	43½	41½	42½	41½	
23½	17½	3	Great Nor Ore	300	19	19	19	19	
16⅝	4¾	..	Great West Sug	900	10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	9⅝	
96⅛	80½	2	Great W Sug pf	100	83	83	83	83	
6¾	2¾	..	Grigsby-Grunow	1400	3⅝	3¾	3¾	3⅞	
			—H—						
35	20½	1¾	Hack W pf A	20	28	28	28	27¾	
8¾	4¼	..	Hahn Dept Sto	400	6	5⅞	5⅞	6	
19⅝	12	2	Hall Printing	900	13½	13	13½	14½	
103	85	6	Hamilton Wch pf	10	95	95	95		
7⅝	3⅝	..	Harriman Corp B	100					
200¾	62⅞	8	Hershey Choc pf	1400	103¼	102¾	103¾		
18½	5¾	..	Hollander	200	15	15	15	15½	
104	61	6	Homestake M	100	89½	89½	89½		
31½	17⅞	2	Houdaille Her B	100	25¾	25¼	25¾	24½	
20¼	9	..	Houston Oil	4900	14	13¾	14	14	
14½	7	1	Houston Oil new	3400	10½	9¼	10	9⅝	
203½	137	10	Howe Sound	1900	22	20½	21⅜	20⅞	
44½	33¾	3½	Hudson & Man	100	40	40	40	40	
26	11	1	Hudson Motor	600	18½	18	18¼	18½	
13¼	5¾	..	Hup

WOOL MARKETS SHOW MARKED IMPROVEMENT

Trading Broader and Prices Stronger—Medium and Half-Bloods Lead

A much broader and stronger market for wool is in evidence both in the United Staes and abroad.

Evidence multiplies to show that the proposal of President Hoover for a moratorium on the international war debt has had a beneficial effect upon business, revealing an underlying confidence in the future of the wool market, as also in other markets.

It is the belief of the American wool trade, also, that a better tone in the wool market is to be expected as a natural consequence of conditions inherent in the trade itself.

Business in wool during the last week or two has developed on broader lines and more intensively than for some time. Substantial sales have been made not only of the fine and half-blood wools but also of the medium qualities, which for a long while were more or less stagnant.

Prices are slightly against the buyer. The market mostly is a half-cent higher. Sometimes a cent a pound more is being paid. Some holders ask for certain wools 1½ cents more.

Leaders in Strength

Medium and half-blood combing wools have shown the most strength in price. Half-bloods also have shown a firmer trend.

In the fine and fine medium wools, the price range still is chiefly between 50 and 60 cents, a clean basis. The average to good wools of the French combing type now are higher rather than under the 55 cent-basis. The staple fine clips and the best 12-months Texas wools are readily bringing 60 cents, clean basis, today, with some houses inclined to ask more money.

Some fairly large sales of 12-months Texas wools are reported to have been made this week in the clean range of 58 to 60 cents for the best wools, while 10-12 months wools have been bringing from 55 to 58 cents, clean basis.

The best staple fine territory wools have been selling up to 60 cents in the original bag. Strictly staple graded territory brings 60 to 63 cents. The good to choice topmaking wools running to best French combing have been sold at 55 to 58 cents, clean basis.

Territory Wools

Half-blood combing territory wools of fair to choice character and French combing to staple in length have brought 55 to 60 cents. Half-blood Ohio has been sold at 24 to 25 cents in the grease. Ohio delaines have been sold at 24 and 25 cents. Some very choice Pennsylvania has brought 26 cents.

Ohio and Michigan or similar three-eighths combing wools have been sold at 21 to 21½ cents, and 22 cents is now more or less generally asked. Quarters, which sold as low as 19 cents, have been sold at 20 cents. Territory wools of these grades also are firmer. Three-eighths is quotable at 45 to 50 cents, clean basis, and quarters at 40 to 45 cents.

Woolen wools have been rather slow of sale. Some short clothing Ohio in the grease has been sold at 21 cents and some fair-length wool at 22 cents. Scoured white eastern B supers are still quotable at 47 to 48 cents; scoured B lambs at 45 cents and scoured A lambs at 48 cents for the best white wools. Finer qualities are in very moderate demand with prices hardly changed.

Noils Easy

Noils have been rather on the easy side. Fine descriptions are quotable at 38 to 40 cents; half-blood at 35 to 37 cents; three-eighths at 32 to 35 cents, and quarters at 27 to 30 cents.

In western United States the wools are being rapidly cleared from the growers' hands in the later-shearing states. Prices in the West, also, are better. Some of the mills have been taking wool in Montana and New Mexico at prices which show costs up to 50 cents, clean-landed basis. The new clip of domestic wool is probably 80 to 85 per cent out of growers' hands.

Foreign markets are feeling stronger in consequence of the proposed Hoover moratorium, and sales of tops have been made in Bradford at advances of a halfpenny for the week. London, while bound to show a distinct decline from the closing rates of the previous series, is expected to be a bit above the recent low point in the top and yarn markets at the opening, July 7.

The manufacturing position has not been so sound in a long time as at present.

GASOLINE PRICE REDUCTION MADE

NEW YORK, July 1 (AP)—Standard Oil Company of New York has reduced the service station and tank wagon price of gasoline at Syracuse, N. Y., 2.8 cents a gallon, making the service station price 12 cents a gallon and the tank wagon price 10 cents a gallon, not including the state tax.

At Buffalo and Rochester the company reduced service station and tank wagon prices two cents a gallon, making service station and wagon price at Buffalo 10.8 cents a gallon, and at Rochester 11 cents a gallon, state tax excluded.

At Providence, R. I., the company reduced prices 1.2 cents a gallon, making the service station price 12.5 cents a gallon and the tank price 10.5 cents a gallon, state tax excluded.

LONDON QUOTATIONS

LONDON, July 1 (AP)—Consols for money today were 60¼. De Beers was 4⅛, Rand Mines 2⅛. Money was 1½ per cent. Discount rates on short bills were 1⅝ to 1 15-16 per cent; three months 1 15-16 per cent.

THE securities advertised in this newspaper are not guaranteed as investments by The Christian Science Monitor.

The publishers aim to accept advertisements of sound securities only, but those making investments on account of such advertisements should make their own investigations before buying.

Purchases made will not involve responsibility on the part of the publishers.

New York Bond Market

(Quotations to 3:30 p. m.)

	High	Low
Ab Straus 5½s '43	99¾	99¾
Alleghany Corp 5s '44	74	74
Alleghany Corp 5s '49	73	72⅞
Alleghany Corp 5s '50	71⅞	71⅞
Allis Chalmers deb 5s '37	101	100⅞
Amer Chain deb 6s '33	99	99
Amer & Foreign Pow 5s 2030	81	80¾
Amer I G Chem 5½s '49	100	100
Amer Ice Co 5s '53	83	83
Amer Inter 5½s '49	88	87
Amer Metals Co 5½s '34	94	94
Amer Smelting 5s '47	102⅝	102⅛
Amer Sugar Refining 6s '37	105	104¾
Amer T&T 4½s '30 cv	133⅛	133
Amer T&T col 5s '46	106⅝	106
Amer T&T deb 5s '60	107¾	107¼
Amer T&T 5s '65	107⅝	107⅜
Amer T&T deb 5½s '43	106¾	106½
Amer WW & Elec 5s '24	103⅝	103⅝
Amer WW & Elec deb 6s '75	89	89
Anglo-Chile Nit 7s '45	90	90
Armour & Co 4½s '39	81½	80
Armour & Co of Del 5½s '43	74½	69⅛
Associated Oil 6s '35	103½	103½
Atch T&SF gen 4s '95	99¼	99⅛
Atch T&SF 4½s '48	113½	113⅜
Atlanta & Charl A L 5s '44	103½	103
Atlanta & Danv 1st 4s '48	44	44
Atlanta & Yadkin 4s '49	63¼	60¼
Atl Coast Line 1st con 4s '52	96⅞	96¾
Atl Coast L L&N col 4s '52	89⅝	89
Atl Gulf & WI col 5s '59	58½	58½
Balt & Ohio 1st 4s '48	98½	98¾
Balt & Ohio 4s PLEWV div '41	97	97
Balt & Ohio 4½s '33	100½	100⅛
Balt & Ohio 4½s cv '60	91½	91⅛
Balt & Ohio rfg 5s '95	100⅛	99½
Balt & Ohio 1st 5s ct '48	107	107
Balt & Ohio 5s series D 2000	100⅞	100¾
Balt & Ohio rfg 6s '95	108¼	108
Bangor & Aroos 4s '51	90½	90½
Bell Tel of Pa rfg 5s '48 B	108½	108¼
Beth Steel pur mon 5s '36	103⅛	103⅛
Beth Steel rfg 5s '42	104	104
Boston & Maine 5s '55	98½	98⅛
Boston & Maine 5s '67	98⅝	98¼
Bow-Biltimore s f g 7s '36	87	87
Bklyn City 1st	81	80
Bklyn Ed gen 5s A '49	107⅛	107⅛
Bklyn-Man Tr sf 6s '68	101⅞	101⅜
Bklyn Un El 1st 5s '50	91	91
B'way & Save con	8	8
Buff Gen Elec 4½s '81	105⅝	105⅝
Buff R & P 4½s '57	79	79
Bush Term 1st 4s '52	92	92
Bush Term Bldg 5s '60	99¾	99¾
Calif Fruit P 5s '38	93¼	93⅛
Calif Petroleum 5s '39	85	85
Calif Petroleum deb 5½s '38	90	90
Can Nat Ry gen 4½s '54	100¾	100¾
Can Nat Ry 4½s '57	100½	100½
Can Nat Ry 4½s '68	100⅝	100⅝
Can Nat Ry 4¾s '55	102	102
Can Nat Ry 5s '70	106½	106½
Can Nat Ry 5s July '69	108⅝	108½
Can Nat Ry 5s Oct '69	108⅛	108⅛
Can North 4½s '35	102	101⅞
Can North deb 7s '40	113	113
Can Pacific deb 5	86	85⅞
Can Pacific 4½s '46	99¾	99¾
Can Pacific 4½s '60	97⅞	97⅝
Carolina Clin & Oo 6s '52	55¾	55½
Cen of Ga 5s C '59	70	70
Cen of Ga con 5s '45	103⅜	103⅛
Cen RR NJ gen 5s '87	113¼	113¼
Cen Steel Co 8s '41	109⅞	109⅞
Certainteed 5½s '47	46	45
Ches Corp 5s '47	98¼	98
Ches & O con 5s '39	106¾	106¼
Ches & O 4½s B	101½	101½
Ches & O RA 1st 4s '89	97½	97½
Chicago B & Q 4½s Ill div '49	91¼	91
Chicago G L & Coke 1st 5s '37	105¼	105¼
Chicago Gt West 4s '59	66¾	65¾
Chicago M&StP gen 4s '89	83½	83½
Chicago M&StP 4½s rcts E '89	94	94
Chicago M StP&Pac adj 2000	27	25½
Chicago M StP&Pac 5s '75	64	63½
Chicago & Nw 4¾s cv '49	78¾	78¼
Chicago RI&P rfg 4s '34	93¾	93¼
Chicago RI&P 4½s '52 A	82½	82½
Chicago RI&P 4½s cv '60	79	78½
Chicago Un Sta 5s B '63	106½	106½
Chicago Un Sta 6½s C '63	116	116
Chicago & K Indiana 4s '52	90½	90½
Chicago & W Indiana 5½s '62	105	105
Chile Copper 5s '47	87½	87
Cin Gas & Elec 4s '68 A	96½	96¼
Clev CC&StL 4½s E '77	98	98
Clev Un Term 4½s '77	102⅞	102⅞
Clev Un Term 5s '73	107½	107⅜
Colo & So 1st rfg 4½s '35	101	101
Columbia Gas & El Co 5s deb '61	97	97
Columbia Gase & E Co 6s deb '61	97	97
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 Apr	98	98
Columbia Gas & E 5s '52 May	98	97¾
Com Inv Trust 5½s '49	99½	99½
Con Gas 4½se	101¾	101½
Con Gas Co deb 5½s '45	107¼	107
Consum Pow unl 5s '52	105½	105½
Crown Wil Paper 6s '51	86	86
Cuba Cane Sug Prod 6s '50	11	10½
Del & Hudson rfg 4s '43	96¾	96¾
Del & Hudson 5½s '37	104¾	104¾
Den & Rio G con 4s '36	94	93½
Den & Rio G 4½s '36	94½	94½
Den & Rio G Wn 5s '55	62¼	62
Detroit Ed 4½s D '61 wi	103½	103¼
Detroit Un Ry 4½s '32	99½	99½
Dodge Bros sf 6s '40	91	90¾
Erie RR cv 4s B '53	76	76
Erie RR ref 5s '67	79	78½
Erie RR gen 5s '75	79	78½
Fla East Coast 5s '74	22½	22¼
Gen Bak Co 5½s '40	98	98
Gen Mot Acc Corp 6s '37	104	103¾
Gen Pub Svc 5½s '39	92¾	92¾
Gen Theater Equip 6s '40	39	38½
Goodrich 6s '45	64¼	64¼
Goodrich 1st 6½s '47	98	98
Go Macon	93¾	93¾
Goodyear Tire 5s '57	91	90½
Grand Tk Ry Can 7s '40	113¼	112⅝
Great Northern 4½s '76 D	95¼	95¼
Great Northern 4½s '77 E	95½	95½
Great Northern 5s '73 C	102¼	102¼
Great Northern gen 5½s B '52	108½	108
Great Northern 7s '36 A	110	109⅝
Gulf States Steel 5½s	60	60
Hudson Coal 5s '62	60¾	60¾
Hudson & Man adj in 5s '57	78¾	78¾
Hudson & Man rfg 5s '57	98½	98¼
Hufnble Oil 5½s '32	102¼	102¼
Ill Bell Tel 5s '56	106¼	106¼
Ill Central 4s '53	75½	75½
Ill Central 4¾s '66	82½	82
Ill Central CStL&NO 5s '63	88¼	88
Ill Steel deb 4½s '40	103	103
Inland Steel 4½s A '78	95½	95½
Inland Steel 5½s B '81	94¾	94½
Inter Hydro El 6s '44	78½	78½
Inter Match 5s cv rcts '41	95½	94½
Inter Match Corp 5s '47	90¼	89½
Inter Rap Tran rfg 5s '66	72½	71¾
Inter Rap Tran 5s sta '66	73½	73¼
Inter Rap Trans 6s '32	59	59
Inter Rap Trans 7s '32	92¾	92¾
Int & G Nor 1st 6s '52	88½	88½
Int ⅝ G Nor adj 6s '52	60	56
Int Mer Mar col 6s '41	75	75
Int Paper rfg 5s A '47	72	70
Int Tel & Tel 4½s '52	80	79¼
Int Tel & Tel 4½s cv '39	93¼	92¼
Int Tel & Tel 5s '55	87	86
Iowa Central rfg 4s '51	3½	3½
Kan City Ft&Mem 4s '36	92	92½
Kan City P &L 4½s '61	105⅞	105¾
Kan City So rfg 5s '50	92¾	92¼
Kan City Term 1st 4s '60	97¼	97½
Kresge Foundation 6s '36	103½	103½
Lack Steel con 5s '50	103	103
Laclede Gas 5½s '53 C	101	100⅜
L'Autaro 6s '54	95	94
Lehigh C&N 4½s C '54	100⅞	100⅞
Lehigh Val (Pa) con 4s 2003	87	87
Lehigh Val 5s 2003	105¼	105¼
Lehigh Val Coal 5s '33	101¾	101¼
Lehigh Val Harbor 5s '54	104½	104½
Loew's Inc 6s '41	97½	97
Louis Arkansas 5s '69	55¼	55
Louis Gas & Elec rfg 5s '52	106½	106
L&N uni 4s '40	99⅝	99⅜
L&N rfg 4½s C 2003	98¼	98¼
L&N C Lt 5½s	100⅜	100⅜
Manati Sug 1st 7½s '42 sta	22½	21½
Manhat Ry con 4s '90	59½	59¼
Manila El Ry 4½s	59	59
Man S W Colz 5s	99¾	99¾
Market St Ry gold 7s '40	98¾	96
Metro Edison 4½s '68	140¾	100¾
Metro Edison rfg 5s '53	105¼	105¼
Metro Water 5½s '50	57½	57½
Midvale Steel col 5s '36	103	102¾
Mil El Ry & Lt 5s '75	103¾	103⅜
Mil El Ry & Lt 1st 5s '61	103½	103⅜
Min StP & SSM 6½s	99	99
Mo K & T 1st 4s '90	88	88
Mo K & T pl 4s B '62	84	84
Mo K & T adj 5s A '67	79½	79½
Mo K & T pl 5s A '62	96	96
Mo Pacific gen 4s '75	63½	63⅜
Mo Pacific 5s F '77	86½	86
Mo Pacific 5s H '80	86	86
Mo Pac 5s I '81	86	85½
Mo Pacific 5½s '49	78	77
Montana Power rfg 5s '43	104½	104⅛
Montana Gen RR 6½s	108⅞	108⅞
Morris & Co 1st 4½s '39	89½	89½
Morris & Essex 3½s 2000	84½	84¼
Morris & Essex 4½s '55	101	101½
Mort Bond 8s	99¾	99¾
Nat Dairy Prod 5½s '48	101⅞	101⅜
Newberry 5½s	88	86½
New Eng Tel 5s '52	111	110½
N J Pow 4½s	101⅜	101⅜
N O Pub Ser 5s A '52	92½	92
N O Pub Ser 5s 'S5 B	92	91¾
NYC&HR con 4s A '98	93¼	93⅛
NYC&HR deb 4s '34	101¼	100⅜
NYC&HR 4½s N	96	97¾
NYC&HR rfg & Im 5s 2013	104	104
NY Chi & StL 1st 4s '37	99½	99½
NY Chi & StL 4½s '78	78¾	78
NY Chi & StL 5½s '74	90½	90½
NY Edison 5s '44	106¾	106¾
NY Edison rfg 6½s '41	115½	115½
NY N&H& cv deb 3½s '56	79	79
NY NH&H na deb 4s '56	78¾	78¾
NY NH&H 5½s '67	94	92
NY NH&H clt 4s '40	105½	105½
NY NH&H cv 6s '48	117½	117
NY Out & W rfg 4s '92	84¾	84¾
NY Railway inc 6s '35	4	4
NY Railway inc 6s A '35	61	61
NY Steam Corp 6s '47	100	100
NY Tel gen 4½s '39	105	104¾
NY Tel rfg 6s '41	104	104¾
NY W'chester & B 4½s '46	53	53
Niag Falls Pow 5s '32	101½	101½
Norf Southern rfg A '61	36	36
Norf & W div 4s '44	89½	89
Nor Am Cement 6½s '40	40	39
North Am Co 5s '61	100	99¾
Nor Am Ed 5s C '59	101¾	101⅝
Nor Am Ed 5s A '57	103⅛	103⅛
Nor Am Ed 5½s '52	103¾	103⅝
Nor Pacific gen 3s 2047	68¾	68
Nor Pacific pr ln 4s '97	95½	95¼
Nor Pacific 5s R 2047	112	109¾
Nor States Pow 5s A '61	104⅝	104½
Ont Pow Niag Falls 5s '43	106¼	106¼
Ore Wash RR & N 4s '61	94½	94½
Pac Coast 1st 5s '46	17½	17½
Pac Gas & Elec 5s '42	104¾	104¾
Pac Tel & Tel 1st 5s '37	106	106
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '30	101¼	101⅛
Pan-Am Pet & T 6s '40	33	33
Paramount Public 5½s '50	81	81
Paramount Bwy 4½s '51	101	101
Paramount Pan Las 6s '47	88⅛	88⅛
Penn Railroad con 4s '48	101	101
Penn Railroad 4½s D '70	94¾	94¾
Penn Railroad 4¾s '83	101	100⅝
Penn Railroad gen 4½s '65	101⅜	101
Penn Railroad 4½s D '81	94½	94½
Penn Railroad 5s '64	104½	103⅝
Penn Railroad gold 6½s '36	109½	109½
do 4½s	96¼	96
Peoples Gas L&C (Chi) 5s '47	108½	108
Penn El 4½s	97½	97
Pere Marquette 5s '56	97	96¾
Pere Marquette 4½s '80	88½	88½
Phil Balt&W 4½s	103	103
Phillips Pet 5½s '39	84	83½
Philadelphia Co 5s '27	102¼	102
Philadelphia Elec Co 4s '71	97½	97
Phil & Read C&I 6s '49	89	88½
Phil Balt&W 5s	109	109
Pitts CC&StL 4½s '77	100⅝	100⅝
Pitts CC&StL 5s C	86	86
Portland Gen Elec 4½s '60	87½	87
Port Gen Elec 5s '35	104⅝	104⅝
Port Ry Lt & P 7½s '46	106½	106½
Postal Tel & Cable 5s '53	85	84
Pub Svc E&G 4½s '67	104½	104½
Pub Svc E&G 4s 1970	97¼	97¼
Pure Oil 5½s '37	85	85
Pure Oil 5½s '40	81½	81
Purity Baking 5s '48	94	94
Punta Sug 7s	10½	10½
Read Cen RR NJ col 4s '51	94	93½
Remington Rand 5½s '47 ww	82	81½
Republic I&S rfg 5½s '53	77¼	77¼
Richfield Oil Co of Cal 6s '44 cts	31	31
Rio G & W col 4s '49	80	79¾
Rock I Ar&Lou 4½s '34	93¼	93½
St Louis IM&S 4s R&O div '33	97	97
St Louis & SF 4s A '50	68	67½
St Louis & SF 4½s '78	58	57½
St Louis SW 1st 4s '89	78½	78½
St Louis SW con 4s '32	81	81
St Louis SW 1st 5s '52	65	65
San Ant & Ar P 1st 4s '43	93¾	93¾
Sav Flo & W 6s	104½	104½
Seabd AL con 6s '45	16	15
Sharon Steel Hoop 5½s '48	76	76
Shell Pipe 5s '52	86	85
Shell Union 5s '47	78¼	78
Shell Union 5s ct ww '49	79	78¼
Sinclair Cn O col 6½s '38	93½	92½
Sinclair Cn O col 7s '37	97	96½
Sinclair Cru O 5½s '38	102¼	102
Sinclair Pipe L 5s '42	100¾	100½
Solvay Amer Inv 5s '42	97	97
Southern Bell Tel & Tel 5s '41	105⅝	105½
Southern Pacific 4½s '68	92½	92½
Southern Pacific 4½s '69 ww	94	92½
Southern Pacific 4½s '81	92½	92½
Southern Pacific col 5s '44	103½	103½
Southern Pacific Ore A 4½s '77	99¾	99¾
Southern Ry gen 4s '56	81½	81
Southern Ry con 5s '94	107¼	107¾
Southern Ry gen 5s '56	105	105
Southwest Bell Tel rfg 5s '54	107	107
Stand Oil NJ 5s '46	103½	103¼
Stand Oil NY 4½s '51	99¾	99
Stevens Hotel 6s '45	53	51
Taiwan El 5½s wi	94½	94⅜
Texarkana 1st 5½s '50	99	99
Texas Corp 5s '44	95	94¾
Third Ave rfg 4s '60	56	55
Third Ave 5s '37	99¾	99¾
Third Ave adj 5s '60	43½	43
Union El L & P rfg 5s '33	102½	103½
Union El L & P 5½s '54	103½	103¾
Union Oil Cal 5s C '35	99½	99½
Union Oil Cal 6s '42	103¾	103½
Union Pacific 1st 4s '47	100½	100½
Union Pacific 4s '67	93	92¾
US Rubber Co 5s '47	69½	69¼
Utah Lt &Trac 5s' 44	99	99
Utah Pow & Lt 5s '44	103½	103½
Util Pow & Lt 5s '59 ww	69	68
Util Pow & Lt 5½s '47	75½	75
Vanadium 5½s	82	82½
Vertientes Sugar 7s '42	32½	32½
Virginia Ry 5s '62	108¼	105
Wabash RR 4½s '78	66	66
Wabash RR 1st 5s' 39	101½	101½
Wabash RR 5½s '75	76	76
Wabash RR 5s D '20	89	89
Walworth 6s '43	60½	60
Warner Bros Pict 6s '39	40½	39½
Washington Cen Rwy 4s	87	87
West Pa Pow 5s A '46	105¼	105¼
West Pa Pow 5s G '56	105½	105½
Western Electric 5s' 44	106	105⅞
Western Maryland 4s '52	77½	77½
Western Pacific 5s A '46	76	76
Western Union 5s' 51	101¾	101⅜
Western Union col 5s '38	104½	104⅜
Western Union 6½s' 36	109	109
Western Union 5s' 60	101⅞	101½
Wheeling Steel 4½s '53	78	78
Wilkesbarre & East 1st 5s' 42	31½	31½
Wilson & Co 1st 6s' 41	94	94
Youngstown Sheet 5s' 78	99	98¾
Youngstown Sheet 5s '78 B	98	97¾

LIBERTY BONDS

	High	Low	Last Jul. 1	Last Jun 30
4th 4¼s '38	104.26	104.22	104.24	104.24
4th 4¼s reg	104.21	104.20	104.24	104.24
U S 3½s '49	101.80	101.10	101.80	101.90

FOREIGN BONDS

Abitibi P&P 5s '53	56	56
Akershus 6s '63	96¼	96
Antioquia 7s B '45	61¼	61¼
Antioquia III 7s '57	53½	52¾
Argentine Gov 5½s '62	77½	77½
Argentine Gov 6s June '59	86½	86½
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '59	85½	84½
Argentine Gov 6s May '60	85	85
Argentine Gov 6s Sept '60	85½	85½
Argentine Gov 6s Oct '60	85	85
Argentine Gov 6s Feb '61	86	84¾
Argentine Gov 6s May '61	86	84¾
Argentine Gov 6s Aug '59	85½	85½
Argentine Gov 6s '58 B	86	84½
Australia 4½s '58	63½	63
Australia 5s '55	69	69
Australia 5s' 57	68¾	68¼
Austria (Gov) 7s '57	87¾	87¾
Austria (Gov) 7s '43	86¾	86¾
Austria (Upper) 6½s '57	80	80
Batavian Pet 4½s' 42	96	95¼
Bavaria (State) 6½s '45	77½	77½
Belgium (King) 6s '55	104	103¾
Belgium (King) 6½s '49	108¾	108¾
Belgium (King) 7s '55	114½	114½
Belgium (King) 7s '58	109	109
Bergen 5s' 60	98¾	98¾
Berlin (City) 6s' 58	84	84
Berlin (City) 6½s' 50	78¼	75
Berlin Elec 6½s '51	78	75
Berlin Elec 6½s' 59	70	69
Berlin Elev (City) 6½s '51	71¾	71¾
Bogota (City) 8s '45	70½	77½
Bolivia (Rep) 7s '69	22½	22½
Bolivia (Rep) 8s '47	35	34
Bordeaux (City) 6s '34	100¾	103¾
Brazil (Cen El Ry) 7s '52	55½	55
Brazil 6½s '26-'57	56	55½
Brazil 6½s '27-'57	56	55½
Brazil (US) 8s '41	78¼	78
Bremen 7s '35	93	92½
Brisbane 5s '57	62	62
Brisbane 5s '58	62	62
Budapest (City) 6s '62	70	69½
Buenos Aires 6s '61 (Prov)	62	62
Buenos Aires (Prov) 6½s '61	80	80
Canada (Dom) 4½s '56	102¾	102¾
Canada (Dom) 4s '60	103⅝	103⅝
Canada '52	106½	106
Chile (Bank) 6s '61	59½	58
Chile (Bank) 6½s '57	63	62
Chile (Bank) 6½s '61	64½	64
Chile (Bank) 6s '62	59	57
Chile (Rep) 6s '60	61	60
Chile (Rep) 6s Jan '61	60¼	59
Chile (Rep) 6s '61	61	59¾
Chile (Rep) 6s '61 Sept	60½	60¼
Chile (Rep) 6s '62	61	61
Chile (Rep) 6s '63	62½	60
Chilean Loan 7s '60	56	55¼
Colombia Agr Bk 6s '48	88	88
Colombia Mtg Bk 6½s '47	58¼	56
Colombia Mtg Bk 7s '46	62	62
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Jan	70½	70½
Colombia (Rep) 6s '61 Oct	71	70½
Copenhagen (City) 4½s '53	90	90¼
Copenhagen (City) 5s '52	100¾	100¼
Copenhagen Tel 5s '54	101⅞	101¾
Cordoba (City) 7s '57	53	53
Cordoba (Prov) 7s '42	76	76
Costa Rica (Rep) 7s '51	70½	70½
Cuba (Rep) 5½s' 45	96¾	96
Cundi (Rep) 6½s '50	58	57¾
Denmark (King) 4½s '62	96¾	96¾
Denmark (King) 5½s '55	101	100⅞
Deutsche Bk 6s stfs '32	97½	97¼
Dominic (Rep) 5½s 2d '40	80	79
Duke Price Power 6s '66	103¾	103½
Dutch El 5½s Nov '53	101½	101¼
Dutch El 6s '47	101⅝	101⅜
Dutch El sf 6s '62	101⅜	101¼
Estonia Bank 7s '67	60	60
Fiat 7s '46 war	88	88
Fiat 7s '46 ex-war	88	87½
Finland 5½s '58	81	81
Finland (Rep) 6½s '56	88	88
Finland (Rep) 7s '56	92½	92½
Finnish A 6½s' 54	84	84
French (Rep) 7s '49	118¼	118
French (Rep) 7½s '41	125¾	125
Gelsenkirchen Min 6s '34	87½	87½
German 7s '40	90¾	90
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s '38	86¾	86
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s July '60	74	71
Germ Cen Ag Bk 6s Oct '60	72	71
Germ Cen Ag Bk 7s '50	84½	83½
Germ Con Agr 6½s '58 rcts	71¾	69½
Germ Gen Elec 6s '45	90	90
Germ Gov Int 5½s '65	73½	70
Greek 6s '68	23½	23½
Greek 7s '64	30¾	30¾
Hamburg 6s '46	79½	79
Hanse 6s '39 ww	82¾	82
Helsingfors 6½s '60	85¾	86¼
Hungary Ld Mtg 7½s '61 B	30¾	30¼
Hungary Mun 7s '46	78	77½
Hungary Mun 7½s '45	81	81
Italian Pub Util 7s '53	93¾	92½
Italy (King) 7s '51	99⅞	99¾
Jap (Con Pwr) 6½s '30	93¾	93
Jap (Con Pwr) 7s '44	100	100
Jap (Im Gov) 5½s '65	97¼	96¾
Jap (Im Gov) 6½s '54	106¾	106½
Karstadt 6s '43	56¾	54
Kreuger & Toll 5s '59	93½	92
Leipzig (City) 7s '47	85	85
Marseilles (City) 6s '34	105½	105½
Medellin 6½s '54	52½	52½
Milan (City) 6½s '52	87¾	87¾
Minas Geras 6½s '58	40	40
Minas Geraes 6½s '59	42½	42½
Montecatin 7s '37 ww	96¼	93½
Montevideo (City) 7s '52	78	78
New South Wales 5s '57	63½	61½
Ne South Wales 5s '58	62	61¼
Nord Rys 6½s '50	106¾	106¾
North German Lloyd 6s '47	77	77
Norway (King) 6s '43	101½	101½
Norway (King) 6s '42	106	106

CONSTITUTION COMMISSIONED BY U. S. NAVY

(Continued from Page 1)

from the Navy Department placing the ship in commission.

Then Commander Louis J. Gulliver read the Navy orders which made him Captain of the Constitution—the successor to Isaac Hull, Charles Stewart and Edward Preble in a long line of distinguished commodores.

After the reading of the orders, flags were broken out from the rigging and the name of the early defender of the nation at sea was written into the roster of the Navy's fighting fleet once more. Guns roared from near-by ships—17 for Joseph B. Ely, Governor of the Commonwealth; 15 guns for Ernest Lee Jahncke, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and 13 for a rear admiral as the Commandant went over the Constitution's gun-studded side to the shrill accompaniment of a boatswain's pipe.

The ceremony took on added significance when Mr. Jahncke stepped out on the frigate's quarterdeck to speak before the files of officers and public officials.

"What a splendid opportunity," he said, "for our midshipmen at the Naval Academy, after her itinerary has been completed, to make a real sea-going cruise aboard this vessel!"

One could almost imagine that the naval officers present held their breath to catch the full significance of this remark. Here was a possible way in which the ship might go under sail once more!

"I should like to see this precious ship maintained," he added, "not as a historic relic, but as a vessel fully found, and that our midshipmen be charged with the responsibility of keeping her fit and ready for sea." That the naval men present did not applaud the Secretary's remarks was due to discipline, not lack of enthusiasm.

"She is the embodiment of our highest naval traditions," he went on. "She typifies the wonderful spirit and ability of the men who sailed and fought her which still survive in our splendid navy today. She is the emblem of our national unity and an inspiring token of American patriotism."

Tomorrow is sailing day. But instead of setting out under sail, the frigate will go to Portsmouth, N. H., the first port of call, in tow of the naval tender Grebe. Can the navy find a crew to sail the old ship? This is the question that has been parried all along the line from the officers' wardrooms to the berth decks of the apprentice seamen; from the Navy Department in Washington to the editorial pages of the small-town weeklies.

Lieut. John A. Lord, the man who rebuilt the old frigate, says there are no sailors left to man her—no sailors of the marlinespike school who wore callouses on the backs of their knuckles from hauling an acre of canvas over a bucking yard when a ship was being "reefed down" in a gale. Sailors from outside the navy have been mentioned as a possible crew, together with the possibility of training a crew drawn from the navy's enlisted ranks.

Rear Admiral Philip Andrews, U. S. N., retired, holds a different point of view. Admiral Andrews was the man who played an important part in directing the campaign for public donations with which to rebuild the frigate. The admiral has had a long and distinguished career in the naval service of his country. He bears official decorations for valiant service in the war zone during 1917 from the United States and other nations. His experience is grounded in the early midshipman training in square-rigged men-o-war such as the Constitution.

Admiral Andrews' View

Says Admiral Andrews: "Folks said there were none who could rebuild her, but the men from the New England coast proved them wrong. Now we hear that there are none who can sail her. The Navy doesn't harbor any such fears." These statements were voiced when the discussion first arose as to whether there was a sufficient number of horny-fisted seadogs of the "old school" left in the Navy to shake out her huge sails, sheet them home and haul course for the itinerary mapped out by the authorities.

The second port of call takes the vessel into Bar Harbor. Natives of the regions around Frenchman's Bay have been going "deep water" for many past generations. It would be a sight to please the old "model whittlers" around the lobster shacks to have the frigate come booming in under Mt. Desert under a full press of canvas and then "back the main yard" right under the lighthouse. But, according to present orders from the Navy Department, schedules are schedules. But then if the frigate was going under sail, a flat calm might leave her seadogs whistling for a "smoky sou'wester" that would waft her into Frenchman's Bay.

From Bar Harbor the Constitution goes to Bath, Maine. The visit may provide even more of a thrill for citizens of that thriving little shipbuilding city on the Kennebec. Bath has been building good wooden sailing vessels longer than any other port in the world. Bath has always been known as the home of good ships. Her picturesque river front was once lined with ships in the stocks, and ships at the rigging and sail lofts. Tall masts mingled with the white spires of the churches that dot the hillside city.

When the era of wooden ships went into the decline, Bath turned to laying the keels of great battleships. Eventually that business had its day and many of Bath's shipyards were only a tradition. The biggest and best yard turned to manufacturing tin pie plates. Bath will surely give the Constitution a rousing welcome. The lofty spars of the nation's early defender will fit naturally into the sleepy waterfront picture which is Bath today.

Visit to Bath

The Constitution's visit to Bath will be of even greater significance, for it was in that city that Lieutenant Lord received the training which fitted him for the difficult task of rebuilding the old frigate.

Lieutenant Lord is a native of Bath. His grandfather was Adam Lemont of East Brunswick. Before the boy was 10 years old he was making models of sailing ships. As a young man he served under Frederick Rideout, a noted Maine naval architect, and later he entered the yard of the New England Shipbuilding Company. There he worked up through the various trades and by the time he was 23, Lieutenant Lord had become the draftsman and shipfitter in a project embracing the construction of 22 vessels.

Three years later, Lieutenant Lord entered the naval construction corps as an assistant ship draftsman. He soon showed his ability as a designer in drawing up all the specifications for the United States training vessel Boxer, a brig, built at Portsmouth. In 1905, Lieutenant Lord was appointed master builder of the superdreadnoughts, New York and Arizona. During the World War he built 11 destroyers and six submarine chasers.

From a staff of naval construction experts, ranging in grades from admirals down, Lieutenant Lord was appointed for the work of restoring the Constitution to its old-time splendor. For two years the erstwhile builder of wooden ships occupied himself with the task of obtaining an accurate set of lines from the vessel as well as with the designing of docking plans, and a cradle upon which the disintegrated hulk was to rest during the four-year period of restoration.

To Get Working Plans

In order to gather a complete set of working plans of the ship, Lieutenant Lord was frequently obliged to trawl into the lower part of the ship, squeezing into narrow, low-studded parts of the decaying hull, taking off actual measurements of parts to be restored.

From early morning until late at night, year in and year out, the noted builder has been on the job pouring over plans in the special office at the navy yard or supervising the work on board the ship.

As soon as work was ready to start on the Constitution in 1927, Lieutenant Lord sent down to Bath for a staff of shipwrights whose ability to wield the adz and mawl made them especially fitted for the exacting work. With them came several pieces of machinery which could only be found in the port that was famous the world over as the home of the wooden shipbuilding craft. One of these machines was a lathe for turning out wooden pins for fastening planks to frames. These pins are technically known as treenails. The downeasters, however, call them "trunnels."

That Lieutenant Lord is an expert rigger as well as a builder of ships is evidenced in the cloud-reaching maze of shrouds and spars which can carry a load of canvas providing the Navy has anyone to sail her. Lieutenant Lord, for one, thinks the idea couldn't be carried out; that sailing her would be even more difficult that rebuilding the ship.

Rigging of Rope

True to the custom of ship rigging more than a century ago, the rebuilder of the Constitution has set up his masts and spars with standing rigging made entirely of rope.

The odor of Stockholm tar brings back memories of sailing-ship days, the great wheels which move the rudder recall the battles with storm as well as with hostile ships which are recounted in the vessel's log. The fife rails that hold the rows of belaying pins for making fast halyards and clewlines are a veritable puzzle to the modern sailor as much as to the landlubber.

"Slack away the starboard, t'gallant clewline," shouted a rigger from the fore top gallant yard of the ship as the work was being brought to a conclusion. Men on deck scurried around seizing rope after rope in hopes of "striking" the right "cord." An old Bath shipwright finally had to solve the intricate problem by walking up to the fore fife rail and casting off the proper line without a moment's hesitation. Lieutenant Lord couldn't see where a crew could be scraped together who could find the starboard top gallant clewline or any other of the thousand and one lines on a dark night without a moment's hesitation. When a full rigger has to let go a line, sometimes it has to go "on the run." But Lieutenant Lord has done his job and has done it well as a bronze plate at the starboard gangway attests. The frigate is ready to sail if the sailors can be found who can take her to sea under sail.

Dry Understanding Need Emphasized

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., July 1—Need of a better understanding of prohibition in the United States is stressed by Miss Helen Louise Byrnes, national field secretary of the W. C. T. U.

Miss Byrnes, delivering the concluding address of an all-day and evening session of the Hampshire County W. C. T. U. and Western Conference W. C. T. U. declared that "millions of people know of, but few know about prohibition." Hundreds can roll the phrase on their tongues, she said, but cannot talk intelligently about it.

She stated that the ultimate success of prohibition will depend largely upon the habits of the individual, that the difficulty lies in the fact that the United States cannot have a nation of thinking people and at the same time, citizens who indulge in drink, laugh at the law, contribute to prohibition's non-enforcement, then say that it cannot be enforced. Miss Byrnes believes that the lack of complete success in the enforcement cannot be laid at the door of prohibition.

Y. W. C. A. Takes 'G' Out of Camping

"Camp in" instead of "camp out" for high school and other girls who cannot go to a regular camp in the woods has been provided by the Y. W. C. A. at 140 Clarendon Street, Boston, in the spacious rooms of its building, beginning July 1.

On the third floor a dining room has been built that simulates a camp dining room, with flowers in window boxes all about, and there at a rustic table sitting on rustic chairs the girls may eat their lunch after a morning spent at the regular camp program, according to Miss Elizabeth MacDonald, director of the stay-at-home camp.

The stay-at-home camping hours are from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. There is no charge to the girls except 10 cents for the pool and the actual cost of such materials as they may use in their craft work.

AUSTRIA RAISES GRAIN TARIFF

VIENNA, July 1 (AP)—The duty on imported grain has been quadrupled and that on flour raised from $1.23 to $4.70 per 220 pounds in accordance with a law passed last night. The measure applies retroactively to foreign grain and flour imported since the last crops.

NEW PERUVIAN REGIME HOIST BY ITS OWN PETARD

Revolutionary Government Itself Moves Against Rebels

LIMA, Peru, July 1 (AP)—The Peruvian Provisional Government, which itself came into power after a series of revolutions, yesterday pushed forward its program for stamping out a military rebellion at garrisons in Cusco and Puno.

A Government bulletin declared the civilian and police elements of the rebel towns had refused to join in the revolt. The Government also said the insurgents included only the thirteenth regiment, part of the fifteenth and a small portion of the fifteenth artillery.

Minister of Police Tamayo declared the movement was an "intrigue" of followers of Augusto B. Leguia, deposed president. He said the trouble started after several changes were made among army officers.

Previously the revolt had been attributed to dissatisfaction with the administration of the central Government and disapproval of the return to Peru of former President Luis M. Sanchez-Cerro.

TACNA, Peru, June 30 (AP)—Southern Peru in the vicinity of Cusco, where two regiments of infantry are in revolt, is completely unsettled, awaiting the outcome of negotiations with Lima and of possible military activities by federal troops at Mollendo.

Last night the revolutionary committee at Cuzco telegraphed to the Government at Lima a demand that the electoral law be revised within 30 days to provide for separate state or provincial elections.

DRY SUPPORT FAVORED BY EDUCATORS

(Continued from Page 1)

and importance rivals the parent organization, so that his assertions that the school principals are the key to carrying out the White House conference recommendations for children, have additional weight.

Mr. Broome concluded his appeal to the principals to bring their school and extracurricular activities up to a high standard by a challenge to commercialized amusements.

"It is estimated that American people spend more than $500,000,000 annually on various types of amusements," he said. "Unfortunately, their promoters expect to make money and are influenced by the profit motive, rather than motives of public service or human welfare. Test, therefore, of the success of a feature is not its uplifting influence on the public, but the way in which it goes over. The result is that certain forms of entertainment which might otherwise be elevating and beneficial become at the best mediocre and at the worst demoralizing, especially for young people."

Mr. Broome recommended that the principals resort to meetings with parents, bulletins sent to the homes, and the development of picture machines in the schools to build interest in good pictures.

He described vulgar and indecent books and periodicals as "more difficult to control, less expensive, more subtle and more pernicious in their influence" than motion pictures, and said that no measures will avail short of elimination of the traffic. Principals, he said, should confiscate any pieces of indecent literature that they discover in schools, get all possible particulars as to source or place of purchase and lay their evidence before the police.

He referred to the radio as having tremendous educational possibilities, but declared that "we shall not begin to realize those possibilities until, perhaps as a condition of receiving a license, every broadcasting station will be required to devote a definite proportion of its schedule to educative programs free from advertising."

Economic Plan Discussed

The revival of the business of the world must depend upon a vast scheme of correlation and coöperation, Dr Augustus O. Thomas of Augusta, Maine, president of the World Federation of Education Associations, told the delegates at an evening meeting. Civilization will not be safe for one until it is so for all, he asserted, and he urged that a way be found to guarantee work for all.

"Our capitalistic system is being weighed in the balance," said Dr. Thomas. "We are facing the rising tide of Communism. Business has become a world aspect and is badly out of joint. The spirit of economic and political change is sweeping the nations off their foundations. Our individualistic democracy, while it contains the virtues which have made our country prosperous in the past, now shows many fundamental faults which must be recognized and corrected before it is too late."

Business is looking to the educators to give them graduates who have learned that it is necessary to live and work with other people, said A. M. Jones, assistant cashier of the Chase National Bank in New York City.

In his own office Mr. Jones said, "we took the trouble two years ago to study carefully the cases of all unemployed persons over 45 years of age who applied to us for a position. As nearly as we could determine, 72 per cent of the people we considered were without work because they were unable to adapt themselves to changes in the firms for whom they had been working, to the policies of those organizations, and to their fellow workers. Truly this is a deplorable situation, entailing considerable economic upset and conducive to a great deal of unhappiness, because those people past 45 years find it difficult to develop the trait of flexibility."

Establishment of an experimental welfare fund during the coming year to take care of unemployed teachers, was urged by Prof. William C. Bagley of Columbia University, chairman of the employment committee appointed this year by the association. Mr. Bagley recommended voluntary contributions from the association members, saying that an average of 5 cents per capita would provide a fund of $10,000.

Replies to a questionnaire received from 42 states indicate that in 17 there will be at least 4000 contracts of teachers not renewed this year. Sixteen of the states were in favor of a permanent welfare fund, and 21 were opposed, Dr. Bagley said.

Frank Bohn of the University of Southern California advocated the spending of a few million dollars in Mexico for the promotion of international relations, saying, "Never before has opportunity been given, so directly, to our rich and economically progressive Americans, to aid a poor and backward people. Mexico is in starving need of a modern school system. To an even larger degree she requires the higher technical education of a business and engineering class."

NEW YORK EAGER TO GREET RECORD GLOBE GIRDLERS

(Continued from Page 1)

insisted I suppose I'd tell him to go ahead."

Mr. Hall revealed that Mr. Post had been talking to him about the world-circling flight "for the past couple of years" and finally "sold" him the idea last January.

"I told him he could have the plane and I'd see to it that fuel and weather reports were taken care of on one condition," he said. "That was, that his wife gave her consent."

Mr. Hall told how Mr. Post, first a farmer and then an oil driller, became one of the world's premier fliers.

Mr. Post, he said, quit farming to become a driller in the Oklahoma oil fields. While working as an oil driller, he continued, something went wrong one day, and the mishap unfitted him for that particular work; thereupon he turned to aviation and bought an airplane.

"He came into my office one day with a leather cap in his hand and said he wanted to be my pilot," Mr. Hall continued; "said he'd be heartbroken if he didn't get the job. What was I to do but let him have it?"

Mr. Hall said he had never heard of Mr. Gatty until last February, but "Wiley wanted him for navigator and I said O. K. Guess it was a pretty choice too."

He added that he did not know just how much the world flight was costing him. He did it for his "little girl," Mrs. Winnie May Fain of Long Beach, Calif., he said.

Post and Gatty on Way From Edmonton, Alberta, To End World Tour

EDMONTON, Alta., July 1 (AP)—Using a paved street for a runway, Wiley Post and Harold Gatty hopped off from here this morning for Cleveland, O., beyond which lay the home stretch of their 16,000-mile flight around the world. They had reached Edmonton from Fairbanks, Alaska—about 1450 miles—at 4:35 p. m. mountain standard time (6:35 p. m. E. S. T.) yesterday.

They hoped to reach Roosevelt Field, New York, by night, thereby completing their flight in nine days.

The monoplane Winnie Mae took the air at 3:39 a. m., mountain standard time (5:39 eastern standard time), and headed southeast for the 1600-mile flight to Cleveland, which the fliers hoped to accomplish in 11 or 12 hours.

Rain, which had fallen here for the past 24 hours, ceased just before the take-off, but it had left Blachford Field, where the plane landed yesterday, a quagmire, from which a take-off with the plane's heavy load of fuel would have been well nigh impossible.

Post ran the plane along the street for a quarter of a mile before it lifted into the air in the face of a northwest breeze. After swinging in a wide circle, the plane headed southeast and straightened out on its course.

They delayed their start until police had cleared the street of spectators, of whom several hundred were on hand despite the early hour.

Both expressed their gratitude for their reception here, saying they had enjoyed the best night's rest they had had since they left Roosevelt Field June 23.

The fliers said they would bear well to the south to get away from the storm area in the vicinity of Edmonton.

There was little delay in the take-off. The fliers, after several hours' sleep, arrived at the field shortly before 3 a. m. Mechanics were already warming up the plane.

HOOVER AND WILSON HONORED IN POLAND

POZNAN, Poland, July 1 (AP)—A bust of President Hoover is being placed at the entrance to a park here in which a monument to Woodrow Wilson, war-time President of the United States, will be unveiled, Saturday.

The Wilson statue has been mounted on a granite pedestal under the direction of its sculptor, Gutzon Borglum. A map of Poland has been engraved on the pedestal in such a manner that the hand of the figure points thereto.

Forthcoming Lectures On Christian Science

By Members of The Christian Science Board of Lectureship

MASSACHUSETTS

Cotuit: Church Edifice, 3:30 p. m., July 5.

NEW YORK

New York (Thirteenth Church): Pythian Temple, 135 West Seventieth Street, 8 p. m., July 6. Radiocast Station WPCH, 810 kilocycles.

WILUNA MINE PROFITS

SPECIAL TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

PERTH, W. Aust.—A report issued to the shareholders of the Wiluna Gold Mine in which English investors are concerned states that in April, 18,026 tons of ore were put through the plant and bullion valued at £19,133 was recovered. The amount of gold remaining in process was estimated at £7,200.

BIG RASPBERRY CROP NOTED

HAGERSTOWN, Md., June 30—Raspberry growers in southern Washington County are having a successful season and the crop is expected to be the best in several years. In a little more than a week, about 2000 crates were shipped from the Keedysville, Rohrersville, Cavetown and Mt. Lena sections.

LAWS ON LIQUOR AND WORK LIMIT URGED FOR INDIA

Royal Commission Submits Recommendations for Industry

BY RADIO FROM MONITOR BUREAU

LONDON, July 1—The royal commission of experts under John Henry Whitley, former Speaker of the House of Commons, presented to Parliament today, signed unanimously, a report advising far-reaching changes, including limitation of working hours, and restrictions upon the drink trade and usury to help 3,000,000 workers in factories, mines, railways and plantations in India.

This commission was appointed by the British Labor Cabinet in July, 1929, upon recommendation of the Government of India. It was authorized to investigate conditions of all Indian labor, including workers' health, efficiency standards, living conditions and relations with employers.

The workers concerned carry on very large industries. That of jute in Bengal supplies almost the whole world demand for wheat sacks and other bags used in conveying cereals. That of tea, which is grown along the foothills of the Himalayas and in the plains of Assam, has largely ousted China from the place it once held as the main source of supply for this commodity. The cotton mills of the Bombay Presidency and united provinces manufacture a large proportion of the clothing for the population of 350,000,000 people.

Much of the Indian labor is still under white supervision, but that portion of it which is directed by Indians is already considerable and is growing continually in importance. Workers are mostly immigrants from agricultural villages. They live as a rule in one-story barracks, which frequently are crowded and unsanitary, while the fact that their families are more often than not left in the homes, too far away to be easily visited, introduces other sources of difficulty.

The commission has spent two years upon its report traveling over all industrial provinces and examining 837 witnesses. It finds that whereas in the past factory labor has been scarce, there is now a prospect of its becoming plentiful. Nevertheless the old system continues, of recruiting it through independent agents who act as intermediaries between the employer and employed, with undesirable results, including bribery, extortion and exercise of illegitimate power and influence. The commission recommends introduction instead, of whole-time officers who would be directly under the general manager.

The commission's object here has been not only to retain the existing system under which men return to their homes at intervals, usually for a month each time, but to render their association closer than is now the case, with the jobs they leave, so that the skill they have acquired may not be lost owing to their being taken on by new masters when they go back to work.

The commission was impressed by the fact that though these factory conditions have existed in India for only 50 years, compared with two centuries during which they have been in operation in Europe, nevertheless India has made progress in social welfare service for workers though still much behind what which white races have achieved for themselves.

Some more serious exceptions, to which the commission's attention was directed, were found in smaller factories under Indian control employing fewer than 20 workers apiece. These establishments have been hitherto regarded as too small to be capable of effectual inspection, and many evils have grown up in them which the commission has endeavored to remedy by suggesting new and simplified inspection arrangements.

One of the worst practices prevailing in such places has been parents mortgaging their children's labor as security for debts. Such transactions have meant in fact not only that children, sometimes only 5 to 6 years of age, are at work, but also that employers often secure practically lifelong service at little beyond bare subsistence wages.

Regarding railways and mines, the commission makes a number of proposals, chiefly designed to bring workers and management into closer personal touch with one another, especially in the mater of eliminating the middle men, who in India too often exact commissions amounting to bribes, from those whose affairs they handle.

In connection with the tea industry, the commission's suggestions are directed chiefly to increasing facilities for intercommunication between workers in gardens and their homes in distant villages. Throughout the report the commission emphasizes the value of the assistance received from women welfare workers, whose numbers they think should be increased.

News of FREEMASONRY

By DUDLEY WRIGHT

SPECIAL FROM THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR BUREAU

London

THE Duke of Connaught rejoiced the hearts of the English brethren by his presidency at the Quarterly Communication of Grand Lodge, while they also accorded a hearty welcome to Lord Ampthill, Lord Wraxall and the Grand Director of Ceremonies, C. R. I. Nicholl, on their first appearance after their return from visiting the Grand Lodge of New York. The Duke's first reference in his speech was to the great work done for the Craft by Sir Alfred Robbins and his regret that he had not been able to fulfill his wish to accompany the deputation from the Grand Lodge of England to the Grand Lodge of New York. No Mason, he said, had worked harder in the interests of Freemasonry than Sir Alfred. He invested J. Russell McLaren as his successor.

* * *

The annual festival of the Grand Mark Lodge was the largest in its annals and was presided over by the Earl of Stradbroke, Pro Grand Master in that degree. Great progress is being made in this branch of Masonry and a warrant has been issued for Lodge 900, so that, as Lord Stradbroke said, they are now beginning to look forward to the formation of Lodge 1000.

* * *

There has just been a further pleasing interchange of visits between the Authors' and the Incorporated Society of Musicians' Lodges, for the third successive year. On this occasion the authors visited the musicians at the installation meeting of the latter and installed the new master with what is known as the extended working. Great antiquity is claimed for this working though, possibly, the claim would be disputed by ardent emulation workers. Algernon Rose, secretary of the authors lodge, which is limited in membership to members of the authors' club, pointed out how all the various professions were represented in the constitution of the grand lodge—the church in the grand and assistant grand chaplains; the law in the grand registrar and his assistants; architecture in the superintendents of work.; the navy and army in the sword bearers, and organists in the grand and deputy grand organists. He suggested that the Incorporated Society of Musicians' Lodge should keep its finger on the pulse of the profession and see that suitable candidates for the appointments were recommended to the grand lodge each year.

* * *

Work in connection with the new premises for the headquarters of Freemasonry in England is proceeding apace. The demolition of the scaffolding has commenced and already fittings for the interior are being placed in position. In the course of a few weeks there will be a move from the old quarters, so far as the administrative staff is concerned and the task of constructing the façade of the extension begun, as well as connecting up the two portions. After the recess lodges and chapters will meet in the new building, although the formal opening will not take place until the spring of 1932. There will be marble wall linings to the new grand temple, which is to be constructed to find seating accommodation for from 2000 to 2500 brethren. This will, of course, enable the Grand Lodge to hold its quarterly communications under its own roof, instead of hiring buildings not connected with Freemasonry for the five principal meetings of the year. It will not, however, obviate the renting of the Royal Albert Hall on special occasions as this is the only building, outside of Olympia, which is able to meet the occasional special demands. One particularly pleasing feature in regard to the raising of the necessary funds is the contribution of some £10,000 by the Freemasons of Bengal.

The lodges under the English Grand Lodge which are composed in the main of members of the Jewish faith are stalwart supporters of all the Masonic institutions. Two, the Mandate and the Hercules, have just held their annual installation meetings. In this connection, it may be mentioned that an edition of the ritual in Hebrew has just been compiled. Both might appropriately be termed "Fathers and Sons" lodges. The former is only 10 years old, yet the last three masters have all been sons of founders. The latter is five years old, but both are Hall Stone Lodges of the Masonic Peace Memorial, to which the new members are contributing as they join. The latter has also, in addition to other obligations, undertaken to contribute £1000 to the new building for the Nursing Home, so that its name will, for all time, be associated with the new building.

* * *

The Provincial Grand Master for Jersey, Charles Edward Malet de Carteret, Attorney-General for the island, has now been appointed its bailiff. The bailiff of the Royal Court of Jersey is the head of the Legislature, and, after the Lieutenant-Governor, the most important man in the island. The appointment is not only a popular one with Freemasons, but the whole island is overjoyed and the Jersey papers point out that the office of bailiff was held by de Carteret's ancestors from 1626 to 1826, while a de Carteret was also bailiff in 1302, 1446 and 1513.

Japanese Merge Banks By Adding Their Numbers

TOKYO (By U. P.)—An easy escape from the usual struggle of suitable naming of a merger of two banks has been found by the Nineteenth Bank of Ueda and the Sixty-Third Bank of Nagano the two largest banking organizations in Nagano Prefecture, northwest of Tokyo. Instead of either losing its name or calling the merger the Nineteenth and Sixty-Third Bank, the directors voted to add the numbers and call it the Eighty-Second Bank.

In the early days of modern Japanese banking, national banks were named by number. Not only was there a First National Bank, but also a One Hundred and Fifty-Third National Bank. When the national banking system was revised, many of these retained their numerical names.

BOSTON MAN HONORED

Thomas N. Perkins, Boston lawyer and chairman of the board of the Boston & Maine Railroad, has been made honorary member of the Institute of Foreign Politics in Hamburg, according to word received from Berlin. Mr. Perkins has served as president of the Arbital Tribunal of Interpretations, the task of which was to interpret the Dawes plan, a United States citizen member of the Reparations Commission, and a member of the Committee of Experts. During the war he was a member of the Priorities Committee, chief counsel of the War Industries Board, and a member of the American Commission to the Interallied War Conference.

Masonic Books

Histories, Biographies, Fiction. Write for "Masonic Readers' Guide M." Masonic and Eastern Star Jewelry, Souvenirs, Novelties, Leather Goods, etc. Visit our store—free reading rooms.

MACOY Pub. & Masonic Sup. Co. 35 W. 32nd St., New York

Radio Tonight

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

WEEI, Boston (590kc-508m)

1:00 p. m.—Talk.
3:05 Mme. Bertha Dupes, French diction.
3:30 The Dancesonians, Will Dodge, director.
5:40 Horse Show talk.
5:45 Limerick Program.
6:00 Quaker Pensieneers.
6:55 "The Old Painter."
7:00 Dancesonians, Will Dodge, director.
8:00 Announcements; news.
8:05 NBC, The Stebbins Boys.
7:00 WEEI Organist, Del Castillo.
7:15 NBC, Mme. Frances Alda, soprano; Frank LaForge, pianist.
7:30 Noyes Bulck Pianist.
7:32 Clara Shear, soprano.
7:50 "What's Going On Around Us," C. A. Merton.
8:00 NBC, "Bobby" Jones, golf chat.
8:15 NBC, Mae Questel, disease.
8:30 NBC, Mobiloil Concert: Gladys Rice, soprano; the Choristers, male chorus; Henry M. Neely, master of ceremonies; concert orchestra, Nathaniel Shilkret, conductor.
9:00 NBC, Halsey Stuart Program: "Old Counselor," financial talk; concert orchestra.
9:30 NBC, Palmolive Hour: Olive Palmer, soprano; Paul Oliver, tenor; Revelers Quartet; orchestra direction of Erno Rapee.
10:30 NBC, James M. Corbett interviewed by Grantland Rice; string dance orchestra; Vaughn DeLeath, contralto.
11:00 NBC, "The Voice of Radio Digest," Nelle Revell.
11:15 Forecasts, E. B. Rideout; news.
11:30 NBC, Vincent Lopez and his orchestra.

WBZ and WBZA, Boston and Springfield (900kc-333m)

5:00 p. m.—NBC, "Chats With Peggy Winthrop."
5:15 Sport Review; concert program.
5:30 NBC, Little Orphan Annie.
5:45 Agricultural markets.
5:55 "National Affairs."
6:00 Time; weather; Roadman.
6:08 Sport Review; temperature.
6:15 Tom MacHugh's Orchestra.
6:45 NBC, Lowell Thomas, Topics in Brief.
7:00 Time; NBC, "Amos 'n' Andy."
7:15 Wolverine Serenaders; piano duo.
7:30 NBC, Phil Cook, Quaker Man.
7:45 NBC, "Believe It or Not" Ripley; Edwin Whitney, player; orchestra.
8:00 Barrycrafters, concert program.
8:15 P. S. Kelley of Ringling Brothers circus.
8:30 "Down on the Farm."
8:45 Alden Edkins, bass; Orrin White, tenor.
9:00 NBC, "First Nighter" sketch: "The Devil's Pitchfork."
9:30 Gilbert and Barker Variety Hour.
10:00 NBC, Goldman Band Concert.
10:30 NBC, Clara, Lu and Em.
10:45 Temperature; Radio Billboard.
10:50 Louie's Hungry Five; skit.
11:00 Time; weather; Sport Review.
11:14 Joe Rines and his orchestra.
11:45 Time announcement.

WNAC, Boston (1230kc-244m)

5:00 Ted and his Greater Gang.
5:25 "Show Times"; organ.
5:30 The Rhythm Ramblers.
5:45 Dainty Dot Dandies; time.
6:00 Song recital with Helen Barr.
6:15 Sweet and Low; trio.
6:30 CBS, Roy Atwell, monologist; soloist; Freddie Rich's Orchestra.
6:45 CBS, Serial mystery story.
7:00 Baseball; news; weather.
7:15 CBS, Dennis King, baritone; Linit Orchestra, Maximilian Pilzer, conductor.
7:30 CBS program.
7:45 CBS, Morton Downey, tenor; Jaques Renard's Orchestra.
8:00 CBS, Arthur Pryor's Band.
8:15 CBS, Barber Shop Quartet.
8:30 Nightingales, female vocal trio.
8:45 CBS, Gloom Chasers; comedy act.
9:00 CBS, Gold Medal Organist; Wheaties Quartet; "surprise" soloist.
9:28 CBS, Golf dinner from Toledo, O.
10:00 CBS, Rhythm Choristers; Freddie Rich's Orchestra.
10:30 CBS, Hernandez Brothers, instrumental trio.
10:45 CBS, Connie Boswell, songs.
11:00 Time; baseball; news; weather.
11:15 Organ recital.
11:30 Emery Daugherty and his orchestra.
12:00 CBS, Jack Crawford and his orchestra.
12:30 a. m.—CBS, Ann Leaf, organist; Ben Alley, tenor.

WRDH, Boston (630kc-361m)

5:30 p. m.—Fishermen's program.
5:45 Anne Walker, soprano.
6:00 Weather; twilight hour.
6:30 "The Monitor Views the News."
6:45 Violin and piano.
7:00 Mickie Alpert and his orchestra.
7:30 Weather; WRDH Evening Musicals.
8:00 Time announcement.

WAAB, Boston (1410kc-213m)

5:00 p. m.—Daddy Sunshine Club.
5:30 "Kiddies Day at the Beach."
6:00 CBS, "Today's Reporter—Tomorrow's Author," John Farrar, publisher.
6:15 CBS, Frank Winegar's Orchestra.
6:30 Time; baseball news.
6:45 Eddie Welch's orchestra.
7:00 CBS, Kate Smith's Swanee Music.
7:15 Lion's Club program.
7:30 Voice and piano.
7:45 Joe Maher's Irish Minstrels.
8:00 The Gossipers.
8:15 Voice and piano.
8:30 CBS, Symphonic Interlude.
8:45 "Confucius," Dr. Tehyi Hsieh.
9:00 Mickie Alpert and his orchestra.
9:30 Organ recital.
10:00 The Ambassadors.
10:30 Time; news; "Melody Mirror."
11:00 CBS, Tommy Armour, golfer, from Toledo.
11:15 CBS, Bert Lown and his orchestra.
11:30 CBS, Will Osborne and his orchestra.

Tomorrow's Features

WEEI

8:00 a. m.—NBC, The Early Birds.
8:30 a. m.—NBC, "Cheerio."
9:15 a. m.—NBC programs.
11:15 a. m.—NBC, Household Institute.
12:00 Noon—NBC, Ranny Weeks, songs.
1:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:45 p. m.—NBC programs.
4:25 p. m.—Silver Lining Hour.

WEZA

7:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
9:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
9:30 a. m.—NBC programs.
12:15 p. m.—NBC, Pat Barnes.
1:30 p. m.—NBC, Farm and Home Hour.
2:30 p. m.—Studio and musical.
4:00 p. m.—NBC, Home decorating.

WNAC

8:30 a. m.—Studio and musical.
10:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
1:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:15 p. m.—CBS, Columbia Artists Recital.
3:15 p. m.—Braves-Pittsburgh, Fred Hoey, reporter.

WAAB

7:45 a. m.—News; recordings; talks.
9:00 a. m.—CBS programs.
10:00 a. m.—Studio and musical.
1:30 p. m.—CBS, Savoy Plaza Orchestra.
2:00 p. m.—Studio and musical.
2:45 p. m.—CBS programs.

Local Classified Advertising

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines. minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information

APARTMENTS TO LET — APARTMENTS TO LET

ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE

APARTMENTS

The ILKLEY
8 Cumberland Street
Corner Huntington Avenue
6 ROOMS
$100 to $110 per month

76-110 Gainsborough
STREET
4-7 ROOMS
$75 to $90 per month
Apply 94 Gainsborough St., Suite 1

Apply on premises or or

Estate of Joseph B. Thomas
84 STATE STREET Hub. 2078 BOSTON

APARTMENTS
in Boston and Brookline
Apartment homes of distinctive appeal in modern buildings, furnished and unfurnished, for short and long terms; available at special rates for occupancy at once and in the fall.
CALL HUBBARD 7000

ARLINGTON, MASS. — Attractive apartment, 7 rooms, corner; quiet, refined neighborhood; oil heat, General Electric refrigeration, fireplace, sun parlor, beamed dining room; 25 minutes from Park St. Call Arlington 2780.

BOSTON — Cool, well furnished; sublets for July and August by week or month; near Christian Science church and in Brookline. Apply THE HOME BUREAU, 8 Norway Street. Tel. Ken. 7492.

BOSTON—Sublet on Riverway, cool furnished apartment for 1 or 2; unusual view; radio, shower bath, refrigeration; references. Beacon 2450. After July 1, Regent 2079. M-70, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

BOSTON—Why go to a hotel when you can have kitchenette apartment reasonably. Commonwealth 8210, 29 Hemenway Street.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Sublet for summer, furnished 4-room, with maid service, radio, Grand piano, oriental rugs; accommodates 4 persons; southwest exposure; near Coolidge Corner. 1484 Beacon St. Beacon 6435.

FURNISHED APARTMENT
Ready for occupancy; central location; 10 minutes to Christian Science church; adjacent to Charles River basin; 1 block from Public Garden; reduced rental to finish lease, or available unfurnished permanently if desired. Tel. Com. 1040 (Boston).

MILTON, MASS.—8 rooms, screened and glassed-in porch, modern, double house; garage if desired; 3 minutes Rapid Transit. Tel. Milton 3997.

SUB-LET BEAUTIFUL FURNISHED SUITE IN THE RIVERWAY MANOR PHONE: REG. 3926 or LIB. 5656 BOSTON

WILKINSBURG, PA.—Desirable apartment, 3 rooms, bath, garage; contiguous to cars; adults. Churchill 5198.

APARTMENTS TO SHARE

WANTED—One, two or three young men to share furnished apartment near Harvard Square, Cambridge, Mass., July and August. Call University 3892-M 3 to 5.

AUTOMOBILE TRIPS

PITTSBURGH, PA.—Young woman driving to St. Louis will take passenger, sharing expenses; returning about 2 weeks; references exchanged. Write Box A-3, The Christian Science Monitor, 511 Wabash Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

A RESTFUL vacation for mothers with small children in country; large house and grounds for children to romp in or will take children only, giving them best of care and happy outdoor days; references. MRS. K. E. ROBERTSON, Bradford, Vt.

CAMPS AND COTTAGES

COUNTRY BUNGALOW

Local Classified Advertising

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 30 cents a line. Minimum space three lines. Minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under most of these headings. Write or call for detailed information.

For other Classified Advertising see preceding page.

MOVING AND STORAGE

E. F. CALDWELL, Inc.
MOVERS
OF FURNITURE AND PIANOS
We Own and Run Our Own Storage
SEMI-WEEKLY TRIPS TO
New York, Philadelphia and Inland Points
Also Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont
118 CANAL STREET, BOSTON
Tel. HAY market 3907

I SHALL deem it a privilege to serve readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their local and long distance piano and furniture moving. NOBLE E. STEVENS. 124 Harvard St., Boston 34 Mass. Tel. Talbot 2600.

LONG distance moving, house to house moving, packing, shipping, storage; work guaranteed; 30 years experience. F. J. AUTO VAN CO., M. Spencer, Mgr., 625 Brookline Ave., Boston. Am. 1007 Cal 7788-W

OFFICES TO LET

ATTRACTIVE office for practitioner; centrally located; evening hours. M-76, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

PART TIME—Practitioner's light and attractive office. Room 1201, 18 E. 41st Street, New York City. Tel. Lexington 2-1798.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

INTERIOR and exterior work of highest grade; paperhanging kalsomining; crafters work; floors sanded and refinished. R. WHITE & CO., 21 Winchester St., Brookline. Tel. Regent 1963-M.

PAYING GUESTS

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., The Barclay—Attractive, refined home, near beach, opposite church; American and European. 98 Brighton Avenue. Tel. 4-6302.

"FREEDOM FIELD"—Country home in pines, near water, for rest or study; reasonable. Between Lakewood and Pt. Pleasant, Laurelton, N. J.

PONKAPOAG INN
at Ponkapoag, Mass., Route 138
An ideal spot near Boston to spend the summer or vacation; excellent meals; unusually attractive rooms; garage; lake near; riding or driving through Blue Hills Reservation. Canton 0327-W.

WHITE MOUNTAINS—Delightful home in Franconia, N. H., accommodate few guests; excellent table and rooms; wonderful views. MISS M. F. ADAMS.

PIANOS

MATHUSHEK PIANOS
Are famous the world over.
Art Catalogue on request.
Many bargains in Used
Grands and Uprights.
Rentals—Small Grands, Small Uprights.
MATHUSHEK
14 East 39 St. New York City
(near 5th Ave.)

PRINTING

Guaranteed Printing
at low cost.
5000 heavy bond letterheads, billheads, statements or cards, $8.75. Trial order of 100 letterheads, $1.00. Mail orders filled. Samples on request.
WEBSTER PRINTING
3067 WEBSTER AVE., NEW YORK CITY
Olinville 2-9313

REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—Furnished summer cottage, Marshfield, Mass. Ferry Hill section of Humarock Beach; 6 rooms, bath, combination coal and gas range, fireplace, 3-car garage, 2 extra building lots, trees, rose arbors; exclusive neighborhood; short ride to Christian Science church at Marshfield Hills. Inquire within or telephone Marshfield 126-3, or Boston, Kenmore 7759. M. B. SARGENT.

WELLESLEY, MASS.—For sale, high class apartment property in good location; almost new; have several parcels; will sell all together or separately; one parcel suitable for couple as nice home, with an income; easily financed; no brokers. P-55, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

RESORTS

FAYETTE COTTAGE—One large and two smaller rooms with running water close to Gladstone Inn. ALICE CUSHMAN, Fayette Cottage, P. O. Box 202, Falmouth Heights, Mass.

FOR A VACATION, come to Old Marblehead; pleasant rooms for guests in a private family. MISS HUNNEWELL, 110 Front St., Marblehead, Mass.

SCITUATE ARMS
Scituate Harbor, Mass.
Rates $14 to $20

REST HOMES

THE HOMESTEAD FARM
A quiet place for rest and study; good board and terms reasonable. MRS. ELIAS BOYD, Oxford, Pennsylvania.

ROOMS AND BOARD

BROOKE HOUSE
79 Chandler Street, Boston, Mass. Han. 8269
A home for young business women and students. Transients accepted. Board Rates $6.00 to $12.00.

LARCHMONT, N. Y.—Accommodations for a few guests; cool, airy rooms, shaded grounds; swimming privileges; restricted neighborhood. Tel. Larch. 2688.

NEW YORK CITY—Business woman, room in private family, with or without board; also double room for two weeks beginning July 13; centrally located. Riverside 9-6893.

ROXBURY, MASS., 45 Elm Hill Ave.—A large sunny room with porch; meals if desired; also adjoining room. Gar. 2712.

ROOMS TO LET

A FURNISHED cheerful room in country; Christian Scientist preferred; reasonable. MRS. WM. SPRINKLER, Wampum, Penna., Route 1.

BOSTON, 424 Beacon St., Water Side—Before deciding see these beautiful rooms, single and double, private bath; a most unusual home; meals, southern cooking; tourists accommodated.

BOSTON, 106 Gainsborough Street, Suite 1 or 2—Completely furnished 3-room apartment, single, double rooms; permanent or transient; reasonable.

BOSTON, 121 St. Stephen St., Suite 40—Cool, airy room, attractively furnished, reasonable; Christian Scientists preferred. Com. 0227 after 12.

BOSTON—Cool, pleasant rooms; near Christian Science church and in Brookline. Apply THE HOME BUREAU, 8 Norway St. Tel. Ken. 7492.

BOSTON, 189 Huntington Ave., Suite 1—Rooms, double or single, permanent or transient; reasonable; basement room $3; garage. Comm. 6291.

BOSTON—Quiet, comfortable rooms, reasonable. MANAGER, 195 Huntington Ave., Suite 3.

BROOKLINE, MASS., 69 Summit Ave.—Connecting and single rooms, one with private bath; meals optional; tourists welcome; garage. Regent 6313.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Pleasant rooms in private family on Corey Hill; board optional; permanent or transient. 139 Mason Ter. Asp. 6161.

BROOKLINE, MASS.—Kitchenette, large front room with bedroom and private bath; housekeeping; piazza; also room on second floor in quiet home; beautiful surroundings; garage. Regent 1963-M.

BROOKLINE, MASS., 1674 Beacon Street—Attractively furnished rooms, should be seen to be appreciated. Asp. 6978; garage if desired.

HOLLIS, L. I.—Furnished room in fine residential section, with or without board. Tel. Hollis 5-0484.

NEW YORK CITY, 930 West End Ave., Apt. 6 N. E.—Newly furnished 5-room elevator apartment, all light; single, double or suite, real kitchen; reasonable.

NEW YORK CITY—One single room, use of Grand Piano 1½ hours daily. Ac. 2-8244.

NEW YORK CITY, 562 West 144th, Apt. 44—Double room, 3 windows, Broadway, housekeeping, telephone, elevator; also single. Edge. 4-6107.

NEW YORK CITY—Will share homelike modern apartment with business girl. Telephone Kellog 5-8311.

WINTHROP HIGHLANDS, MASS., 215 Grover Ave.—Room near bathing and station. Telephone Ocean 0914.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

MAN desires employment, gardening, handy man or any kind of work; can drive car. C. KUELMER, 97 Whitaker Ave., West Orange, N. J. Nas. 4-2774.

PITTSBURGH—Carnegie Tech graduate, year experience with public utility, desires position in any line offering opportunity for advancement. Write Box X-75, The Christian Science Monitor, 811 Wabash Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

POSITION WANTED—Chauffeur and expert gardener on private estate; A-1 references; white, married. Phone day, Cr. 3-1088; night, Nut. 3-1224-W, Nutley, N. J.

YOUNG college student desires position as chauffeur and companion to children during summer months; very fond of children and excellent driver; best of references offered. W. FRANKLIN BURNHAM, Jr., 35 Copeland Ave., Reading, Mass. Tel. 0720.

YOUNG MAN, 24, 3 years' experience in fire insurance, graduate Insurance Institute of America, desires position as assistant examiner. A. G. HART, 343 Woodside Ave., Newark, N. J.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

EXPERIENCED child's nurse wishes position; go anywhere; Christian Scientists preferred. N-79, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

NEWARK, N. J.—Mrs. Annie Lee Cooper for several years in the service of W. P. Day, caterer, offers her services for formal and informal dinners, luncheons, parties, etc. 881 So. 7th St. Market 3-0652.

STUDENT, 18, during summer months, desires employment as clerk, typist or mother's helper. Address E. A. S., 1 Overlook Road, Melrose, Mass. Melrose 35290-W.

YOUNG French woman desires position as cook, housekeeper; can manage large house; long references. Write ROCHET, 238 East 46th St., New York City. Tel. Atwater 9-1504.

YOUNG woman, with knowledge of shorthand, desires position. MARION B. ACKERMAN, Katonah, N. Y. Phone Katonah 297-W.

SEWING MACHINES

REPAIRING and renting all makes of sewing machines; good used machines. If sold we allow. 317 Boylston Street, Boston, Com. 0437.

SUMMER BOARD

AT SHADYKNOLL, the country and seashore meet; near Asbury; BOOKLET. EMMA VAN HORN, Fairhaven, N. J. Phone Redbank 382. "Special July 4th week-end rates."

"HI VIEW"—An ideal spot to spend your vacation. Write ELIZABETH K. FERGUSON, North East, Pa.

JAFFREY, N. H.—The Braeburn, near Mt. Monadnock; beautiful views; home cooking; garden vegetables; motoring; hiking; 20 minutes to sandy beach; references. MRS. WM. BUNCE.

LAKESIDE HOUSE
Beautifully situated on shore of Lake Winnisquam on D. W. highway; good boating, fishing and bathing; golf near by; special attention to auto parties. H. E. BENNETT, Prop., P. O. ADDRESS, LACONIA, N. H.

MOUNTAIN VIEW FARM
LAKE WINNIPESAUKEE
Booklets 35th Season. Tourists Accommodated. MATT KIMBALL, Lakeport, N. H.

SUMMER HOMES

DENNISPORT, CAPE COD
Ideal location on water front; to rent, new house, 8 rooms, all improvements. M. L. DOWNER. Tel. Harwich 578-2.

DUXBURY, MASS.
House to let at reduced price for the season, 4 bedrooms, bath and extra toilet, gas and all improvements; 2-car garage; secluded on water front; near Powder Point and post office; price $700. Call OWNER, Mid. 1730.

FOR RENT. Land's End, Rockport, Mass.—Furnished 6-room bungalow with bath; double garage; garden plot; unobstructed view of ocean; $250 Aug. 1-Sept. 15. Phone ALLEN, University 9783-J.

Monument Beach
SIX-ROOM MODERN BUNGALOW and double garage, 2 acres land, shade trees; short distance from stores and bay; for season $600. W. WALDO TROWBRIDGE, Bourne, Mass.

TAILORING

MEN'S SUITS and Women's Dresses thoroughly dry cleaned $1.00. NORWAY TAILORS (Louis Talkov, Prop.), 60 Norway St., Boston.

TO LET—FURNISHED

NEW YORK CITY, 646 West End Ave. (81st)—3 rooms, bath, kitchen, electric refrigeration, radio; attractively furnished; one block subway, buses. Schuyler 4-3043 mornings until 11.

TRANSPORTATION

E. W. SMITH & SONS TRANSPORTATION CO. Humboldt 2-4793
26 MT. PLEASANT AVE., NEWARK, N. J.
DAILY SERVICE FROM NEWARK TO NEW YORK BROOKLYN AND LONG ISLAND CITY
Daily Service to Trenton, N. J.
and Philadelphia, Pa.

TYPEWRITERS

CORONA
Standard Four-Row Keyboard
E. A. RAPHAEL CO.
48 Bromfield Street, Boston Liberty 7597
Headquarters Corona Typewriter, Underwood, Remington Royal Portables
Carbon Paper Ribbons
STANDARD TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months $6.00

NEW JERSEY

ASBURY PARK

The Store That Satisfies
VISIT LE MAISTRE'S
DEPARTMENT STORE
ASBURY PARK, N. J.

ATLANTIC CITY

Guarantee Trust Company
Finely equipped
for the Settlement of Estates
Consult Our Trust Officer
Capital and Surplus—$1,400,000

Shoes for the Family
ENNA JETTICK
BOOT SHOP
1208 ATLANTIC AVE., Atlantic City, N. J.

FOOTWEAR WITH FOOTCARE
KAUFMAN & WEINER
The Square Deal Store
Hardware and Housefurnishings
1007 Atlantic Avenue
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Beautify your home and garden. We can supply you with Seeds, Garden Tools, Hose, Paints and other necessities.

QUALITY COAL
WHEELER COAL COMPANY
Emilie R. Emmons
Commissionire
Decorator of Interiors and Offices.
Special this month, beach pillows and dolls, waterproof.
Dial 2-3790 17 S. SWARTHMORE AVE.

CAMDEN

In the "Heart" of Camden—Broadway at Federal
BAKER'S
THE DEPARTMENT STORE
Catering to those who want the finer things in life.

The Store That Serves You Best by Saving You Most
BAKER-FLICK CO.
South Jersey's Great Department Store
MARKET STREET, NEAR THIRD
CAMDEN, NEW JERSEY

CRANFORD

TUTTLE BROS.
CRANFORD N.J. WESTFIELD N.J.
PHONE 1402
COAL—LUMBER—MILLWORK
MASON MATERIALS

EAST ORANGE

LANG COMPANY
Plumbing Roof Repairs
407 MAIN STREET
Phone Orange 3-5106

Henry Hornecker
FLORIST
MEMBER OF F. T. D. A.
75 CENTRAL AVE. 821 CENTRAL AVE.
Orange 3-1244 Orange 3-0684
Night phone Nassau 4-1650

North Munn Ave. Garage
The storage garage of satisfaction
Repairs, Gas, Oil
Washing and Simonizing
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT
106 NO. MUNN AVENUE Orange 3-1089

EAST ORANGE (Continued)

Orange 3-1200 Seven Extensions
3201
Morrow-Jenkins
Incorporated
Grocers
Butchers
Halsted Street at Brick Church
"No Extra Charge for Delivery"
Strictly fresh Eggs (direct from Codner's Farm), 29c and 35c dozen

White Rose Grape Fruit Hearts	can 15c
White Rose Golden Bantam Corn,	2 cans 25c
White Rose Apple Sauce	2 cans 25c
Sunshine Crackers—Surprise Assortment	box 29c

Our weekly or monthly charge accounts are convenient for our patrons.
"IT PAYS TO BUY WHERE QUALITY COUNTS"
MORROW-JENKINS INC.

100% Brake Service
Relining, Adjusting
Electrically Tested for Equalization
Wheel Alignments
10 BRICK CHURCH PLAZA
Oregon 5-3495

Premier Valet
Cleaning and Dyeing
Excellent Service—Moderate Prices
5 LINCOLN ST. Tel. Orange 3-5959

Oriental Rug Cleaning Works
We specialize in
Cleaning, Washing and Repairing
PERSIAN and CHINESE RUGS
All work done by Native experts.
S. D. HAGOPIAN
Tel. Bergen 3-8163 2327 HUDSON BLVD.

LaMODE CORSET SHOP
CORSETS
Up-to-Date Gloves, Hosiery
Lingerie
341 CENTRAL AVE., Cor. Lincoln St.
Webster 4-4989

HOLLYWOOD CLEANERS and DYERS
Bergen 3-9163 2327 HUDSON BLVD.
Men's Suits, Plain Dresses and Coats Dry Cleaned, $1
Goods called for and delivered.

Central Jewelry Store
WM. GEIGER, Proprietor
Diamonds, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry
390 Central Ave., next to Ritz Theatre

BOYD MEAT MARKET
Authorized Dealer in
E. W. SCHNEIDER & SONS, Inc.
Quality Meats and Provisions
Special Sale Day Every Tuesday
FREE DELIVERY Tel. Bergen 3-8566
2355 BOULEVARD

Metropolitan Hardware Co.
722 BERGEN AVE. Tel. Ber. 3-10101
HOUSE FURNISHINGS
Replenish your stock of House Cleaning Utensils and Materials
Special Sale of Mops
Authorized Agent for Westinghouse Electrical Supplies

THE GRACE SHOPPE
"Properly Fitted Corsets"
FREDA MALZ, Graduate Corsetiere
Latest styles in Lingerie, Pajamas, etc.
Newest shades in Hosiery and Gloves
Novelties
686 BERGEN AVENUE Tel. Del. 3-1940

MAPLEWOOD

SAMUEL H. ROSS, Inc.
GOOD MARKETING
Watch our windows for week-end specials
177 MAPLEWOOD AVENUE
Phone So. Orange 2-4300—4301—4302
MAPLEWOOD, N. J.

MONTCLAIR

Monitor Advertising Information Bureau
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call Monclair 2-4971 where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained from 9 to 11 daily, except Saturdays.
71 LLEWELLYN ROAD

HENKE'S Inc.
JEWELERS Established 1889
MONTCLAIR, N. J.

CITY HALL DELICATESSEN, Inc.
Catering for Luncheons and Parties
Chicken Chow Mein made by our Chinese chef.
517 Bloomfield Ave., Montclair, N. J.
Tel. Montclair 2-4971
363 Main St., E. Orange, N. J. Tel. Orange 3-8300

GRATE WOOD—CANNEL COAL
For Cozy Grate Fires
SCRANTON ANTHRACITE
Over 60 Years' Service
R. H. SEE COAL COMPANY
121 Bloomfield Avenue
PHONE MONTCLAIR 19

Bogart & Hansen, Inc.
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS and DEALERS
568 Bloomfield Ave., Montclair, N. J.

MOORE'S HARDWARE STORE
223 Glenridge Ave., Montclair, N. J.
Telephone Montclair 2-2210 and 2-2211

Stanley M. Crowell Co.
Full line of
TYCOS THERMOMETERS
36 South Park St., Montclair, N. J.
Near Church Street

MONTCLAIR'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT
Phone Montclair 2-2076 J. Braverman, Prop.
LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILORS AND FURRIERS
We Specialize in Men's Custom Tailoring
Repairing and Pressing
Fancy Cleaning and Dyeing a Specialty
108 GLENRIDGE AVENUE

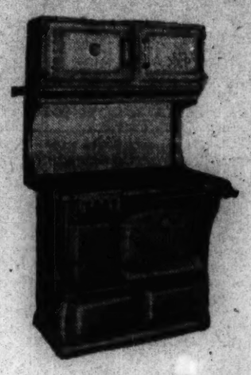
BUY FROM
KUNKEL BROS. INC.
FUEL
COAL—OIL—COKE—WOOD

JERSEY CITY

Phone Bergen 3-0559
Graydon Battery Service
Authorized Dealer for
R. C. A.—Atwater Kent—
Fada Radio Sets
22 Bergen Ave. *Prest-o-Lite Batteries*

JERSEY CITY (Continued)

HEAT
Hot Water Radiators
3 to 5 Rooms Cook--Bake
All with One Fire with the
THRIFT RANGE



THRIFT RADIATOR RANGE CO.
677 Montgomery St. Tel. Bergen 3-3624
CIRCULAR SENT ON REQUEST
Exclusive Territorial Rights Are Available to Heating Contractors.

EAST ORANGE-NASH, Inc.
Service on All Makes
MAIN AND CLINTON STS.

So-Mo Lawn Mower Co. Inc.
Tractors, Horse, Gasoline and Hand Mowers
Golf Clubs and Estates Equipped
Parts and Repairing
Orange 3-8640—8641 387 McKINLEY AVE.

ELIZABETH

WIDTHS IN STOCK "AAAA to E"
THE SHOP
HILGENDORFF'S
1128-68 East Jersey St., Elizabeth, N. J.
108 Church St., New Brunswick, N. J.
Interwoven Socks

ENGLEWOOD

GRACE FISHER
MORNING FROCKS
Piques, Broadcloth and Dimities
Spring Shades
3 E. PALISADE AVE. Tel. Eng. 3-3188

LAW
INCORPORATED
HABERDASHERY

HACKENSACK

Elliot's Drug Store
Perfumes—Cosmetics—BridgeGifts
Presenting
Marian Ruth
TOILET REQUISITES
For the Woman Who Cares
MAIL ORDERS FILLED
152 MAIN STREET Tel. Hack. 2-1012

Louis Beauty Salon
EUGENE
Permanent Wave
by Expert Operator
Sensational New Eugene Hair Drier —12 to 20 Minutes
166-168 MAIN ST. Tel. Hack. 2-10197

Cash and Carry SALE 75c
Men's Suits
All Plain Summer Dresses
DRY CLEANED
BRING YOUR DRY CLEANING DIRECT TO OUR FACTORY AND SAVE!
RED ★ STAR CLEANERS
370 MAIN ST. HACKENSACK, N. J.
Opp. Y. M. C. A.

Telephones TRANBCK 6-3700; HACK. 3-1231
Home Town Laundries, Inc.
BERGEN COUNTY'S LARGEST LAUNDRY
Please mention The Christian Science Monitor

Physical Culture Walk-Over
Buster Brown Shoes for
Men—Women—Children
B & H SHOE SHOP
200 MAIN STREET

HOBOKEN

HENRY W. GROTE
Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry
Our specialty remounting your jewelry in up-to-date settings.
64 NEWARK STREET
Open Monday 9:00 p. m. Open Saturday 10:00
Other evenings 8:30 p. m.

G. SCHNACKENBERG
6TH & BLOOMFIELD ST., HOBOKEN, N. J.
Delicatessen and Groceries
Sandwiches and Fine Pastries Served
Phone Hob. 2-1907

JERSEY CITY

Phone Bergen 3-0559
Graydon Battery Service
Authorized Dealer for
R. C. A.—Atwater Kent—
Fada Radio Sets
22 Bergen Ave. *Prest-o-Lite Batteries*

MONTCLAIR

CATHERINE, Inc.
MILLINERY
IMPORTERS
13 So. Fullerton Ave.
Montclair, N. J. Tel. Montclair 2-0555

MISS FRANCES SHOP
INDIVIDUAL FROCKS
That Are Smartly Inexpensive
Without Being Cheap
$7.50, $10.00, $15.00—Sizes 14 to 38
479 BLOOMFIELD AVE. MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Phone Montclair 2-0449

BUNCE BROTHERS
"TAILORING SERVICE"
33 Church Street, MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Offer a new schedule of reduced prices for
DRY CLEANING
Telephone Montclair 2-1800

NEWARK

J. C. CANNIFF
COAL Company
130 ORANGE STREET
Established 1867
Humboldt 2-1048

New Laid Eggs
MONARCH FOODS
Fresh Creamery Butter
FRIEND'S BAKED BEANS
and Brown Bread and Canned Goods in other high-class brands.
Fresh dressed roasting chickens to order.
CHARLES G. BRAMM
277 GREYLOCK PKWY. BELLEVILLE, N. J.
Tel. Belleville 2-3465
Deliveries anywhere in Newark and Suburbs

"GOOD THINGS to EAT"
at THE BROWNIE SHOPPE
SELF SERVICE
REAL HOME COOKING
Specializing Our
Baking Business
Delicious Pies and Cakes made to your order for you to take home.
14 GREEN STREET Opposite City Hall
Newark, N. J. Mitchell 3-9374

A. R. MEEKER & Co.
PUBLIC
MIMEOGRAPHING
MARKET 2-2764
805 BROAD ST., NEWARK, N. J.

The Crescent Laundry
387 NORTH FIFTH STREET
Branch Brook 3-7200

MINETTA MALES
BEAUTY STUDIO
Beauty culture in all its branches
Eugene Permanent
409 SUMMER AVE., NEWARK, N. J.
Humboldt 2-0662

Pearle Beauty Shoppe
Mrs. T. Hemphill
Permanent Waving and
All Branches of Beauty Culture
840 BROADWAY NEWARK, N. J.
Branch Brook 3-5442 Open Evenings

Shenk Picture Galleries
DISTINCTIVE FRAMING
32 HALSEY STREET
NEWARK

HELEN'S DRESS SHOP
"HOME OF BETTER VALUES"
Priced at $4.95, $5.75, $8.75
Phone Prontenac 3-9515
971 Chancellor Avenue, Irvington, N. J.

INSURANCE
A.C.BERTHOLON
KINNEY BUILDING Mi2 2246-7-8

ORANGE

Est. 1856 Phone Orange 362
Albert Horton Williams Inc.
Granite—Marble—Bronze Memorials
Washington and Cleveland Streets

"You need no longer be told you have
$5 **ENNA JETTICK** $6
Shoes for Women
Sold exclusively in Orange by
B. Grossman & Co.
249 MAIN STREET Opp. Public Service

FRED'S MARKET
High Grade Meats
Fancy Fruits and Vegetables
Sea Foods, etc.
Phone 3-7055 167 Main St., Orange

ORANGE

Bfld. 3-1241 *ADVERTISING SERVICE ENGRAVING*
The Berkley Press, Inc.
PRINTING THAT PLEASES
PRINTERS and BINDERS
34-36 CROSS STREET Bloomfield, N. J.

SOUTH ORANGE

SO. ORANGE 2-1262
★ STAR TAILORING CO.
CLEANERS—FURRIERS—DYERS
(The Only Store)
22 Valley Street, South Orange, N. J.

WEST ORANGE

WILLIAM STEWART
Plumbing—Heating—Tinning
51 Oak Ridge Road, West Orange
Tel. Orange 3-4358

General Insurance
ARTHUR C. FROST
154 High St., W. Orange, N. J.
Tel. Orange 1-6304

PASSAIC

Burckhardt & Voigt
Homemade Ice Cream and Candy
Apollo, Whitman and Schrafft's Chocolates
Orders delivered at short notice
20 BROADWAY Tel. Passaic 2-0156

PATERSON

SEEDS
(Lawn Seed Our Specialty)
WILSON S. BROWER CO., Inc.
Successors to MUZZY BROTHERS
89 VAN HOUTEN STREET Sher. 1388

ARCH-AID and NU-MODE FOOTWEAR
$8.45 to $12.85
For Dress, Sport, Walking
H. METZ
ARCH-AID BOOT SHOP
Twenty Church Street, Paterson, N. J.

You'll like the styles of our large Hat Department
Mrs. Berger, Millinery Dept.
SCHOOMAK & CO.
225 MAIN STREET

Charles Moshier, Jr.
Wholesale—Retail
Dealer in
PAINT SUPPLIES
61 BROADWAY, PATERSON, N. J.

R. WILLIAMS BORDEN & Co.
(Established over 50 years)
Real Estate - Insurance
Room 223, Romaine Bldg.
Phone Sher. 8475

"Say It With Flowers"
YOUNG & WALDERS
90 VAN HOUTEN STREET
Tel. Sherwood 8677 PATERSON, N. J.

PLAINFIELD

N. MEYERS & SONS COAL
Upper Lehigh Old Company Lehigh
NONE BETTER MINED
303 E. Fourth Street Phone
Plainfield, N. J. 6-1911

TEPPER BROS.
A Safe Place to Shop
WEST FRONT ST. Tel. 6-3100

Spring Suggestions
Garden Tools, Seeds and Fertilizers
Full line of Paints and Electrical Appliances.
HARDWARE
F. A. KIRCH & CO. 201 Park Ave.
Tel. Plfd. 6-0878

FOX SCARFS

SILVER FOXES	$65.00
STONE MARTENS	50.00
RED FOXES	20.00

OTHERS FROM $15.00
VOGEL'S
206 E. FRONT ST. PLAINFIELD

STYLE SHOP
Smart Millinery
E. M. WILKES, 131 Watchung Ave.
Phone 3540 Plainfield

PROFESSIONAL
BEAUTY PARLOR
Permanent Waving and Ladies' and Men's Haircutting a Specialty
All Branches of Beauty Culture.
Park Ave. and 7th St., upstairs Tel. 6-9281

Experienced Dressmaker
New Work and Remodeling
Draperies and Bed Spreads
ELLA U. EMERY
502 Park Ave., Cor. 5th St., Plainfield, N. J.
Tel. 6-0250

SAMOSET LAUNDRY
SERVICE, Inc.
Ph. 6-2640 902 North Ave., Plainfield

SWAIN'S ART STORE
PICTURE FRAMING
FRAMED PICTURES
and
BEAUTIFUL MIRRORS, etc.
317 W. FRONT STREET PLAINFIELD
Tel. 6-1707

GOOD SHOES, HOSIERY and GLOVES
M. C. VAN ARSDALE, Inc.
127 East Front Street Tel. 6-0016
The Centre of the Business Centre

THE STATE TRUST CO.
EVERY BANKING FACILITY TO MEET YOUR NEED
Plainfield, N. J. Phone 6-5300

RIDGEFIELD PARK

HACK. 3-0087
CARR'S CLEAN COAL
E. S. CARR, Inc., RIDGEFIELD PARK

FARRAR
FRENCH CLEANERS, DYERS
We Call for and Delivery Promptly
Anywhere in Bergen County
223 Palisade Ave., Bogota, N. J. Hack. 3-1483

Real Estate Service
Have some reasonably priced homes. May I help you make your selection?
INSURANCE
EMIL GEHM 79 Teaneck Road
Ridgefield Park Phone Hack 2-6314

"KNOWN FOR SERVICE"
FRED BILLER
91 MT. VERNON ST. Tel. HACK 2-0891
Lubricating Specialties
Standard Brands Tires and Tubes
Battery Charging—Tire Vulcanizing

RIDGEWOOD

Lolita Merrihew Inc.
13 OAK STREET
I specialize in Infants' and Children's Wearing Apparel, also New Togs for Junior Boys and Girls. Large selection of Children's Gifts.

Jersey's Sea Food Market
22 PROSPECT STREET
Fresh Fish and Sea Food Received Daily
Clam Chowder every Wed., Thurs. and Fri.
Oyster Fries and Soft Shell Crabs prepared on short notice.
Phone orders delivered promptly.
Tel. Ridg. 6-5073

Toys and Games Greeting Cards
Sporting Goods
Social and Commercial Stationery.
B. DRAPKIN
THE DENNISON DEALER
36 E. Ridgewood Ave. 6-1986—Phones—6-2383
We Sell The Christian Science Monitor.

Harper Method Shop
PERMANENT WAVING
NESTLE *REALISTIC*
ANNA H. SMITH Tel 6-1913
14 OAK STREET

E. S. BARRY
GROCER
109 East Ridgewood Avenue
Tel. 63630-3631

Adickes Confectionery
Home Made Ice Cream and Candy
Also a Complete Assortment of Schrafft's Chocolates
81 E. RIDGEWOOD AVE. Tel. Ridg. 6-2304

Dry Cleaning—Pressing Repairing—Altering
PETER CZECK
First Class Tailor and Furrier
NORTH MAPLE AVE. Ho-Ho-Kus

PLAZA PAINT
and HARDWARE STORE
70 E. RIDGEWOOD AVE.
Hardware, Housefurnishings and Paints—Toys—Bird Cages—Canaries—Gold Fish
Tel. Ridg. 6-3083

ROSELLE PARK

For Sale by PRESCKWINKLE & BURK
Chesnut & Williams Sts., Roselle Park
Elmora and Linden Aves., Elizabeth

SUMMIT

Baked Goods
Delicatessen
MONARCH FOODS
Breyer's Ice Cream
DAYS COLEGROVE, INC.
399 Springfield Ave., Summit, New Jersey

WESTFIELD

SHEFFIELD FARMS Co.
FINEST DAIRY PRODUCTS
56 ELM STREET
Orders taken for Daily Deliveries
Extra orders delivered from the store
MR. A. H. NIEHAUS
Manager
Tel. Westfield 2-1990

THE ECONOMY DRY GOODS STORE
The Store for Everybody
The Home of Forest Mills Underwear or Gordon Hosiery
147 BROAD STREET PHONE 2613

AT ONE TIME
A car owner had to go to different places to get Tire, Battery, Lubrication, Electrical and Laundry Service. Now he insists on everything in one place
THIS IS THE PLACE
WESTFIELD STORAGE BATTERY and SUPPLY CO., Inc.
321-323 North Avenue Phone: Westfield 1020

BIVONA BROS.
108-10 WEST BROAD STREET
CHOICE SEA FOOD
All orders attended promptly.
QUICK DELIVERY
Tel. Westfield 3042-3
Branch Store Plainfield—304 Richmond St.
Telephone 2366

MARTIN'S TOY AND SPORT SHOP
138 EAST BROAD STREET
AGENT FOR
Columbia and Iver Johnson Bicycles
OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS
Phone Westfield 2-3678

Ladies' Lingerie and Hosiery
Rayon and Crepe de Chine
Lingerie in All the Latest Styles
FULL-FASHIONED—100% SILK HOSIERY
ELLA M. WAUGH
621 MAPLE ST. Tel. 2-2343
ETHEL GARDNER
246 SENECA PLACE Tel. 2-2294

AMERICAN SHOE REPAIRING
217 EAST BROAD STREET
Shoe Shines Hot Renovating
All Work Guaranteed 10 Free Shines with 1 Sole Job

WEST NEW YORK

L. J. Rad
JEWELER
BERGENLINE AVE. at SIXTEENTH STREET
WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

PENNSYLVANIA

ALLENTOWN

Hess Brothers
Vacation Clothes
Sections
Afford Wide Selection at Decidedly Low Prices
Hess Brothers
Allentown, Pa.

Wetherhold & Metzger
THE HOME OF
"WALK-OVER"
"ARCH-PRESERVER"
and Other Famous Shoes
X-Ray Shoe Fitting Service without extra charge
719 Hamilton St., Allentown, Pa.

BETHLEHEM

FINK & SHONK
REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE
94 WEST BROAD STREET

FLORENCE CORSET SHOP
Featuring New Silhouette Foundation Garments in Gossards & WB
THE. 1348-R 802 MAIN STREET

BUSH & BULL CORPORATION
Bethlehem's Department Store
BROAD and MAIN STREETS

G. WILLIAM EBERMAN
Jeweler
548 Main St., Bethlehem, Pa.

G. R. Kinney Co., Inc.
EDUCATOR SHOES
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN
549 MAIN STREET

F. G. MITMAN
PAINTS and VARNISHES
WALL PAPERS
"Devoe" Paints and Varnishes
3 W. BROAD ST. Phone 871

CHESTER

CHESTER-CAMBRIDGE BANK *and* TRUST COMPANY
Manufacturers, merchants and private individuals using the services of this bank will find that their transactions will be handled with careful banking skill and courteous helpfulness gained from a wide knowledge and experience of banking.
Member Federal Reserve System
CHESTER, PENNA.
MARCUS HOOK, PENNA.

ERIE

MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU
If the service you wish is not advertised in this issue of The Christian Science Monitor, call 24-857, where a bureau of local and national advertisers is maintained daily from 11 a. m. until 1:30 p. m.
1012 WESCHLER AVENUE

"JEWELER"
For 35 years I have served the people of Erie and it is still a pleasure.
B. J. Sieger
The ONLY JEWELER on the PIKE
14TH and TURNPIKE STREETS

Economy Service
'The Thrifty Plan for Well Dressed Folk'
The same spotters examine your clothes. Pressers give the garments one thorough pressing with steam process, whereas, under Standard Service they receive two or three pressings and shaping in addition.
Call 23-198
Paris Cleaners & Dyers

PICTURES—*The Ideal Gift*
Gifts of Distinction
GREETING CARDS
for All Occasions
TALLIES and PLACE CARDS
KUHN'S
24 WEST 9TH ST., ERIE, PA.
Picture Framing a Specialty

FREEMAN SHOES
for MEN
$5 and $6
Frost and Lacey
828 STATE

H. OPPENHEIMER
863 WEST 11TH STREET
We carry many nationally advertised brands of groceries, also the most choice cuts of meats.
WE DELIVER Phone 24-291
We carry a large and choice selection of Carpeting, Rugs, Lamps and Draperies
RISCHELL-FRIEDMAN CO.
14 EAST TENTH

924 PEACH STREET, *Opposite Laurence*
Baur Floral Co.

Trask Prescott & Richardson Co. Department Store
Women's choice SILK-TEX CREPE HOSIERY, quality in every detail, $1.95.

Have Dinner Here Saturday Night
Go to the theatre and return for the dance at eleven o'clock
The INDICH
RESTAURANT and CAFETERIA
TENTH AND PEACH

**CO

PENNSYLVANIA

ERIE (Continued)

CARL H. MEISER
MEAT MARKET
We Specialize in Choicest Cuts Prime Meats
Mutual 23-637 20 EAST 7TH STREET
ERIE, PA.

Burckart's Drug Store
Opposite Lawrence Hotel, Erie, Penna.
Perfumes and Cosmetics
CHANEL AND RUBENSTEIN

WILSON BROS.
SHIRTS
UNDERWEAR
HOSE FOR THE GOLFER
MULVIHILL & KOCH

"Breakfast at The Blue Bird"
Club Breakfast from 7-9:30
MYRTLE RAMSEY
119 WEST 7TH STREET

JEWELER
"I'll be on the watch for you"
Only First-Class Work
Watches Cleaned $2.00 Main Spring $1.50
FORD E. O'DELL
Phone 40-361 107 WEST 9TH ST.

HARRISBURG

GORGAS *says*
Don't Forget to Take CREME LILAS
That Wonderful Vanishing Cream on your auto trips.
GORGAS STORES
HARRISBURG, PA.

Cantilever Shoe Shops
217 NORTH SECOND STREET

GEORGE N. BARNES
Second at State
The FERNDELL STORE

KOLBENSCHLAG'S
The Summer Assortment of
HATS and DRESSES
Is now ready for your inspection.

MILLER'S
MATRIX AGENCY
Shoes and Hosiery for Women and Children
12 NO. THIRD STREET

RUTH M. MAEDER
706 N Third Street Bell 6466 23 N. Second Street Bell 25573
FLOWERS
for All Occasions

CRAVER'S
206 N. SECOND STREET
SPECIALS—LUNCHEONS
For Summer
Try our chilled Grape Fruit Juice
Summer candy specials
LUNCHEONS—DINNERS

The Art and Gift Shop
Greeting Cards and Gifts for All Occasions
105 N. SECOND STREET

MAIN LINE—Ardmore

ST. MARY'S LAUNDRY
Phone Ardmore 175
Exclusive Launderers and Dry Cleaners
Dry Cleaning by the Zoric System

MAIN LINE—Bryn Mawr

PHILADELPHIA

Teesdale Service
Repairing of All Things
ELECTRICAL
5421 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA
Phone Sherwood 7664

Millinery
Jeanette L. Phelps
HATS OF LATEST MODE
5119 Chester Ave., West Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA Germantown

FRANK R. HASTINGS
FLOWERS
5701 Greene Street
GERMANTOWN, PHILA.
Telephone Germantown 5705
Member F. T. D.

PITTSBURGH

HARPER METHOD
Care of the Hair Skin and Hands
ANNA G. SLOAN
MARGARET E. SLOAN
306 Pittsburgh Life Bldg.
PITTSBURGH, PA. Grant 9193

Eastman Kodak STORES, Inc.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Kodaks—Ciné Kodaks—Brownies
High Grade Kodak Finishing
Enlarging—Framing
606 WOOD STREET Atlantic 6227

JONES BOOK SHOP
Books—Bibles—Stationery
Greeting Cards—Magazines
Circulating Library
437 Wood Street, Pittsburgh
Phone Atlantic 0256

Nettleton
REHLING NETTLETON CO.
"MEN'S EXCLUSIVE SHOE SHOP"
NETTLETON and MILLER COOK SHOES
443 Oliver Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Union Trust Bldg. Opp. Wm. Penn Hotel

TRUSSELL'S
214 Stanwix Street (Opp. Jenkins Arcade)
Shoe Repairing

PENNSYLVANIA

PITTSBURGH (Continued)

KUHN-RENSHAW INC.
6026 BROAD ST.
† SHERIDAN
"Everything Good to Eat"
MEATS—FRUITS
VEGETABLES
Phone Hiland 3000

TEJAN COAL & SUPPLY CO.
"We Answer the Burning Question"
Coal, Coke, Cinders, Slag, Limestone Screenings—Deliveries Anywhere
EMSWORTH STATION, PENNSYLVANIA
Phone Linden 5350

SHADY SIDE GROCERY
Telephone Mayflower 3831 3832
Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Vegetables
GEORGE I. KEMMERER 4709 Center Ave.

PITTSBURGH—Bellevue

Otto's Suburban Dairy
On the Camp Horne Road
BELLEVUE P. O. PITTSBURGH, PA.
"The Dairy for the Convenience of the North Boroughs and Vicinity"

Jenkinson Realty Co.
Real Estate and Insurance
507 LINCOLN AVE. Linden 3148
Bellevue, Pa.

BELLEVUE MARKET
No farther away than your telephone—
Linden 6100
Lincoln and Sprague Ave., Bellevue

CITIZENS TRUST CO.
The North Boroughs Community Bank
535 Lincoln Avenue, Bellevue, Pa.
EVERY BANKING SERVICE

PITTSBURGH—Dormont

LE-WE INC.
1418 Potomac Ave. Dormont 626 Washington Road Mt. Lebanon
Imported and Domestic Cheese
Delicatessen
Friend's Beans and Brown Bread
Droste's Cocoa—L. & P. Sauce
Ice Cream—Butter—Eggs

SAVILLE'S MARKET
GROCERIES MEAT
VEGETABLES POULTRY
Monarch Brand Products
FAIRMONT BETTER BUTTER
3203 WEST LIBERTY AVENUE
LE. 5110 and 5111

READING

CROLL & KECK
622 PENN STREET
Always Reliable
Good Clothes—Good Service

The Berks County Trust Company
"Reading's Progressive Bank"
SERVICE—SAFETY
Name this company as executor under your will.
Main Office: 35-41 No. 6th Street
Penn Street Office: 308 Penn Street
Member Federal Reserve System

J. C. MUMMA
JEWELER and DIAMOND MERCHANT
627 Penn Street

Girls' Dresses and Clothing
1 to 12 Years
Boys' Suits and Coats 1 to 6 years
M. B. FRITZ
Corset and Children's Shop
15 NO. 5 STREET

SCRANTON

You'll Like the Styles
NEW SUMMER HATS
$1.98 to $4.98
Lackawanna Millinery Shop
431 LACKAWANNA AVENUE

SEWICKLEY

Campney's Grocery
"The best place to Market after all"
Kellogg's Corn Flakes
Canada Dry Welsh's Grape Juice
"Our Own" Brand of Mayonnaise
TEL. SEWICKLEY 1405, 1406 & 1407

DEWAR CLINTON and JEFFCOAT CO. JOHN DEWAR CO.
STUDIO, Beaver at Broad
INTERIOR DECORATIONS
Phone Sewickley 1585

SEWICKLEY MARKET
Meats—Butter—Cheese—Eggs
Poultry, Fruits, Vegetables, Groceries
Hellmann's Mayonnaise, Postum, Kellogg's Corn Flakes
DELIVERY SERVICE
Tel. Sewickley 1227-1228 438 BEAVER ST.

Myers Sandwich Shop
Motto "Service and Quality"
Foss Chocolates
WELCH'S Grape Juice
Canada Dry Ginger Ale
HEINZ Soup and Ketchup Served.
It's Good When It Comes From
KLEINDIENST'S HOME BAKERY
Phone Sewickley 551 Phone Corapolis 1532

Village Beautician
M. MASTERSON
"Eugene" Permanent Waving
406 BEAVER ST. Tel. Sewickley 1088

CLIFFORD H. BRANDT
Dry Cleaning and Pressing
508 Broad Street Tel. Sewickley 1118
CALL & DELIVERY SERVICE

SEWICKLEY PLUMBING & HEATING COMPANY
Trust Company Building Tel. 371
Modern Plumbing, Gas Fitting
Effective Steam, Hot Water and Vapor Heating
Repairs Promptly Attended To

PENNSYLVANIA

SEWICKLEY (Continued)

ISABELLA D. BALDWIN
NOTARY PUBLIC

MIMEOGRAPHING
TYPING INSURANCE
Tel. Sewickley 300 416 THORN ST.

Campbell's
for MEN'S WEAR
Latest in Broadcloth Shirts, Oxford Weaves, Sweater Sets, B. V. D.'s
Ladies' Silk Hosiery KICKERNICK Underdress
420 BROAD STREET SEWICKLEY

SEWICKLEY—Coraopolis

SALES Ford SERVICE
KEYSTONE GARAGE
KOZAK Auto Dry Wash
920 Fifth Ave. Tel. Coraopolis 690 and 646
J. A. PHILLIPS

SWARTHMORE

Phone Swarthmore 1565 Swarthmore, Pa.

Mrs. Leila B. Turner
Registered Spencer Corsetiere
The new semi-fitted dresses will lie without a wrinkle over a Spencer Foundation Garment designed especially for your particular figure.

Seeds Fertilizers Garden Tools
SUPLEE'S STORE
CHESTER ROAD Phone 105

UPPER DARBY

MEDIA 69TH STREET TRUST CO.
ESTABLISHED 41 YEARS
Assets Over $10,000,000
Boulevard 798

A. L. HELD, *Inc.*
Sales *RADIO* *Service*
Westinghouse Refrigerators
7059 Garrett Road

Sara-Lee TEA ROOM
Elizabeth Manor Apartment
West Chester Pike at Brief Avenue
Bell Phone. Boulevard 197

Gerber's Shoe Service
69th Street Theatre Building
Rear of Theatre
Shoes Called For and Delivered

Commercial Stationery
Diary Books, Calendars, Leather Goods

JONAS TOY SHOP
7028 W. Garrett Road Blvd. 2284 5212 Market Street Philadelphia

LEWIS BROS.
formerly
TERMINAL MEAT MARKET
PRIME MEATS
Fresh dressed poultry.
Delivery service call Blvd. 626 Garret Rd 7054

Richards Boot Shop Inc.
CORRECTIVE SHOES
Juvenile Shoes One Specialty
7041 Garrett Road—Upper Darby
Boulevard 2137 *Shoes X-Rayed*

INSURANCE SERVICE
ALBERT BORST
Fidelity Mutual Life Bldg., Philadelphia
Phone Pop. 6500 or Media 204-M

Homemade Candies and Ice Cream
Chocolates 80c lb; Caramels 60c lb
A. W. HEINZEROTH
Fairfield Ave. & West Garrett Rd.
Upper Darby, Pa.

STETSON HATS *PACKARD SHOES*

WEIL'S
Men's Wear of Distinction
6938 MARKET STREET Upper Darby Pa
EAGLE SHIRTS *EDWARD CLOTHES*

Simmons Beds and Bedding
Karpen Furniture

DALTON & FULLA
7004-06 GARRETT ROAD
LAMPS *GIFTS*

UPPER DARBY—Clifton Heights

PAINTING
INTERIOR and EXTERIOR
Estimates cheerfully submitted.
PAUL D. FORCE
Harrison and Walnut Streets, Clifton Heights
Phone Madison 1981

UPPER DARBY—Drexel Hill

ROTH'S
GROCERIES and DELICATESSEN
4212 WOODLAND AVE. Drexel Hill, Pa.
IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC DELICACIES
SALEM COUNTY CANNED GOODS
WE PASS YOUR DOOR DAILY
Phone Clearbrook 477

WAVERLY FRUIT CO.
4202 Woodland Avenue, DREXEL HILL
FREE DELIVERY
6671 Clearbrook 1060
Fish and Oysters Every Friday
Established 1899

Drexel Hill Market
T. C. WOODING, Prop.
Groceries, Meats and Provisions
3707 GARRETT RD. 310—Clearbrook—2501

TILLES BROTHERS
SELECTED MEATS
Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Canned Goods
DREXEL HILL, PA.
Phone 6370 Clearbrook 6371
4304 Woodland Avenue

UPPER DARBY—Highland Park

THE BEAUTY SPOT
All Lines of Beauty Culture
Graduate of Marinello
MARCELENE BORST SAURMAN, Manager
EUGENE PERMANENT WAVING
213 PARKER AVE. Phone Sunsett 4494

PENNSYLVANIA

UPPER DARBY—Lansdowne

Phone Madison 530
INTERBORO LAUNDRY
Offer their different plans of service for each family budget
Stewart Ave. East of Union Ave.
Lansdowne, West Philadelphia and Suburban collection and delivery.

J. F. COLLATY
Paints—Hardware
Screen and Screen Doors
203 E. Plumstead Avenue, LANSDOWNE
Phone Madison 2308

ENGELHART'S ICE CREAM
True Fruit Flavors—Two Stores
208 N. MAPLE AVE., Lansdowne, Pa.
104 PARK AVE., Swarthmore, Pa.

FRANK C. SUITS
All Kinds of INSURANCE
for Home—Business—Automobile
297 N. MAPLE AVE. Madison 2073-W
428 Chestnut St., Phila. Lombard 7952

WILKINSBURG

J. D. FLUDE CO.
CLOTHING FURNISHINGS
HATS SHOES
Men's and Boys' Wear Exclusively
WOOD AT SOUTH, Wilkinsburg, Pa.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
"The Outstanding Bank in WILKINSBURG"
PENN AVENUE AND WOOD STREET

Ser-Vus Company, Inc.
CLEANERS and DYERS
Three Stores for Your Convenience
525 Penn Avenue Franklin 4139
911 Homewood Avenue Franklin 0825
611 Hay Street Franklin 4823

P. Ludebuehl & Son
Shoes and Hosiery
ARCH PRESERVER SHOES
918-920 WOOD STREET

YORK

York County National Bank
12 EAST MARKET STREET
YORK, PENNSYLVANIA
"We specialize in settlement of estates"

GOLDEN GLOW
Cafeteria & Fountain Lunch
38 NORTH GEORGE STREET
YORK, PA.

ANNA HERR FRANTZ
Distinctive Gifts
YORKTOWNE HOTEL, YORK, PA.
Bags from Morocco of white goat skin. They are lovely to carry with summer dresses. $2.00 to $8.00.

C. W. DIETZ
16-18 NORTH SHERMAN STREET
MILK CREAM
LAND O' LAKES
SWEET CREAM BUTTER
It's Government Certified

"Hershey's Milk Biscuits are pleasing the most discriminating housewife. *Try them.*"
HERSHEY BAKING CO.
40-48 JEFFERSON AVE., YORK, PENNA.

BEAR'S—
York's Store of Dependable Merchandise at Moderate Prices
CENTRE SQUARE

OVERSEAS

Local Classified

Advertisements under this heading appear in this edition only. Rate 1/3 a line. Minimum space three lines, minimum order four lines. (An advertisement measuring three lines, must call for at least two insertions.) An application blank and two letters of reference are required from those who advertise under a Rooms To Let or a Post Wanted heading.

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS WANTED, spare time, sell cut lengths dress materials, serve suitings, shoes. No outlay. Sale or return. Good commission. Edmondson. 10 Hope Street, Bradford.

ARTICLED PUPILS

SOLICITORS in London have vacancy for ARTICLED CLERK. Premium required. Box -394, 2 Adelphi Terrace, London, W. C. 2.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE

BOURNEMOUTH, SOUTH MOUNT. PRIORY RD. Comfortably furnished suites; 2 mins. pier, square, pavilion; gas fires in bedrooms; south west aspect; garage. Tel. 940.

BRIGHTON SUSSEX—Guest house; home comforts near sea and buses. MRS. E. M. BOUGHTON 66 Sackville Gardens Hove. Tel. Hove 3612.

BRIGHTON—Comfortable board residence; central, 1 minute sea; separate tables, excellent cuisine. Proprietress, "Shanklin House." 14 Oriental Place.

HOVE, SUSSEX. 6 Norton Road—Comfortable board residence or apartments; 3 minutes sea, easy access to all parts.

SEAFORD—Resthaven, Esplanade, board residence; quiet, comfortable; home made cakes, preserves; terms from 2½ gns. Apply MISSES OVER.

SURREY Leigh Place Hotel, Cobham 20—Situated in charming grounds 10 acres; salubrious air; spacious reception; croquet, tennis hard court, farm & garden produce; gas fires in bedrooms.

WESTCLIFF—Guest house with home comforts near sea; terms moderate. 21 Meteor Road.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

BOURNEMOUTH—Children welcomed, girls 6-13 and little boys; resident governess; entire charge taken if desired; ideal surroundings. MISS D. E. MOIR, Kingsmoor Cottage, Parkstone, Dorset. Parkstone 392.

CARS FOR HIRE

BRISTOL—V. C. KING'S SALOON CARS For Business or Pleasure 34, Chester Park, Fishponds Telephone Fishponds 497

LEAMINGTON SPA—CAR FOR HIRE J. W. A. WILLOUGHBY 34, Rosefield Street Tel. 737

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE HOUSES

SOUTH COAST, 1 hr. London — Home in quiet surroundings for those requiring care, rest, opportunity for study; wide views sea & downs; garden; rooms running hot & cold water. MISS & MISS G. BATTEN, Rookmoor, Tongdean Ave., Hove. Tel. Preston 2321.

DRESSMAKING

LADIES' own materials made up; also children's garments. MISS F. ADAMS, 1, Highbury Mansions, Church Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea. Tel. 1907.

MISS SUGG—Dressmaker & coatmaker; ladies' own materials made up. 34 Sea Road Bexhill-on-Sea.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

COOKS, GENERALS, HOUSEMAIDS, ETC., suited with good situations in client's home; "RELIABLE" AGENCY, 340 Harvest Road, Smethwick, Birmingham.

ENGLAND

CAMBRIDGESHIRE

CAMBRIDGE

The Leys Laundry
CAMBRIDGE
Phone 1551 Proprietress L. D. Kay
Price List on Application
"The Laundry that tries to please you"

Where Service and Distinction Meet
G. A. HEYWORTH & Co.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S READY-TO-WEAR SPECIALISTS
Corner of Sidney St. and Market Passage
CAMBRIDGE

Electrical Contractors
Wiring, Installations for Lighting, Heating, Power, Bells and Telephones
P. H. ALLIN & SONS
46 BRIDGE STREET

HARDY BROS.
Coal and Coke Merchants
L.M.S. Railway Buildings, Hills Road Cambridge Phone 1992

DEVONSHIRE

EXETER

SEE GLORIOUS DEVON.
ON
SILENT GUIDE
GREENSLADES' TOURS
Head Office: 10, Queen Street, Exeter Phone 2468

DEVONSHIRE

EXETER (Continued)

KING and KEAREY
Removal Experts
Distance No Object—Estimates Free
41 SIDWELL STREET, EXETER
Phone: 5518

Wm. Bruford & Son Ltd.
Fine Antique Furniture
Old English Silver
241, HIGH STREET, EXETER

NEWTON ABBOT

COURTENAY RESTAURANT
(THOMAS & SON)
BAKERS and CONFECTIONERS
QUALITY and SERVICE Phone 246

PAIGNTON

For Pianos, Gramophones and all musical needs. Phone 5448
Harris Osborne Ltd.
TOTNES ROAD and DARTMOUTH ROAD

"Support Your Advertisers as They Support You"
W. WELTON, *Footwear*
10 Palace Avenue
Agent for Lotus, Delta, K. Queen, & Jaeger Boots & Shoes
Ideal Shoe for Children "START RITE"
Best repairs by experienced workmen.

N. BRAUND & SON
DRAPERS and MILLINERS
Specialists in Ready-to-Wear
22-24 VICTORIA STREET
Established 1883 Tel. 5619

F. H. SWAFFIN
COAL and COKE MERCHANT
Parkside, Torbay Road
Tel. 5674 *(Day or Night)*
Anthracite, Ovoids, Briequettes, Logs and Firewood

PARNELL & SON
11 TORBAY ROAD
FLORIST SPECIALISTS
Fruit and Vegetable Growers, etc. Bouquets, and all artistic Floral designs made to order at the shortest notice.
Est 1883 Tel. 5480

PLYMOUTH

WHEN
you want anything to wear that is new and fashionable or anything for your home that is reliable and artistic
GET IT AT
POPHAM'S
Bedford Street, Plymouth
Phone 303

A. & K. M. DAWE
12 SALTASH STREET
Newsagents and Stationers
Fancy Goods
All Wireless Requisites
Accumulator Service

TORQUAY

WILLIAMS & COX
Drapers & Silk Mercers
Summer Sale Throughout July
4a, 5 & 6 Strand
Tel. 4314 (2 lines)

T. OLIVER & SONS Ltd.
HOUSE AND ESTATE AGENTS
House Hunters Guide to Torquay free on application
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS
CARPET WAREHOUSEMEN
Established 1800 Telephone 3211
16 STRAND, Torquay

EDWARD HENRY SERMON
HIGH CLASS GEM WORK
JEWELLER and SILVERSMITH
EMBLEM JEWELLERY
10 VICTORIA PARADE 10

"Encourage Local Enterprise"
PERRETT BROS.
Fishmongers & Poulterers
CASTLE CIRCUS Phone 3311

GOODEVE & SON
HOME FURNISHERS
Cabinet Makers, Polishers, Upholsterers
Linos and Carpets
39 Abbey Rd., Torquay Phone 3081
50 Victoria Street, Paignton Phone 5097

DOWNE'S
Bookshop, Library, Stationery Stores, and Fine Arts.
In Stock "MARY BAKER EDDY."—A Life Size Portrait by Dr. Lyman P. Powell.
Cloth Edition 20/- Green Morocco 30/-
Only address, FLEET STREET, TORQUAY
Tel. 3570

DORSET

PARKSTONE

WALTERS & CO.
MOTOR ENGINEERS
Any make of car supplied
Day & Night Call
All electrical repairs Efficient service
Bournemouth Road, Parkstone
Tel. Parkstone 705

E. LANNING & SON
HOUSE FURNISHERS
FURNISHING FABRICS
BEDDING
Tel. 31—Parkstone—Tel. 31

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

BRISTOL

CARSONS CHOCOLATES
H. E. SAUNDERS
Grocer & Provision Merchant
19 Cotham Road South Tel. 3182
4 Russell Grove, Westbury Park Tel. 673

THE COLSTON ELECTRICAL CO. LTD.
Reg'd Electrical Contractors
SCOTTISH WIDOW'S BUILDINGS
38 BALDWIN STREET, BRISTOL

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

BRISTOL (Continued)

CHARLES Ltd
Complete House Furnishers
44/47 BROADMEAD
Phone 3970 Established 1820
BRISTOL
Offer to Those Who Find Purchase Out-of-Income
A convenient method, a scheme which they guarantee to be sound and satisfactory to the customer, and in which every confidence may be placed.

ARTISTIC CARPETS RUGS
Newbery & Spindler Ltd.
Bristol's Foremost Furnishers
Queen's Road, Bristol 'Phone 3370

DRAPERY *MILLINERY*
Large Stocks Light Showrooms
S. G. BASS
63, QUARRINGTON ROAD
(Opposite Tram Depot) Horfield
BRISTOL
Alpha and Wolsey Agencies. "Pix" Hats. "Pitu" Corsets, Mantles, Outfitting.

CHURCHILL & SON
Limited
66 PARK STREET, BRISTOL
stock *ALL RECORDS* of
HYMNS
By Mary Baker Eddy, and other Hymns sung at Christian Science Services.
PIANOS—GRAMOPHONES—MUSIC

W. PALFREY
Family Butcher
16, Church Road, Redfield, Bristol
PRIME BEEF PICKLED TONGUES
Mutton, Lamb & Veal Corned Beef
EGGS & POULTRY
'Phone 8432

BRAIN & CO.
(F. W. Brain, F. A. Brain)
FAMILY GROCERS & PROVISION MERCHANTS
178 Henleaze Road, Bristol
Families waited upon and orders delivered daily all districts. Distance no object.
Tel. Westbury 351

Brooks of Bristol
DYERS & DRY CLEANERS

ALFRED C. BUDDEN
Fish, Game & Poultry Dealer
Devonshire Produce a Specialty
48 COTHAM HILL, BRISTOL
Tel. 6331—6332

PRINCES RESTAURANT
High Street, Bristol
Entrance Maryleport Street
EFFICIENCY & ECONOMY
Open on Sundays 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Diadem Flour
Gilbert E. Trubody
Grocer & Provision Merchant
64 St. Mark's Road, Eastville Tel.: 8158

Coal Factor, Colliery Agent
R. A. WOODMAN
25 Morley Square, Bishopston Tel.: 1129
Welsh, English, Forest of Dean, Steam. House, Smithy, Manufacturing & Gas Coals. Foundry, Furnace and Gas Cokes.
At Shortest Notice

J. H. WELSH
Tel: 3855
67 CASTLE STREET, BRISTOL
for PICTURE FRAMING
ARTISTS' MATERIALS, TOYS, FANCY GOODS

HENRY WALL
"SPECIALIST IN MEN'S WEAR"
56 Gloucester Road
& 312 Cheltenham Road
"Near Railway Arches"
HATS *HOSIERY* *RAINPROOFS*

Diadem Flour
E. BENNETT
Family Grocer
432 Gloucester Road (Next Tramway Depot)
Horfield, Bristol
Orders Solicited & Delivered.

CHELTENHAM

Cheltenham Creamery Ltd.
Purveyors of
RICH NEW MILK
Delicious Butter & Cream
Visit Our
Cooked Delicacies Department
Phone 2535
3 & 4 Pittville Street, 4 Montpellier Avenue
Also 16 George Street, Stroud

GOING FOR HOLIDAY?
Have all your food requirements packed into a hamper & delivered direct.
COOKED HAMS DAINTIES & PIES
Ready to serve, enable you to get the utmost out of your holiday!
'Phone—W. Vale & Co. Ltd.—2733
93/4 WINCHCOMBE STREET

C. BARTLETT
FLORAL ARTISTE
Wedding and Presentation Bouquets and Floral Designs of all descriptions. Cut flowers and pot plants for room decoration. All fruits in season. Seeds, Bulbs and Everything for the Garden
Tel. 2707 66 PROMENADE

HAMPSHIRE

BOURNEMOUTH

C. G. LEE
2 Westbourne Arcade
Watch, Clock, & Jewellery
One of the Premier Houses for High Grade Repairs.

CLARENDON MANSIONS
PRIVATE HOTEL
near West Station
Moderate terms. Comfortable and under personal supervision of proprietress
Telephone 926

HAMPSHIRE

BOURNEMOUTH (Continued)

Beales Sons
Late CROS
35 DEPARTMENTS FOR *FURNISHING DRAPERY & OUTFITTING*
Commercial Rd. (Phone 5000) Avenue Rd.

COLLENET & CO.
13 & 2A THE ARCADE
LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S HAIRDRESSERS & PERFUMERS
Permanent Waving a Speciality
Tel. 2018

PORTSMOUTH AND SOUTHSEA

GANGE'S
Footwear Fitting Specialists
Sole Agents for MOCCASIN
Men's and Women's Shoes
119 & 105 Elm Grove, Southsea
80 London Rd., North End and at Southampton

ROEDA
TAILORS and **Outfitters**
for particular men and women
ROWE & EDMONDS Ltd.
55 PALMERSTON RD. SOUTHSEA

Everything that is fashionable to wear and everything useful for the home—all under one roof at
Handleys Ltd.
of SOUTHSEA

George Gray
The Art Furnishers (Southampton) Ltd.
Castle House Castle Rd
SOUTHSEA
Ask for Pattern Book of New Cretonnes, etc.

KENT

BROMLEY

Dunn's
OF BROMLEY
FURNISHERS
REMOVALS & STORAGE
Head Office and Showrooms
32-40 WIDMORE ROAD
Secondhand Furniture Galleries
20 MARKET SQUARE
Phone: Ravensbourne 0042 and 0043

FRED^K C. HOAD
Stationer, Bookseller and Newsagent (Circulating Library)
Special attention given to orders for Relief and Die Stamping, and Printing. Agents for all best makes of Fountain Pens.
12 LONDON ROAD
BROMLEY
Kent
Ravensbourne 1279

HARRY'S MEN'S WEAR
Exclusive Yet Inexpensive
Quality Clothes
tailored to measure or ready for instant service
99 HIGH ST., BROMLEY, KENT
Tel. Ravensbourne 0528, 0529, 0930

URIDGE'S STORES
27 & 29 Widmore Rd.
25 Masons Hill, Bromley
QUALITY VALUE SERVICE

DECORATIONS, Window Cleaning
Builders & Contractors
E. A. VICKERS & SON Ltd.
16 London Lane, Bromley
Telephone Ravensbourne 1264

ALEX. TOSLAND & SON
Furnishing Specialists
Bromley, Kent
Telephone: Ravensbourne 0218

Prime Scotch beef and Southdown mutton, pickled tongues, calves heads and sweetbreads

Lidstone Ltd.
BUTCHERS
23 Widmore Road, Bromley, Kent
Telephone Ravensbourne 3778 and 3779

Telephone Ravensbourne 3688
C. PALMER
PRACTICAL FURRIERS.
FURS
Cleaned, dyed & remodelled to Ladies' requirements.
DYERS & CLEANERS
93 LONDON ROAD, BROMLEY

BOYS' CLOTHING
of high grade manufacture throughout and complete school outfits at
ALFRED PARSONS
38 and 39 HIGH ST., BROMLEY, KENT
Telephone Ravensbourne 0362

RUSSELL & BROMLEY Ltd.
Exclusive Shoes for All Occasions
7 RAVENSFELL PARADE
HIGH STREET, BROMLEY
Phone Ravensbourne 0121 and 0122

CANTERBURY

The Burgate Farm House
(Near Cathedral and St. Augustine's Abbey)
Three-course Luncheon, or a la carte.
Teas, Home-made Cakes and Ices.

SEVENOAKS

The Blue Bird Cafe
73A HIGH ST. Phone 340
Teas, Ices and Confectionery

WHYNTIE & CO.
Phone 39
Drapers, Clothiers and Milliners
"AQUATIC" RAINCOATS
114-116 HIGH ST., SEVENOAKS

SEE NEXT PAGE

KENT

SEVENOAKS (Continued)

Miss LOUIE COLLINS
15 PARK LANE
SEAL
DRESSMAKER
Specialises in
Making, Copying & Re-Modelling
Evening Gowns

TONBRIDGE

H. A. AUSTIN AND DAUGHTERS
125 HIGH STREET Phone 365
We invite your attendance for all Hairdressing Services.

TUNBRIDGE WELLS

PERCY POWELL
54 HIGH STREET
Everything Wireless
Portable receivers a speciality Phone 1334

C. F. IRISH & SON
General & Fancy Drapers
MEDIUM PRICES—GOOD VALUES
31 & 33 HIGH STREET Phone 633

PAYNE & SON
OLD ESTABLISHED GOLDSMITHS and SILVERSMITHS
An Interesting Shop
37 HIGH STREET, Tunbridge Wells
131 HIGH STREET, Oxford

MAISON MADENBERG
Always First with the Newest Models
Day & Evening Gowns, Suits, Coats, Millinery, etc.
43 HIGH STREET Phone 564

ARTHUR R. BUCK
Grocer and Provision Merchant
Deny's Bacon a Speciality
10 GROVE HILL RD. Phone 729

YOUR NOTE PAPER
should be a credit to you
We can make it so. MAY WE?
GOULDEN & CURRY
59-61 HIGH STREET

LEICESTERSHIRE

LEICESTER

Flowers by Telegraph
How is it done?
We can deliver Flower Gifts on short notice to any Town or City in either continent; simply call and give us your instructions. This is possible through the Florists' Telegraph Delivery Association & 5000 Bonded Florists throughout the world. RAIMENTS, 48 Granby St., Leicester. The oldest Grocers in Leicester. Established 1819.

The OUTFITTERS
For Gentlemen of Taste
Knight's under Grand Hotel LEICESTER
Agent for Burberrys and Jaegers

ROBOTHAM'S LTD.
BABY'S KINGDOM
Belvoir Street, LEICESTER
For Toys, Prams & Baby Linen.

MIDDLESEX

NORTH HARROW

AS YOU LIKE IT
342 PINNER ROAD
NORTH HARROW
Lunches, Afternoon Teas,
Home Cookery
Telephone: Harrow 3809

PINNER

ARTHUR CLAYTON
YE COCOA TREE CAFÉ
THE PARADE, PINNER
PHONE PINNER 240
Good Class Pastry-Cook and Confectioner, all of highest quality. Morning refreshment and teas a speciality.

E. CORNER
(Late Croydon)
3 THE PARADE, PINNER
High Class CONFECTIONER
Agents for "ZEETA" CAKES
Telephone: Pinner 86

F. RICHENS & SONS
COAL and COKE MERCHANT
23 BRIDGE STREET PINNER
BEST QUALITY ANTHRACITE COALS AND PATENT FUEL AT LOWEST LONDON PRICES
A COAL TO SUIT ALL PURPOSES
A Trial Order Solicited.
PHONE PINNER 879

THOMAS BROS.
for Drapery, Millinery and Outfitting
Chilprufe and Rational Underwear
35 & 37 HIGH STREET
Pinner. Phone 80

OLIVE ET CIE
for Permanent Waving and All Branches of Ladies' Hairdressing
22A BRIDGE STREET, PINNER
Telephone 1010

NORFOLK

DOWNHAM MARKET

E. E. MILLS
High Class Boot and Shoe Depôt
HIGH ST., DOWNHAM MARKET
Mascot, Delta, Kiltie and "K" Shoes in great variety.

OXFORDSHIRE

OXFORD

ELLISTON & CAVELL Ltd.
OXFORD
Oxford's Modern Store
See our advertisement on another page

Everything Electrical
Estimates free Phone 1062
LOWE & OLIVER
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
SHIP STREET, OXFORD

LILIAN ROSE
GOWNS AND MILLINERY
for All Occasions
Coats, Costumes, Blouses, Knitwear and Hose
THE ARCADE, Cornmarket
Tel. Oxford 3326

SHROPSHIRE

OSWESTRY

SECOND THOUGHTS
—not always best.
First thought: I require something new to wear!
Second thought: From where shall I get it?
Third thought: I know, mrs. davies (prop. c. p. francis) of 4 oswald road, is bound to have what I need!
Result: A well-dressed customer satisfied with quality, service and value.

SOMERSET

BATH

COURT HAIRDRESSERS
EDMUNDS
Manicure and Eugene
Permanent Waving Specialists
44 Milsom Street, Bath Tel. 726

Complimentary Stationery
Visiting Cards, "At Home" Cards, etc.
Printed at Shortest Notice
KNIGHT *Printer & Stationer* Crown Printing Works 19 Green Street, Bath
Established nearly a century

Fortt, Hatt & Billings
Estate Agency, Auctions, Removals
3 Burton Street, Bath
Telephone No. 1482

WESTON-SUPER-MARE

PERMANENT WAVING
MARCELLE WAVING
YVONNE
HAIR SPECIALIST
Phone 1010 16 MOORLAND ROAD WESTON-SUPER-MARE

SURREY

CAMBERLEY

R. P. OVER & SONS Ltd.
88 LONDON ROAD, CAMBERLEY Phone 8
Carpets and Linoleums
in All Qualities
Distinctive Fabrics for Curtains and Covers
Makers of Luxurious Upholstery, cost moderate
Loose Covers Made by Experts
Antique Furniture Restored by skilled Craftsmen.
WANDERWOOD GARDEN FURNITURE
Battleship Timber Garden Seats

J. H. ROBERTS & CO.
Antiques *Licensed Valuers*
Cabinet Making & Upholstery
Specialists in Curtains and Loose Covers
High Street, Camberley
Phone 303 Camberley

Frederic Robinson
PORTRAIT ARTIST
Glass by Lalique, Silver by Jensen
Royal Copenhagen Porcelain
HIGH STREET, CAMBERLEY Tel. 27

W. A. BRIMSON & SON F.G.I.
The Grocers Opposite the Church
STOCK
DIADEM FLOUR
82 PARK STREET Phone Camberley 897

Augusta
48 High St., Camberley Phone 677
QUALITY FROCKS
for Every Occasion. Burberry Weatherproof Coats, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc.

HICKMOTT & CO.
(F. W. INWOOD)
Booksellers, Printers, Stationers
Onoto, Swan & Parker-Duofold Pens
Grip Fix, Stickphast, etc.
7 LONDON ROAD Phone 141

WHITES
AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS, CAR HIRE, etc.
Agents for Morris, Austin, Armstrong-Siddeley, Riley, DeSoto, Lagonda and Humber cars. Phone Camberley 640.

MINNIE CLARE
The HAT SHOP
THE ARCADE, CAMBERLEY
NEW SEASON'S MODELS
COPIES MADE IN OUR OWN WORKROOMS

E. V. LOMAS SMITH
ELECTRICAL ENGINEER
WIRELESS SETS and REQUISITES
LAMP SHADES CANDLE STICKS
EVEREADY TORCHES and BATTERIES
29 HIGH STREET Phone Camberley

THE GORDON LAUNDRY
Careful Hand and Electric Work
Dyeing and Cleaning
GORDON ROAD, Camberley. Phone 112

CROYDON

WEST OF ENGLAND
TENNIS FLANNELS
LOUNGE SUITS
TWEEDS FOR
GOLF, etc.
Cotterill LTD. TAILOR
Tel. Croydon 330
113, NORTH END CROYDON

C. H. GIBSON LTD.
Builders & Contractors
509 (late 227) London Road, Croydon
(from 124 George Street)
Also at Purley
Phones: Thornton Heath 2510-1-2
Purley 40

LEACH BROS.
HIGH CLASS FISH, POULTRY and GAME SALESMEN
104 George Street, Croydon
"Phone: Croydon 0325

A. SMITH & SON
5 HIGH STREET, CROYDON
Diamond Merchants, Jewellers & Silversmiths
Every description of REPAIRS.
Telephone Croydon 0030

W. WILLIAMS & CO.
(Propr. W. W. Knights) Tel. Purley 1977-1390
DRAPERS and MILLINERS
123, BRIGHTON ROAD, COULSDON
and Train Terminus, Purley
Specialities: Jaeger Wear, Twilfit Corsets, Hosiery, Celanese, Padeless Fabrics, Household Linens.

J. A. DALDORPH
48 CHURCH ST., CROYDON
WATCH & CLOCK MAKER
JEWELLER & GOLDSMITH
Repairs a Speciality Tel. Croydon 1134

CROYDON (Continued)

Moore's Presto
Authorized Sales and Service Agents
for
MORRIS, STANDARD, AUSTIN and WOLSELEY CARS
148, North End and Tamworth Road CROYDON

The COULSDON *and*
CHIPSTEAD LAUNDRY
19 Chipstead Valley Road
Coulsdon, Surrey
High Class Family Launderers
Shirt and Collar Dressers
HAND WORK A SPECIALITY
Collection and Delivery
Quality with Service

The House of SAVAAGE
GEORGE ST., CROYDON
for
FURNITURE, CARPETS, CURTAINS and INTERIOR PAINTING and DECORATING

HIGH GRADE TAILORING
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
JORDAN BROS.
139A NORTH END, CROYDON (First Floor)
Test the experience of three generations

MAISON JEAN
Ladies' Hairdresser
9a George St. Tel. Croydon 2483
Agents for Potter & Moore's 1749 Old English Mitcham Lavender Water

KINGSTON-ON-THAMES

SL DRY CLEANING & DYEING SERVICE
7 CHURCH STREET Tel. Kingston 4382
BEFORE BUYING NEW SEE WHAT CLEANING WILL DO

Bentalls
KINGSTON-ON-THAMES
Home Builders and Furnishers
NO DEPOSIT TERMS
Kingston 1001

RICHMOND

Established Over Half a Century
Wright Bros. Ltd. RICHMOND
Removal and Warehousing Contractors
It costs less to shop at Wrights

OAKLEY & SON
HIGH-CLASS SHOEMAKERS
Agent for Lotus & Delta Bective and Swan Footwear.
26 Richmond Hill, Surrey
and 309 Ralton Road, Herne Hill, S. E. 24

BURGESS LAUNDRY
103 Walmer Rd., No. Kensington, W.10
Phone: Park 7211
DYERS & CLEANERS
M. E. REPTON, Manageress

PETTETS
UNDERCLOTHING and HOSIERY
"VEDONIS" and "MERIDIAN" UNDERWEAR
16 Maids of Honour Parade
Red Lion Street, Richmond

SURBITON

MOON AND SOUTHDOWN DAIRIES LTD.
Head office: 26 Victoria Rd., Surbiton.
Largest Local Producers of Pure Milk
Telephone: Kingston 0689

H. E. BLOICE
COURT HAIRDRESSER
17 Berrylands Road Surbiton Hill
PERMANENT WAVING
Phone Kingston 1986

SUTTON

J. R. TRIBE
"PURE FOOD STORES"
Groceries and Provisions
131 HIGH STREET, SUTTON
Established over half century Tel. 255

AMOS REYNOLDS Ltd.
Upholsterers—Furnishers
Removal Contractors
High St., Sutton Tel. Sutton 2961—3962

S. G. ARROWSMITH
High-Class Grocery and Provisions
58, BANSTEAD RD., Carshalton Beeches
Cooked ham a speciality
Telephone Sutton 2484

OAKSHETTS
HIGH STREET AND ARCADE Phone 681
TAILORS
HATTERS
HOSIERS
Leading House for the best grade of men's wear.

SUSSEX

BEXHILL-ON-SEA

The MANOR FARM & Sussex Dairies Ltd.
CERTIFIED and GRADE A MILK
Manor Farm Dairy
50 ST. LEONARDS ROAD
Branches: The Sussex Dairy, 3 Sackville Road. Church Farm Dairy, High Street.

PERCY HEATH
House Repairs & DECORATOR
20 PARKHURST ROAD BEXHILL-ON-SEA

If it's BOOKS
Try
SEXTONS
17 St. Leonards Road Phone 94

D'Orton's
COURT HAIRDRESSERS
all COTY products
8 SEA ROAD Phone 138

WHEATLEY BROS.
Tailors & Outfitters
JAEGER AGENTS
Everything in Gentlemen's Wear
Phone 123 22 St. Leonard's Road

Exclusive Gowns and Millinery
EVELYN DAVIS
Paris House, Bexhill-on-Sea

E. HUGHES
Purveyor of High Class Meat
44 SACKVILLE ROAD
Bexhill-on-Sea, Sussex Ph. 593 Bexhill

WINIFRED NUTTING
HAIRDRESSER and MANICURIST
Marcel Waving a Speciality
24 a, Dorset Road Ph. Bexhill 1137

J. W. COLLBRAN
Jeweller, Goldsmith,
Watch and Clock Maker
Dealer in Antique Silver, etc.
PHONE 416 54 ST. LEONARDS ROAD

PRISCILLA'S
Homemade Cakes, Scones, Jams, etc.
Luncheons and Teas.
15 MARINA COURT

STAINES & CO.
Auctioneers, House and Land Agents
28 Devonshire Road, Bexhill
& 1 Sea Road, Cooden Beach

HOAD'S OIL STORES
All Household Requirements
Agents for PALMOLIVE SOAP
6 BUCKHURST PLACE
Phone Bexhill 831

The BEXHILL STORES
FAMILY GROCERS
Our Speciality
DENNYS FINEST IRISH BACON
Heinz Products—Chivers Marmalade
49 & 51 ST. LEONARDS RD. Phone 444

LONGLEY & CO. Ltd.
Complete House Furnishers
ST. LEONARDS ROAD
Specialists in Carpets and Linoleums

BRIGHTON AND HOVE

HANNINGTONS
BRIGHTON'S LEADING HOUSE
DRAPERS COSTUMIERS
OUTFITTERS
HOUSE FURNISHERS
Phone B'ton 4111 *(5 lines, 32 extensions)*

PALMEIRA STORES
Phone 2253 Telegrams: Stores, Brighton
Do your shopping at the stores, the house for highest quality and lowest prices. Groceries, provisions cooked provisions, fish, meat, poultry and game, fruits, vegetables, etc. General house furnishers. Cafe restaurant.
Brighton & Hove Supply Assn., Ltd.

The Irish Linen Store
FOR LINENS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
62-63 EAST STREET, BRIGHTON
Proprietors, Anderson & McAuley Ltd. of Belfast
Telephone 5649 Brighton

"PLUMMER ROGERS"
SHOREHAM'S
FASHION SHOE SHOP
26 & 28 BRUNSWICK ROAD
SHOREHAM-BY-SEA
(Exactly Opposite G. P. O.)
"Perfect Repairs"—Equal to New.

CORSETS, CORSELETTES and BELTS of all kinds
ELASTIC and SPORTS WEAR
Also old-fashioned styles a speciality
Experienced & Reliable Service.
Fitting Room.
ALL PRICES MODERATE
Mrs. M. Rudledge
12 Western Rd., Brighton

HETHERINGTON'S
—LTD.—
Drapery & Outfitting
Millinery
China & Hardware
WESTERN ROAD, BRIGHTON

EAST GRINSTEAD

YOUNG & SONS
High Class Drapers
43, 45, 47, 49 HIGH ST., EAST GRINSTEAD
170 Years' Reputation for Quality & Service

HASTINGS

The HOLLINGTON STEAM LAUNDRY
(Proprietor E. Bernard Capewell)
Cleans Heavy Carpets, Rugs and Curtains. Dyes Costumes, Blouses, Coats and Frocks
Suits and Costumes Tailor Pressed
Strictly Moderate Charges
Phone Baldslow 13 Send P. C.

SUSSEX

ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA

HENRY KING Ltd.
HIGH CLASS
BAKERS & CONFECTIONERS
Tel. 314 38 LONDON ROAD

WORTHING

JOHN K. HUBBARD
SOUTH STREET, WORTHING
LADIES' FASHIONS
Tel. 323

NEWNHAM & HEATHER
Purveyors of Home and Colonial Meat
QUEEN ST., WORTHING
Phone: 749 and
3 Beckett Buildings, Tarring
Phone: 25 Durrington
Fishmongers, Poulterers, Ice Merchants and Licensed Dealers in Game

F. STUBBS and SONS
31 MONTAGUE STREET Tel. 1440
3 ROWLANDS ROAD Tel. 310
and at STORRINGTON Tel. 17

Lilian Ash
MILLINERY SPECIALIST
One, The Broadway, Worthing
Telephone 1816

WARWICKSHIRE

BIRMINGHAM

Royal Steam Bakery
Yardley
E. HARDING
Winner of 5 Championships and 50 Gold Medals
Specialty: BISCUIT BREAD
Send a p. c. and we will call
BRANCH SHOPS: Acocks Green, Small Heath, Hay Mills, Yardley

JEANETTE (B'ham) Ltd.
4 LIVERY STREET
(Opp. Snow Hill Station)
GOWNS, MILLINERY, COATS, SPORTS WEAR and LINGERIE
Distinctive and Smart Styles, Individuality Studied.

ASHMORE
HIGH CLASS SHOES
Extra large sizes stocked.
32 Great Western Arcade
BIRMINGHAM

For New Cars, Used Cars, Exchanges, Repairs, Taxis.
"Rice" Caravans for Sale or Hire
TYBURN GARAGE Ltd.
(A. G. HURRELL M. I. M. T.)
Phone Castle Bromwich 65 or Selly Oak 121

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY
S. CHILD, 10 Bull St. Tel. 772 C.

HENRI LEDURRE
HAIR SPECIALIST
Appointments Booked
68 High Street Tel. Central 213
Proprietor, SYDNEY A. CHILD

LEAMINGTON

BEATRICE ANNE LTD.
AN EXCLUSIVE *and*
INEXPENSIVE HOUSE *for*
GOWNS, JUMPERS, HATS *for* LADIES
87 WARWICK ST., LEAMINGTON SPA

LEAMINGTON SPA

Malin's Fruit Stores
For Choice Fruit and Fresh Vegetables
80, WARWICK ST., LEAMINGTON SPA
Phone 735

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery and Repairs
G. COMMANDER
47 Regent St., Leamington Spa

SAWERS Ltd.
Fish, Poultry and Game
All at lowest market prices
64, Regent St., Leamington Spa Phone 35 & 28
Also at 23, Church St., Warwick Phone 30 and 16, Bridge St., Stratford-on-Avon Phone 130 & 151

SUTTON COLDFIELD

O. M. WESTWOOD
LADIES' HAIRDRESSER
Permanent Waving a Speciality
(MACDONALD STEAM SYSTEM)
56 BIRMINGHAM RD. Telephone 1770
(Opposite Cottage Hospital)
SUTTON COLDFIELD

WORCESTERSHIRE

MALVERN

SERVICE AT
BRIDGWATERS
THE BOOTMAKERS
MALVERN
Agent for Best Makers.
Specialist in School Footwear and Repairs.
Tel. 112

BRAYS (Malvern) Ltd.
SPECIALISTS IN
LADIES' OUTDOOR WEAR
THE PROMENADE, MALVERN
Tel. 75

WALES

CARDIFF

Samuel Hall Ltd.
Noted for
HOUSEHOLD LINENS
of every description.
The "Samuel Hall" Sheets and Pillow Cases guaranteed for wear
HIGH STREET & ARCADES CARDIFF

DAILY FEATURES

All Nature

The Badger

LIKE their relatives, the skunks, badgers show conspicuous markings about the head. The dingy gray fur is relieved by a white line down the center of the face; and the white cheeks have black spots before and below the small ears, which usually are outlined in white. The soft fur of the body gives place to coarse hair on the stout legs and broad head.

In still another way they resemble skunks—they have the faculty of emitting a disagreeable odor when molested. They often indulge in grunting sounds while engaged in digging, and hiss like a snake when disturbed.

A litter of three or four young appear in the long, rambling burrows during the spring and, when partly grown, the youngsters go about at night in search of food, which consists in part of roots of wild plants.

Armed with sharp claws on the thick, heavy forelegs, badgers make short work of burrowing deep into the ground. In temperate parts of the country they dig these underground runs and nests below the frost line; but in the north they hibernate during the winter. They range from Alberta in Canada to Lower California and Mexico; but everywhere they now seem much less frequently encountered than formerly.

For the Scrapbook

Colleges Ranked

THE following table lists American universities and colleges in order according to the number of their graduates whose names appear in the 1930 issue of "Who's Who." Colleges with fewer than 20 graduates in "Who's Who" are omitted. (The list was originally published by School and Society.)

Rank	College	Graduates Listed
1	Harvard	1374
2	Yale	937
3	Princeton	480
4	Michigan	470
5	Columbia	402
6	Cornell	401
7	Amherst	296
8	Wisconsin	287
9	Brown	268
10	U. of Pa.	261
11	M. I. T.	240
12	U. S. M. Acad.	235
13	Dartmouth	222
14	U. S. N. Acad.	186
15	California	185
16	Wesleyan	182
17	Williams	177
18	Indiana	176
19	Hopkins	171
20	Chicago	170
21	Minnesota	163
22	Stanford	151
23	Nebraska	127
24	Illinois	124
25	Missouri	123
26	Northwestern	122
27	Oberlin	121
28	U. of Iowa	121
29	Ohio State	118
30	C. C. N. Y.	118
31	Ohio Wesleyan	116
32	Syracuse	105
33	Kansas	103
34	Bowdoin	99
35	Lafayette	97
36	DePauw	95
37	North Carolina	94
38	N. Y. U.	90
39	Virginia	85
40	Rochester	83
41	Georgia	82
42	Toronto	81
43	Cincinnati	79
44	Union	75
45	Hamilton	73
46	Iowa State	73
47	Boston U.	73
48	Rutgers	71
49	Vanderbilt	71
50	Texas	69
51	Trinity (Conn.)	68
52	Worcester	68
53	Vassar	66
54	Wash. and Lee	66
55	Colgate	65
56	Lehigh	63
57	Geo. Wash. U.	62
58	Alabama	61
59	Tufts	59
60	Haverford	59
61	Smith	57
62	T. & M.	57
63	Wake Forest	56
64	Mich. Ag. Coll.	56
65	Dickinson	55
66	Allegheny	54
67	Vermont	54
68	Gettysburg	53
69	Western Res.	52
70	W. & J.	52
71	Hampden-Syd	52
72	Worcester Tech.	50
73	Earlham	50
74	Davidson	50
75	West Virginia	49
76	Beloit	49
77	Wabash	48
78	Cornell College	48
79	Randolph-Macon	47
80	Wellesley	47
81	Colby	46
82	Rensselaer	45
83	Albion	45
84	Denison	45
85	Centre	45
86	Knox	42
87	Hobart	41
88	Richmond	41
89	Mercer	41
90	Mississippi	41
91	Bates	40
92	Washington U.	40
93	Stevens	39
94	Swarthmore	38
95	Bucknell	37
96	Emory	37
97	Ohio Northern	36
98	Valparaiso	35
99	Pa. State	34
100	Franklin (Ind.)	34
101	Ill. Wesleyan	34
102	Grinnell	33
103	Baker	33
104	Wm. Jewell	33
105	Maine	32
106	South Carolina	32
107	Westmin. (Pa.)	32
108	Marietta	31
109	Illinois Coll.	31
110	U. of South	29
111	Carleton	29
112	Miss. College	29
113	Cumberland	29
114	Pittsburgh	28
115	Monmouth	27
116	Trin. (N. Car.)	27
117	Drake	27
118	Roanoke	27
119	Tennessee	27
120	Alabama Tech	27
121	Arkansas	26
122	Hanover	26
123	Transylvania	25
124	Wofford	24
125	Hiram	24
126	Kentucky	24
127	Va. Mil. Inst.	24
128	Middlebury	23
129	Colorado	23
130	Case	23
131	Muhlenburg	22
132	Mt. Union	22
133	Park	22
134	Nashville	21
135	Radcliffe	20
136	Bryn Mawr	20
137	Notre Dame	20
138	St. Fr. Xavier	20
139	Tulane	20

Brevities

Detroit News: A wife is anybody who can look in the top drawer of a dresser and find a man's handkerchief that isn't there.

Cincinnati Enquirer: There was a time when, if a man sewed on his own buttons and drew the hole in his sock together, it meant he was a bachelor.

In Lighter Vein

A Sure Way

"I hope you didn't ask for a second piece of cake at the party," said mother.

"No, I didn't," said little Betty. "I just asked Mrs. Brown for the recipe so my mother could make some more like it—and she gave me another piece without my asking for it!"—*Humorist.*

Proud Husbands

Two newly married men met in the club for lunch. Both seemed very much puffed up about something.

"We have a baby at our house!" exclaimed one.

"Well," exulted the other, "we had the first peas out of our garden last night!"

Point of View

"How did Moneybag make all his money?"

"By judicious speculation and investment."

"How did Poorman lose all his money?"

"Gambling on the stock market."

Just Charged

Floor walker: "That woman seems to be a 'live wire.'"

Clerk: "Yes—charges everything."

Making Use of Mr.' Tubbs

"George Washington Tubbs," said the judge sternly, "you're plain no-account and shiftless and I'm going to send you away for a year at hard labor."

"Please, Jedge," interrupted Mrs. Tubbs from the rear of the courtroom, "will yo' Honah jes' kinder split dat sentence? Don't send him away from home, but let dat hard labor stand."—*Pathfinder.*

A Quotation for Today

THE light of the gods we serve shines in our faces.—CHINESE PROVERB.

"I Record only the Sunny Hours"

Charity on the Seas

(San Francisco Call-Bulletin)

San Francisco

OUT of the sea comes many a beautiful story of man's humanity to man. A recent one comes forth in manly fashion from the report of the captain of a wandering Matson freighter to the operating department of his company.

It was merely the explanation of how his stores happened to be short 30 pounds mutton, 10 pounds bacon, 49 pounds flour, 20 pounds sugar, 100 pounds potatoes, and one or two other items. He gave them to starving natives on Palmerston Island, off the coast of New Zealand.

Captain Svedstrup in the freighter Golden Coast passed that way with barely stores enough for himself and his crew. And as he passed, natives came near in a canoe and signaled their distress. A hurricane had visited them and destroyed their huts, their cocoanut groves and their provisions. Through a glass from the bridge of his ship Captain Svedstrup could see their desolation. So he divided his stores and promised to send help, and went his way.

A Word a Day

Superinduce

Pronounced *su-per-in-duse'*, with secondary emphasis on the first syllable; both *u*'s as in use (avoid *oo*), *e* as in maker, *i* as in it.

Whatever is "superinduced" is literally "brought in above," or as an addition to something, the derivation being from a combination of the Latin *super*, "above," and *inducere*, "to lead in."

That which is "induced" is caused, or brought about, as "his coming induced others to attend"; but if his coming had an additional effect, we might say, "His coming superinduced loss of joy."

Example: "Doing evil superinduces loss of peace."

Notes and Queries

Column (Mrs. E. W. P.)—So far as we know there is no authority for pronouncing this word *col'-you'm* or *col'-yum*. Webster gives it as *kol'-um*, with *o* as in odd and *u* as in circus. Some newspaper feature writers like to call themselves *"colyumists,"* but they are "columnists," pronounced *kol'-um-nists.*

Leif Erikson (Mrs. F. B.)—This name has been referred to the publishers of Webster's New International Dictionary, and their pronunciation is *Lef* (long *e* as in *key*), *Er'-ik-sun* (short *e*, *i*, and *u*).

The Children's Corner

Scroggins Starts New Fun

SWINGING briskly along one of his favorite Boston Common paths, Roger P. (for Pilgrim, in case you have forgotten) Scroggins, old and genial squirrel, stopped short. He tilted back his high hat and peered at something dangling from the limb of a maple tree (Acer Saccharium). After several good peers, he tiptoed over to the thing dangling, reached up and grasped it with his two paws and gave a good tug.

"A rope," he said softly, all to himself.

Mister Scroggins knows the ropes, for he has climbed many and has slid down others.

But there was something different about this rope. It had been tied by someone to a good stout branch, and, as he had first seen it, the rope was caught in the crotch at the part of the branch nearest the trunk.

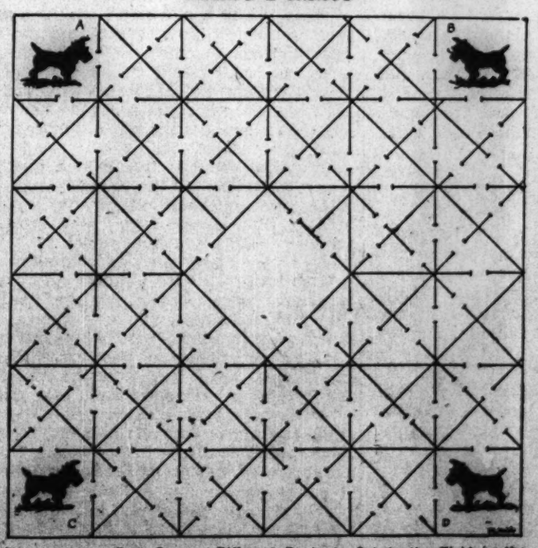
An idea then and there sprang into full bloom almost at once in the old squirrel's mind—a practically priceless idea. He proceeded at once and with alacrity to try the idea. First, as is his habit, he discarded swingtail coat, hat and cane and placed them in a neat heap on the ground. Then he ran up the tree trunk and so on to the branch from which hung the rope. Out on the branch he went, sure of foot and quick of eye, until he came to the place where the rope was fastened. Reaching down, he grasped the rope and pulled it up hand over hand until he had hold of it by the end nearest the ground. Then, with this end in his hand, he climbed to another branch and stood where it joined the shaggy trunk of the tree.

"One for the money, two for the show, three to get ready, and four to —" and as he repeated the familiar words he grasped the rope tightly and sat down on a big knot at the end. When he reached those breathless words, "four to —" he let himself swing and out he went from where he was standing, in the finest, widest, highest giant swing ever known to a Boston Common squirrel, or probably any other squirrel for that matter. With loud shouts he swung away out through the air and when the rope swung as far as it could go in one direction, it turned right around and went as far as it could go through the air in the other direction.

Now it is next to impossible to do anything in the way of fun on Boston Common without collecting a crowd. Before Mister Scroggins' rope had stopped swinging, excited squirrels were on the ground cheering and others were running up the trunk of the maple, anxious to have their try at the new fun.

Mister Scroggins beamed in every direction. He chose the smallest squirrel of the lot, a Squiffletree, and showed how everything was done. And for the better part of the afternoon the Common rang with the fun. Great big swings that seemed as though they would swing the swinger into the middle of week after next—and then, snap, and the great big swing started in the other direction. Everyone said it was the greatest thing done on Boston Common since Grandfather Scroggins started the old custom of saving nuts for the winter. Mister R. P. Scroggins smiled at this, but didn't disagree.

Maze Puzzle



These Puppies Each Took a Different Route to Get to the Field in the Center of the Maze. Only One Puppy Chose the Right Route. Which One, A, B, C, or D, Went the Right Way?

Do You Know That—

One-third of the world's mail is handled by the United States postal system, its total equaling all the pieces handled by Great Britain, Germany, France and Russia combined?

All applicants for federal civil service positions are to be "finger-printed" in an attempt to weed out undesirables?

Honey is the only unmanufactured confection available in commercial quantities?

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1931

"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear."

PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

The Christian Science Monitor
Editorial Board

The Editorial Board as constituted by The Christian Science Board of Directors for The Christian Science Monitor is composed of Mr. Willis J. Abbot, Contributing Editor; Mr. Roland R. Harrison, Manager of The Christian Science Publishing Society; Mr. James E. Patton, member of the Board of Trustees of The Christian Science Publishing Society, and Mr. Frank L. Perrin, Executive Editor. It is the duty of the Monitor Editorial Board to consider and determine all questions within the Editorial Department of The Christian Science Monitor, and also to carry out the stated policy of The Christian Science Board of Directors relative to the entire newspaper. Each member of said Editorial Board shall have equal responsibility and duty.

All communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles and illustrations for publication should be addressed to The Christian Science Monitor Editorial Board.

EDITORIALS

Films Need More Than "Cutting"

"MOTION pictures cannot be made good by the use of scissors." This phrase, occurring toward the end of a report by the department of research and education of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America dealing with public relations methods of the American film industry, points toward a constructive new attitude of social organization for film betterment.

For years state censorship boards have been snipping out this and that scene to bring the films into conformity with a list of state "don'ts." Seldom can two boards agree precisely on what should be omitted, apart from certain large indiscretions which the producers have agreed not to commit. The total result of this scissors censorship has been to make some producers exercise ingenuity to put over the locally forbidden material in fashion so subtle that the censors either do not notice the objectionability of the disguised incident or regard it as sufficiently covered up to be allowed to pass.

The Federal Council's committee recognizes that this deviousness is only deferring the day of a more generally commendable type of film play, a type that can only result from "a more refined demand at the box office." The report declares that the religious and social agencies have been at fault in becoming too much preoccupied with "cuts" and "eliminations." Such omissions do not perform the needed service of lifting the tone of the picture thus edited. What is needed is that these social forces shall put the weight of their educational and moral influence behind the better elements manifested in motion pictures, to the end that "the industry should be made to feel a demand for more socially useful pictures."

Here, indeed, is a constructive attitude toward the films, an urging of more than the negative snipping out of the bad in motion pictures. This changed method would mean a positive putting in of the good. Persons who understand the values of such social forces, having seen them at work in settlement houses and in civic enterprises designed for the benefit of the whole community, know that the most lasting improvements come from striving to make the whole body of community thought healthy. Cutting out an objectionable detail here and there has little effect upon the quality of the whole, for that makes no improvement of the point of view that first made the objectionable things possible. A wholesome attitude toward the entire problem, on the other hand, tends to work in relation to the whole good of the community. Undesirable tendencies assume their rightful minor relation with the whole when thus considered. From such a point of view the crime film becomes an anomaly, a misrepresentation of the life of the whole people, since the large majority of the people are law-abiding.

What the report asks for is a broad social consciousness, supported by the churches and other organizations aiming at the public good, a consciousness that is essentially educational and constructive, that could make known to the industry its desire for the "promotion of responsible citizenship, interracial understanding, industrial justice and international good will." Such a movement need not be slow in making itself felt. Only an organized expression of the weight of this civilized and civilizing opinion, already in existence, would be needed to have an immediate effect that would give overwhelming support to the proclaimed—but too often unattained—program of the producers' organization toward self-regulation and self-improvement.

Such an effect would, in its practicality, displace the present piecemeal and unrelated attempts of social groups to improve motion pictures. Will H. Hays, speaking for the film makers, remarks pointedly that "motion picture producers cannot live by advice alone." Clearly, the issue has been defined as a public responsibility, and the time is coming when social forces must recognize in an organized and positive fashion, as the council's report states, that "as a great agency both for instruction and entertainment the motion picture must become the purveyor of all that is best and richest in our culture, and the ally of the uplifting and refining forces of community life." To help it do that the public and the social agencies must do more than wield the scissors.

A Nationalist Russia?

IT MIGHT seem strange to register satisfaction with a state which is turning from internationalism to nationalism. But the assurance that such a transition is taking place in Russia, given by Walter Duranty in articles in the New York Times, is indeed gratifying. For the brand of internationalism which the Soviet state originally espoused had appeared merely destructive. It aimed at a Bolshevist world and the subversion of all institutions not modeled after the plans of the Kremlin. According to Mr. Duranty, this idea has been shelved, and all attention is now riveted on the upbuilding of a strong, industrialized and socialized state.

There was a time, and not so long ago, when Soviet officials used to explain that stability at home depended upon unremitting efforts to promote the world revolution. In the turmoil of the early post-war years they had some hope. Here and there Communist régimes grew up on the despair and discontent in Europe. But with the return of stabilization, Communism and its leaders toppled off their shaky thrones and retreated to the Russian border.

Soviet foreign policy has two faces, Occidental and Oriental, and, while the world revolution remained its corner stone, a rebuff in one quarter would divert attention to the other. When the plans for European revolutions dissolved in a new stability, the Kremlin turned to war-torn China and outwitted the chancelleries of Europe by foreseeing the possibilities of Sun Yat-sen, thus making the U. S. S. R. the favored nation during the Nationalist revolution. But here, too, the world revolutionists eventually sustained a reverse and once again the missionaries of Communism had to beat a retreat to Moscow.

By this time, however, the preparations for the Five-Year Plan were in full swing. Coupled with the elimination of the Trotzkyists, this has turned Moscow's thoughts inward. When the commissars look abroad nowadays they think of the necessity of maintaining trade relations with industrial nations so as to keep up the scheduled imports of equipment for industrial production. Perhaps this new nationalism mentioned by Mr. Duranty explains Mr. Litvinoff's plea at Geneva for an economic nonaggression pact. It would account for the recent agreements with Germany and Italy and the attempt to reach a similar agreement with France.

The new nationalism in Moscow may be not the least among the insurances of peace in Europe. Particularly will it promote peace if it embodies a recognition that proof is the best propaganda. Russia can hardly "sell" Communism abroad until it has made it operate successfully at home.

What Will the Women Say?

ANOTHER wet organization, the Women's Moderation Union, plans to obtain signatures of 1,000,000 women to a petition for repeal of the Eighteenth Amendment. And though the signatures are yet to be obtained, the announcement of the intention is made an occasion to furnish the newspapers the text of the petition, consisting of several paragraphs of unsubstantiated wet propaganda.

The petition is said to be an appeal on behalf of mothers who "have watched with greatest anxiety the growth of intemperate habits" in America. The statement continues: "We see about us the disastrous effects of these habits. . . . Men, women and children whose characters are ruined, whose energies are sapped and whose respect for honest work is destroyed."

Now what is it, one may ask, that does all these iniquitous things? Is it prohibition? Or is it liquor? Patently, it is liquor. Indeed, the picture is an excellent one of the effects of liquor. But is it liquor which the petition seeks to do away with? No, it seeks to do away with prohibition.

In other words, because a dike has been raised around American homes to protect them against inundation by liquor, and because some persons still splash around in the puddles formed by seepage through the dike, the nation's mothers are being urged to forget the floods of intemperance in former times and to demand that the dike be torn down.

They are told that the only result of prohibition has been the fostering of lawlessness—overlooking some hundreds of thousands of reformed husbands. They are told that "as long as national prohibition remains in force, all efforts to make the people of the United States sober and temperate will be hopeless." Apparently on the theory that temperance cannot be taught successfully except in the presence of temptation. Will the circulators of this petition apply the same reasoning to narcotic drugs?

"We are almost afraid to think," say the authors of the petition, "of the probable effects of this state of things—" But women who are asked to sign such petitions as this should not be afraid to think.

Self-Government for Students

OXFORD UNIVERSITY is not likely to change its constitution at the recent command of the undergraduates of the University Labor Club. But it is at least interested and amused. The proposals do not err on the side of timidity. They propose to abolish the proctors' summary powers for dealing with matters of discipline. There are many rules and penalties which limit the personal freedom of students. These, too, it is suggested, should go. Undergraduates, we are told, should not remain in a condition of medieval subjection to their tutors; they demand democratically to be represented on college and university councils.

These revolutionary proposals might lead one to imagine that undergraduate Oxford is seething with discontent under the arbitrary rule of stern professors. But that is not the case. The student life is a singularly carefree one, apart from the discipline of games and the ordeal of examinations. But the fact remains that in those occasional outbursts of exuberance which lead to "rags" and unseemly disorders, there is no student organization which stands on the side of law and discipline. And it is the same in most universities in most countries.

Students' councils in America and students' union committees in the younger English universities exist, but their authority as a rule is very limited. But disciplinary powers are exercised in every British public school by senior boys known as "prefects" or "monitors." There are no "rags" in these schools, no mass demonstrations against orders, for the simple reason that the senior boys, who have the respect of the school, are the custodians of its good name.

The least reflection on the part which students' movements have played in the history of the modern world will show that this is no minor question of academic rules. Today the homes of lost causes have become the homes of the newest and even most revolutionary causes. In the revolutionary movements of France and Germany in the last century and of Latin America only recently students played an important part. It was among this class that the first seeds of the Russian Revolution were sown. Students helped to overthrow the Spanish monarchy, and in India and Egypt students have constantly been to the fore in moments when Nationalist ardor overran the bounds of peaceable persuasion.

Adolescents moved by mass impulses, whether they spring from the generous ideas of an intelligentsia or from mere boisterous vivacity, are impatient with the discipline of imposed authority, but are amenable to loyalty to their own chosen leaders. It might be no small setback to rowdiness and anarchy if something akin to the "prefectorial" system were established in every university. Perhaps Oxford, the original "home of lost causes," will try out the experiment.

British Liberals at Variance

THE resignation of Sir John Simon and a few other Liberal members of Parliament from the official Liberal Party in Britain has been described as "another stage in its disintegration." The wish, perhaps, is father of the thought. The formal declaration by which that brilliant lawyer has emancipated himself from David Lloyd George and the majority of the party does not mark any new stage in British politics. It is an open and explicit recognition of a state of affairs that already existed. For more than eight months Sir John and four or five other Liberals in Parliament have exercised the right of independent judgment in a conspicuous manner. Their presence within the official group only served to demonstrate the disunity in the party. Their withdrawal clarifies their true position.

A difference such as this was almost bound to occur when the two-party system, traditional in Great Britain, gave place to the three-party system. The English electorate is obviously bewildered by these conditions and at Westminster politicians are uneasy about them. Under circumstances so difficult for the smallest party the choice lay between two lines of action. The Liberals might refuse to coöperate or consult with either of the other parties and might vote upon each measure and each clause of each measure on their merits alone, irrespective of the fact that such a vote might involve a change of government. That is the attitude of Sir John Simon.

The second possible course was that chosen by Mr. Lloyd George. He considers a Labor Government preferable to a Conservative Government. He thinks it desirable to keep the former in power as long as it refrains from what he considers dangerous measures. He believes in constant consultation with Ministers, so that points of violent disagreement may be avoided and compromises arrived at where real differences threaten danger. Such procedure means that the Liberals exercise a certain influence in molding ministerial policy, but it has the corresponding disadvantage that they share the unpopularity of the Government which is held in a measure responsible for the hard times through which the country is passing.

The essential difference between these two politicians really comes to this. Since nearly everyone is dissatisfied with the three-party system and believes that soon all will be grouped once again as of old in two great opposing folds, the Liberals have to decide whether the Conservative or the Labor fold is likely in the long run to give them the best scope for their energies. If on the whole they are more sympathetic with the Conservatives, then their attitude is that of Sir John Simon. If they prefer Labor, they are with Mr. Lloyd George.

There is little doubt that Mr. Lloyd George looks forward to the time when the Liberals, still known probably as Liberals, will be working in line with Labor at election time as well as in Parliament and agreeing upon a common policy.

It is not difficult to appreciate the uneasiness of Sir John Simon. For he evidently fears that the Liberals, if allied with Labor, so far from dominating it by superior numbers, would be swallowed. But, on the other hand, have he and other men of his caliber who seem likely to gravitate toward the opposite camp the capacity to dominate Conservative policy? It seems unlikely. Dominance in either case is too much to expect. But the millions of Liberals who still exist, even if they are unable to maintain an independent party, will not simply vanish into the void. Their influence will be bound to affect the policy of both parties, but especially will it affect that one which is most willing to utilize their support and counsel.

Want to Order an Island?

THE bed of the ocean in some volcanic localities appears to be something of the nature of a corn popper on a hot stove. As a result, every now and then a new island "pops" to the surface. Records show that there has been considerable "popping" since the time the world first thought it had obtained an accurate charting of its ocean areas.

Nature seems to have no difficulty in "popping" up a rather sizable island whenever the hydrographers see fit to congratulate themselves that their work is finished. But after coming to the surface these volcanic islands sometimes disappear before the hydrographers are able with certainty to "put them on the map." Falcon Island and the Dougherty Islands in the South Pacific are instances of this disposition to engage in "hide-and-seek" with the chart producers.

And now the captain of a British steamship has reported a pair of brand-new islands near St. Paul's Rocks in the middle of the south Atlantic off the Brazilian coast. Perhaps they, too, will become bashful and disappear before they have been properly labeled. But as they are said to be on the line of the Franco-Brazilian mail route one may wonder if the "popper" is about to "pop" up a few conveniently located islands for the aid of overseas airplane communication.

Editorial Notes

Finding that Chief Two Guns Whitecalf was not the model for the Indian head on Buffalo nickels reminds one that romances about other gunmen also need "debunking."

Spree-wheeling is to be stamped out in Omak, Wash., according to the Chicago Daily News. Spree-wheeling, if you don't happen to know, is drunken driving.

The first glass residence on Long Island, New York, is being built, and newspaper columnists probably will throw the first stone.

Watching the World Go By

By WILLIS J. ABBOT

THE newspapers are filling columns with stories, under ecstatic headings, of the great financial advantages which have already resulted from the public debt holiday of one year proposed to the world by President Hoover. A German indebtedness of $427,154,000 is involved. As a result of the suggestion that a year's reprieve be granted the debtors, the prices of securities in Wall Street have been increased not less than $8,000,000,000 over the year's lows, some estimates putting the advance at $10,000,000,000. In every financial center of the world a like appreciation of prices is apparent.

It might be suggested that the happy beneficiaries of this boom in stocks could readily pay off the amount of this annual payment which troubles Germany and still have a substantial profit in hand. But a more serious reflection arising from the prompt response of business and finance to this comparatively slight gesture of international amity and helpfulness is, What would be the reaction to a more comprehensive and liberal proposition along the same lines?

If the United States were to abandon altogether the attitude of cautious aloofness, if her leaders were to cast off all advocacy of isolation and declare that henceforth the prosperity of every people was part of her concern, that only in the rebuilding of stable foundations for trade, finance and industry in every section of the world could the United States' own business activity be assured, what would be the public response?

There is no talk about debt cancellation, or even of serious debt reduction, in responsible political circles, but it is pertinent to reflect that if a mere suggestion of a moratorium for a limited amount for a limited period has thus stimulated business, has so far stilled the voice of calamity preachers, what might not be the result of a more far-reaching program of international helpfulness and coöperation? Although nothing of this sort is in the public mind today, it is not unlikely that the effect of the moratorium will stimulate thought along this line.

* * *

The political reaction to President Hoover's plan for a debt holiday is already beginning to appear in the form of interviews with eminent Democrats who indignantly declare that it must not be taken as a partisan measure, nor should any partisan political advantage be sought from it. Probably these statesmen are not nearly so much shocked as their interviewers would indicate. At this moment the whole controversy is one of rival political press bureaus.

James L. West, presiding over the Republican propaganda bureau, saw in the national response to the Hoover holiday a chance to score a point, and accordingly put forth a pæan of praise of the President and of the wisdom of his action. The vigilant "Charley" Michelson, scanning the political firmament from his aerie in the Press Building, observed in the public approval of the holiday a menace to the progress of his Democratic campaign, which has thus far been smooth and highly effective.

Moreover, he discerned in Mr. West's effort to make political capital out of the event a strategic blunder. Wiser than his rival, he made no protest in his own name, but persuaded several senators of his party faith to lash themselves into fury over this effort to use a Hoover idea for the Hoover benefit. Remembering the hapless results which attended President Wilson's appeal to the country to elect a Democratic Congress to carry on a war in which Democrats and Republicans alike served, these gentlemen denounce the outpouring of the Republican press bureau in vigorous terms. Senator King thinks it "infamous," Senator Fletcher finds it "asinine," and Senator Glass deplores it as the action of "some cheap politician with little more intelligence than the average ass."

Personally I think their criticisms somewhat justifiable, even though the great similarity in the tone of their interviews leads me to suspect that they were all prepared by the capable staff of the alert Mr. Michelson. Moreover, I'm inclined to believe that if Mr. Hoover expressed his private views as to the propriety of trying to secure a partisan advantage from his effort to help the world back to financial stability, he would speak very much as these three Democrats have. For I happen to know that his action was not only not inspired by political considerations, but that he was somewhat amazed by the uniformly favorable response of the whole country to it.

Looking back through the cheering atmosphere of clamorous public approval and a booming stock market, one may wonder that there should have been any doubt in the President's mind as to the popularity of his proposition. But it must be remembered that its initial advantage appears to accrue only to the Germans. The benefit to the rest of the world is only incidental. To the people of the United States the immediate result is increased taxation. Moreover, the debt holiday suggests the possibility of debt cancellation—a procedure which, while popular with big business and high finance, is enormously unpopular with the voting masses. A demagogue could easily make a case against the proposition, and already such a voice has been raised from a castle in Wales, and is loyally echoed by a senatorial follower in California.

President Hoover, then, was animated only by a purpose to serve his country by serving the world, and took the step with grave apprehension of its results upon his political fortunes. That this result bids fair to be wholly advantageous to his candidacy was in no way due to political calculation on his part. Moreover, his plan can only be made effective by Democratic aid in both House and Senate. For the Republican press bureau, then, to strive to make a partisan issue out of the matter would be a blunder almost as dangerous as that perpetrated by the Democratic bureau when it started out to "smear Hoover," to the indignation of the country, a year or so ago.

* * *

One of the effects of the centering of public attention on this issue is to cause the discussion of the political complexion of the next House of Representatives to assume a new form. As is generally known, the Republicans now have a nominal majority of only one in that body, and to acquire even that negligible lead all the Progressives must be counted as Republicans. The peculiarity of members of that group is that they are noisily Republican when running for office, and sturdily independent as soon as the office is won. In the House they are commonly more anti-Administration than are many representatives formally classed as Democrats.

But the chief leaders of the so-called Progressives have declared themselves in favor of the Hoover debt holiday. Many of them would hardly have dared do otherwise, since their constituencies are largely composed of German-Americans. Possibly for this reason, more probably because of their recognition of the essential value of the Hoover plan, such leaders as La Follette and Norris in the Senate are pledged to its support. Their associates in the House will hardly fail to keep step with them. The one Republican Senator usually affiliated with the Progressive group who has declared himself in opposition is Johnson, of California. He is supposed to have taken his cue from the trumpet blast of defiance blown by William Randolph Hearst from far-off Wales. In view of the overwhelming support pledged, even before its economic advantages had been made evident, the Hoover plan may be expected to proceed smoothly through all its congressional stages.

Notes From Shanghai

Skyscrapers In Shanghai

THE song of Shanghai at present is not the humming refrain of Chinese coolies in mills, factories and on the streets and wharves, but the clatter of the pile drivers hard at work in an amazing chapter of local building development. Despite trade depression and the decline in silver values, which have hit Shanghai and China as severely as any other country, building development is proceeding apace in the foreign areas, indicating increased confidence, although large portions of the country are in turmoil. Last year was a record one for building permits, and all over Shanghai new buildings are shooting up in conformity with road-widening and development plans. Daily, real-estate deals are chronicled forcing up land values to figures hitherto inconceivable, but in this new phase advanced architectural and engineering methods are playing their part. Erection of tall buildings was formerly limited by the nature of the subsoil, Shanghai being the product of the mud swept down by the Yangtse throughout the ages. Six or eight stories were considered the highest possible in view of the shifting basis of the foundations, but within the last two years two fourteen-story buildings have been erected, and the new projects go as high as twenty-two stories, one an apartment house to overlook the Soochow Creek, the important waterway which brings the huge volume of boat traffic from the interior of Kiangsu to Shanghai.

* * *

Children Send Radio Greeting

International Good Will Day was observed for the first time this year when children representing the fifty nations living in Shanghai radiocast a good-will message in nine different languages. The message, based on the saying of Confucius, "Within the four seas are all brothers," was broadcast by the Chinese national radio administration in the morning, two Chinese children being the speakers, and in the afternoon it was put on the air by a local station. This ceremony, which it is hoped will be held every year, was the outcome of a good-will congress held by the Sino-Japanese Society when, in addition to adults, 450 children attended the meeting held in the spacious and beautiful grounds of the society at Siccawei.

* * *

Fair Attracts Record Crowd

Bubbling Well basket fair, Shanghai's single remaining fair, and a link with its ancient past, attracted a record crowd this year. In one day it is estimated that 300,000 people visited the fair, held in the vicinity of the well-known temple in the western district on the anniversary of the birthday of Buddha, and unusual congestion was caused. Originally, the fair was devoted to the sale of agricultural products, baskets and mats which were laid out in the precincts of the temple for sale to farmers and pilgrims who visited the well, but nowadays it is one of the largest fairs in China. Hawkers selling every conceivable brand of article erect their stalls on the sidewalks and for several days business by the shops is impossible. More than 2000 stalls were counted this year and a force of sixty policemen was required to regulate the crowd, for Bubbling Well Road is one of Shanghai's principal thoroughfares, although it was formerly outside the foreign settlement. Although the fair has lost its original character and attempts have been made to confine it to its purpose, it continues to serve a useful purpose. Hundreds of thousands of Chinese from the countryside pay, perhaps, their only visit of the year to the settlement during the fair and purchase their simple needs in the way of baskets and household utensils, and, incidentally, revel in the marvels of the settlement.

* * *

Two Chinese Join Council

Another step toward Chinese participation in the administration of the international settlement—a problem which is bound to assume greater prominence in the near future—has been taken by the appointment of Dr. John C. H. Wu as adviser to the muncipal council, and T. K. Ho, secretary of the Chinese Rate Payers Association, as assistant secretary to the council. Most of the council staff in the lower ranks are Chinese, the police especially so, but these are the first two executives appointed to assist the council in meeting the administrative needs of a Sino-foreign population of 1,000,000 whose problems seem to increase daily as the new age in China widens. Dr. Wu is a distinct acquisition, for he is one of the foremost jurists and scholars in China, and his legal studies were pursued not only in China, but at the Universities of Michigan and Harvard, and afterward at Berlin and Paris under a scholarship awarded by the Carnegie Foundation for International Peace. The elected council consists of nine foreign and five Chinese members, and Dr. Wu's assistance should prove of great value in meeting the peculiar needs of Shanghai and establishing closer coöperation.

* * *

New Y. W. C. A. Headquarters

A monument to women's achievements in China is rising in Shanghai. It is the new headquarters building of the National Y. W. C. A. in Yuen Ming Yuen Road, the corner stone of which was laid at an impressive ceremony by Mrs. T. T. Wong, who was the first president of the Y. W. C. A. when it was established in 1904. The history of the movement is covered by the intervening years. It originally started from a school association in what is now known as the Union Girls School at Hangchow. This was in 1898, the first national committee convened in 1899, and in 1903 the first secretary arrived from the United States. Activities proceeded apace and the first Shanghai committee was formed in 1904, when a sound basis for eventual Chinese control was laid. In 1923, when the first convention was held, there were eighty student associations, twelve city associations, fifty-one Chinese and eighty-seven foreign secretaries. The second convention was held in 1928, when further progress was reported, and the intervening years have consolidated the great work in endeavoring to train women to leadership.